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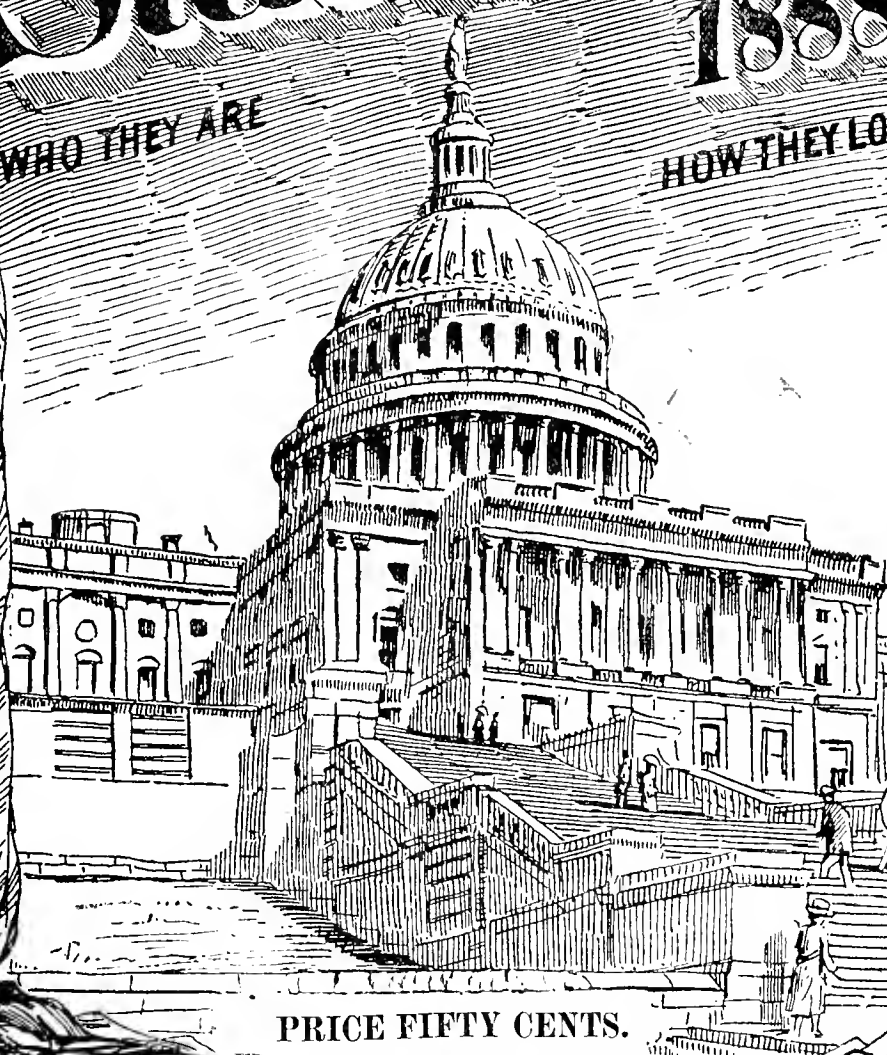
237057
PORTRAITS OF EVERY SENATOR AND MEMBER.

OUR Statesmen 1888

WHO THEY ARE

HOW THEY LOOK

FIFTIETH
CONGRESS
401
PORTRAITS



PRICE FIFTY CENTS.

BRENTANO'S,

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1015 Pennsylvania Ave.,
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PARIS.

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OUR STATESMEN

AN ILLUSTRATED DIRECTORY OF THE FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

THE PRESIDENT.

THE Bancroft of another century when he writes the history of the present administration can only complete his task by writing the biography of Grover Cleveland. With him the administration begins, has its fulness and passes to its end. No President of this United States was ever so much the master of his situation.

He has lived out Dr. Holmes' exquisite motto of the Autocrat,—"Every man his own Boswell,"—in a larger, different sphere. Mr. Cleveland's course in the White House seems to say to those who may come after him: "Let every President be his own cabinet, his own congress, his own judiciary."

Republican organs have dubbed his cabinet ministers "clerks." The same authorities aver that no President has by the wanton and almost daily use of the veto power so defiantly challenged criticism as a usurper of the rights and duties of Congress. They, too, have boldly said that Mr. Cleveland's appointments to the federal judiciary, have no parallel in all the annals of favoritism pure and simple.

So by the verdict of those who turn the strongest light upon him, it may seem to the historian yet unborn that Grover Cleveland, although elected by Democrats, was the prince of Autocrats.

Yet, if the abundant sources of historical composition survive—if the New York Sun, World, and Times, the Sleepy-Eye Wide Awake, Oshkosh Out-with-it, or Walla Walla Wa-Wa are legible to eyes that shall look upon this fair land of ours a hundred years from now, it will be easily possible to place Grover Cleveland before a later posterity as a very honest and worthy man—to show that this man whose moral courage is admired by his worst

enemies, was not only honest and conscientious, but clear-sighted, and that his methods were far wiser and saner than they now seem to his best friends. Believing, rightly or wrongly, that the politician truly represents nobody but himself, he has not hesitated to ignore him as an individual or a congressional majority, boldly appealing from the interested judgment of the inferior court to the true Caesar of America, the common people.

Virginia, the mother of Presidents, barely missed the honor of calling him her offspring; New Jersey welcomed him to the light; New York adopted him; Connecticut was the fond parent of his worthy father; Massachusetts names more than one of her eminent citizens among his ancestors; Benjamin Franklin was the friend of his grandfather's grandsire; his kinspeople have born an honored name in almost every State. As all roads lead to Rome, all places seem to have had their web and warp of influence upon the life or fate of the President.

His daily life is as simple as that of the most ordinary American. He likes beefsteak. He can tell good stories. His wit is bright and opportune. He works in his shirt sleeves. A good horse and all his points, or a fine plentiful cow, quickly draws his praise. In the domestic affairs of his station he is thoughtful to a minute degree and his attentions to the ladies of his household are those of a man whose politeness is of the tissue and not put on and off with his coat.

The White House doors have never been locked since Mr. Cleveland entered the old mansion. More than would seem endurable, he has been accessible to those who desired to see him. To be sure, his home is everybody's, for the executive office and the President's private residence are under the same attic. But he has endeavored to kill go-betweens and listen himself to all who had a prayer to present,

a request to ask, advice to give, or a threat to intimate. His manner in the presence of visitors encourages by its simplicity and evidence of good sense. Business interviews are held in the Library, an elliptical room on the second floor of the Executive Mansion. Each caller takes a seat in turn about the room. The President standing greets the first who sits near him and then passes informally on around the oval, talking freely, joking, laughing, making everyone at home and free to make himself understood.

The routine of the President's average day in Washington would be dull enough to any one of his sixty millions of constituents. He breakfasts early—prematurely for the average denizen of Washington, at the unholy hour of 7. A short walk, the morning paper, the drive into town, and the day's work at

9 o'clock has begun at the old oak desk in the Library. How does the President work? By intellectual avoirdupois. His method is exactly that of his first ancestor in this country who was a carpenter and made a livelihood by pounding. Mr. Cleveland takes up one detail after another, arranges facts, applies principles, and accomplishes results. He reads much, if not all, of his correspondence, he plods through the long bills that Congress passes; in short, his friends say he takes too much in his own hands and would be a better President if he left more of his work to others.

In person the President is a man of congested stature, weighing about two hundred pounds. His figure suggests the New England stock that bred large families, fought hard with the obdurate soil for their daily porridge, and now and then sent a boy to college to show that the line had brains as well as backs and thighs. The President's face is not exactly Emerson describes as "sweet as porcelain." It is bilious with flesh and rough-skinned. The eye is a kindly gray. Recent photographs show the softening effect of the cares of state.



The "Premier."

"LET me tend that side door," said a Democratic politician recently as he came out of Col. Lamont's room at the White House, "and I care not who makes laws, platforms or Presidents." This has been the feeling of more than one man as he slid gently out of the White House looking backward. It is Lamont who watches "that side door," and the door leads through the Cabinet room to the President's desk. Sitting negligently in the ante-room nearly all day, a target for all sorts of requests, the Colonel is a man to study.



COL. DANIEL S. LAMONT

No small part of his education came by editing a country newspaper in his native town. Through John Bigelow he was introduced to the confidence of Samuel J. Tilden and made Secretary of the State Democratic Executive Committee in 1875 when Mr. Tilden was silently maturing his aspirations for the Presidency.

To Grover Cleveland his private Secretary has been a superb Mascot. His own good luck might have ascended all possible political heights; but with Lamont he has fairly wallowed in the Empery. During Mr. Cleveland's term as Governor of New York the Private Secretary took the measure and weight of every politician of importance in the state. To his keen sense of human nature together with the shrewdness of the late Daniel Manning, was due the nomination at Chicago in 1884. Coming to Washington the President kept Lamont at his side. While he was in office Lamont was his companion night and day—commonly down till the signing of the last midnight veto. So complete and exclusive was their fellowship that he was dubbed the premier of the administration and the impression went out that the Private Secretary was greater than any cabinet minister. To him was ascribed the making of important appointments, the creation or molding of trusted champions of the Democratic party. Yet, with the exception of a paltry score of cross roads postmasters peeped over Cortland and Oneida counties in New York, the Private Secretary has apparently gone bare of official spoils. Either his adroitness has secured his own acquisitions in this respect under the nominal responsibility of other men, or he has really got next to nothing.

Colonel Lamont is a light weight physically—short but well knit and muscular. He dresses plainly in simple suits and is fond of little bob-tail jackets. His eye is the best thing about his face—a gray, steady, judicious optic, that always takes and never gives. His mouth is firm but hid by a precipitous auburn mustache. The shape of his head gives and emphasizes the idea that its owner is a sharp, squirrel-like fellow, very spy in his mental processes, and mortally incisive in the handling of each particular business matter. Few politicians love him; many fear him.

The Cabinet.

Traditions cross and confuse about the Bayards of Delaware. One makes them Huguenots, fugitive from France to escape St. Bartholomew's. Another is that they are Scotch-Irishmen, whose name, Baird, has



been received for appearances' sake. Thomas F. Bayard is not the premier of President Cleveland's cabinet, for there is no such office or honor under our Government. He is Secretary of State, and by custom regarded as the social head of the cabinet. By a law passed in the Forty-ninth Congress, he would at this time, succeed to the Presidency should Mr. Cleveland not act out his term. The Bayards have been born Senators. The father and the grandfather and an uncle of the Secretary were members of the Senate before him. The present head of the family succeeded his father in the Senate taking his seat in 1869. He was re-elected and was for years looked upon as the leader of his party in the Senate. He has more than once been balloted for in National Democratic Conventions.

Secretary Fairchild is a splendid specimen of inborn executive talent. He has a genius for administration. If he were two feet taller and had N. P. Banks' voice he would be the next Democratic president,—if there



C. S. FAIRCHILD

is to be another. Secretary Fairchild is forty-six years old and he graduated from Harvard in '63. At the commencement this year he received his LL. D. His practice at the bar began in 1865 and for several years he has been a prosperous lawyer in New York city.

In 1874 he was appointed deputy Attorney-General, and he so distinguished himself that in the ensuing year he was nominated and elected Attorney-General. He served two years, and assisted Gov. Tilden to squelch the canal ring. Upon the expiration of his term as Attorney-General Mr. Fairchild, in 1878, visited Europe for the second time, his first trip having occurred in 1874. While on the continent the future Secretary made a careful study of the monetary system of the Old World, and when he returned to New York he had acquired a valuable fund of information. Early in this administration Mr. Fairchild was called into the Treasury Department as assistant Secretary. When Daniel Manning resigned the Treasury portfolio he was asked to take it up. Mrs. Fairchild's mother, Mrs. Ledyard Linklaen, is a sister of Horatio Seymour.

William C. Endicott is a native of Salem, Mass., where he still resides, and is now about 59 years old. He graduated from Harvard college in 1847, and entered upon the practice of law in 1850. Gov. Washburn appointed him to a place on the Supreme bench of Massachusetts, which position he resigned in 1882 on account of ill health. Until 1860 Judge Endicott was an old-line Whig, but from that time forward was a Democrat. He never was prominent in politics until the last Presidential campaign, when he was the Democratic candidate for governor of the Bay State. As a lawyer he is said to be thorough, pains-taking, and dignified. He stood high in the ranks of the judiciary while a member of the Supreme bench. He is a descendant of John Endicott, one of the first colonial governors of Massachusetts. His mother was a daughter of the Hon. Jacob Crowinshield, who served a term in Congress, and was President Jefferson's secretary of the navy from 1805 to 1809.



Wm. C. ENDICOTT.

William Collins Whitney is a son of the Old Bay State, born in 1840. At Yale he became a boon friend of Oliver Payne, of Ohio, which led to Mr. Whitney's marriage with the only daughter of Senator Payne then and still one of the richest men in the Buckeye State, while father and son together are probably the richest two generations between the Alleghenies and the Rockies. On his merits Secretary Whitney made a place for himself as a lawyer in New York. He took to politics as a duck to water. At the downfall of Tweed he was appointed Corporation Counsel for New York and made a reputation for himself. He was a trusted lieutenant of S. J. Tilden and it was his mind that conceived the organization of the County Democracy.



Wm. C. WHITNEY.

His efforts were half the battle for Mr. Cleveland's nomination in 1884, and when the cabinet of the new administration came to be made up nothing was more natural than to invite Mr. Whitney into it. His administration has been beset with great difficulties but it has accomplished a firm and safe beginning of a new navy. The Whitneys have borne the social onus of this administration and with their princely hospitality won deserved popularity.

Don Dickinson is Mr. Cleveland's youngest cabinet adviser. He is a man noted for his discernment, discretion and energy. He was born at Auburn, N. Y., in 1842 and is accordingly two years younger than Secretary Whitney.



D. M. DICKINSON.

His father, Asa Dickinson, was a distant relative of Daniel S. Dickinson, but belonged to the Massachusetts Dickinsons. He went to Michigan when Don was a small boy and became one of the wheelhorses of the Democratic party there. The new Postmaster-General was educated at the State University at Ann Arbor, graduating in 1866. Three years later he received his diploma from the law school and began to practice. At first he had a desk in his older brother's office. When the latter, already a rich man, went to New York to accept a retainer of \$10,000 a

year from one of the largest dry goods firms there, he gave his business to Don.

The firm is now Dickinson, Hosmer & Thurber, and the senior partner is said to have an income, all told, of over \$40,000 a year. A large part of this comes from his collection bureau, which he runs independently of the firm. He hires two or three good lawyers and a big corps of clerks and pushes the business with an energetic hand. He is famous for promptitude and never stops when he gets after a debtor until he collects his judgment and hands over the cash to his client.

From Richard de Vilas, a Crusader, are descended the few members of the family in this country of whose number the distinguished Secretary of the Interior is an honored and able representative. William Freeman Vilas was born in Vermont where his father, Judge Vilas, was a member of the legislature and a prominent citizen before his removal to Wisconsin, his home during the years of his greatest activity and influence. Secretary Vilas graduated from the University of Wisconsin in its callow days, a member of the class of '58. In 1860 he returned from Albany Law School to practice in Madison, Wis., his home. He went to the war and rose to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. His law practice has been very large and his splendid administrative ability has gathered a considerable fortune into his possession. He was president of the Chicago convention in 1881 and made the notification address to Gov. Cleveland soon after. He entered the Cleveland cabinet as Postmaster-General and when Mr. Lamar was named for the Supreme bench Col. Vilas was simultaneously nominated for Secretary of the Interior. Secretary Vilas is one of the great orators of the West. His speech at the Grant banquet in 1880 made him famous.



Wm. F. VILAS.

Augustus H. Garland was born in Tipton county, Tennessee, June 11, 1832. The following year his parents moved to Arkansas. He was educated at St. Mary's college in Kentucky. He began the practice of law at Washington, Ark., in 1853, but in 1856 moved to Little Rock, the capital of the State. He was a delegate to the State convention of 1861 which passed the ordinance of secession, and in May of that year took a seat in the provisional congress that met at Montgomery, Ala. He was afterward a member of both houses of the Confederate congress. He was elected to the United States Senate for a term beginning March 4, 1867, but as his state had not yet been fully re-admitted into the Union he was not allowed to take his seat. He was elected governor of Arkansas in 1874, and again chosen United States senator in 1876, succeeding Powell Clayton, whose term expired the following March, and was re-elected in 1883. He is said to be a natural lawyer, though not a brilliant one, and to possess a vigorous, evenly balanced, conservative mind. He is of the rugged Southwestern type, and his selection for a cabinet place was most acceptable to the Southern wing of his party. His manner of speaking is direct to the subject in hand. He is a good story-teller and fond of a joke. He is smooth-faced like Senator Bayard, broad-shouldered and deep-chested, and was one of the best speakers in the Senate. He cares little for politics, his only ambition being success in his profession.

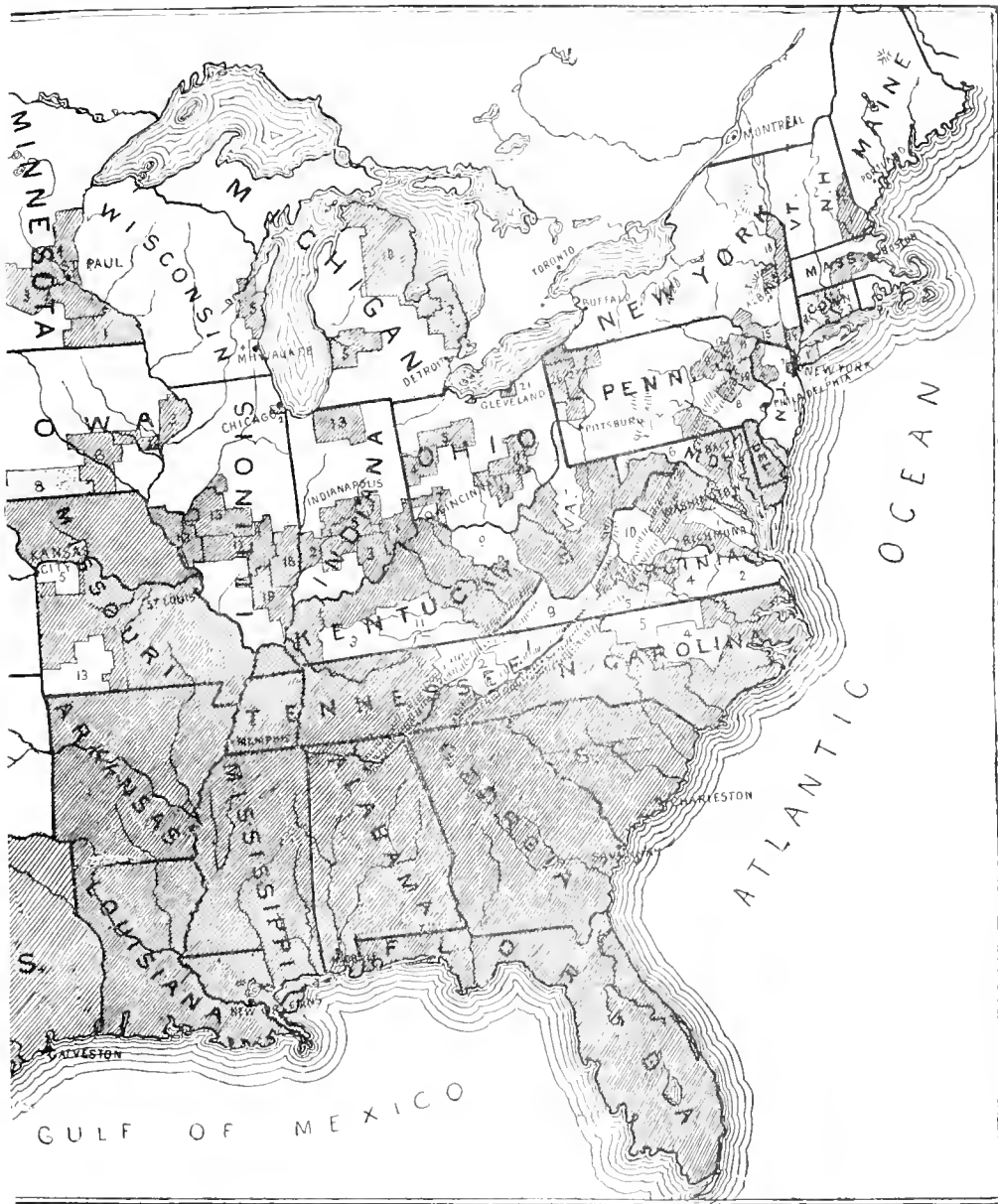


A. H. GARLAND.



The common notion of a party majority in the House of Representatives is a good deal modified and assisted by some knowledge of the geographical distribution of the districts comprising that majority. The roughest general idea of the Democratic side of the House is that it consists of the members from New York city and the solid south. This in 20 it part is a correct impression. But a glance at this map shows that the shaded majority districts are found to be liberally pointed through the Middle and Western States. Yet the areas of densest population show fewer Democratic Congressmen than the mainly agricultural

regions either West or South. Texas and the Territories furnish a shaded area not exactly commensurate with their political equivalence in the House. There is practically no political significance in the vote of any territory on Congressman. The people there care more about the character of the man they send than anything else. If he can help on the prospect of getting the territory admitted as a State it makes little difference what his politics may be. Washington, Montana, New Mexico, and Arizona Territories are largely peopled by immigrants from Republican States and quite as likely to elect Republican Members as



Electoral Votes of the States.

Alabama	10
Arkansas	7
California	8
Colorado	3
Connecticut	6
Delaware	3
Florida	4
Georgia	12
Illinois	22
Indiana	15
Iowa	12
Kansas	9
Kentucky	13
Louisiana	8
Maine	6
Maryland	8
Massachusetts	14
Michigan	13
Minnesota	7
Mississippi	9
Missouri	16
Nebraska	5
Nevada	3
New Hampshire	4
New Jersey	9
New York	36
North Carolina	11
Ohio	25
Oregon	3
Pennsylvania	30
Rhode Island	4
South Carolina	9
Tennessee	12
Texas	13
Vermont	4
Virginia	12
West Virginia	6
Wisconsin	11
Total	101
Necessary to elect	201

Democratic Column in 1881.

Alabama	10
Arkansas	7
Connecticut	6
Delaware	3
Florida	4
Georgia	12
Indiana	15
Kentucky	13
Louisiana	8
Maryland	8
Mississippi	9
Missouri	16
New Jersey	9
New York	36
North Carolina	11
South Carolina	9
Tennessee	12
Texas	13
Virginia	12
West Virginia	6
Total	219

Democratic when they are once admitted into the Union.

Ohio and California have each a Senator on both sides of the Senate chamber. Both States are in the Republican column and their having Democratic Senators is one of the incidents in the ebb and flow of political feeling and action in those States. To a foreigner the circumstance is inexplicable.

New Jersey and Indiana present a peculiar incongruity to anyone not acquainted with the course of politics in those States. Their delegations in the House have Republican majorities but their Senators are Democratic. The fact that a Senatorial term ex-

tends over six years while Congressmen are chosen every other year is something calculated to produce results decidedly puzzling not only to observers across the Atlantic but to political readers and students here at home.

A map showing the last vote for president would differ from this to some extent. In the first place there would be no vote in the Territories. There would still be a Solid South, to which would be added Connecticut, New Jersey, New York, and Indiana. The rest of the country would remain a solid Republican white.



JUSTICE MATTHEWS. JUSTICE HARLAN. JUSTICE GRAY. JUSTICE BLATCHFORD.
JUSTICE BRADLEY. JUSTICE MILLER. LATE CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE. JUSTICE FIELD. JUSTICE LAMAR.

THE SUPREME COURT.

The Supreme Court of the United States is the only court formed by the Constitution. It is co-ordinate in the economy of our Government with the executive and legislative branches. Its members were the first to be placed on the civil pension list with the undiminished salary of \$10,000 a year for life. They are the only officials in our Government who enjoy a life tenure. Socially its members take precedence over all other officials except the President, inasmuch as the Constitution creates the Supreme Court while it makes no mention of cabinet ministers.

The court is a continuous body like the Senate, and while precedent allots to geographical sections the range of choice in nominating justices, it is not a representative body in any sense. All its members might be appointed from the State of Delaware or the city of Kalamazoo.

Chief Justice Rutledge took his seat before he was confirmed and was then rejected by the Senate. His successor, William Cushing, resigned in a week after his confirmation, preferring to remain an associate justice. Taney was the first Attorney General to be appointed to the bench; Nathan Clifford, the second. Chief Cushing was appointed Chief Justice but asked to have his name withdrawn. Edwin M. Stanton, another ex Attorney General, died before he could qualify. John Jay and Oliver Ellsworth served the first two ships to accept fare on our coast. Of the original States Delaware, Vermont and Rhode Is. and never ever had a judge.

The great State of New York has had six members of the court since its organization in 1789, of whom



CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER.

one, John Jay, was a chief justice at the age of 41,—to this day the youngest man to occupy that high place. Had Roscoe Conkling accepted the chief-justiceship when Gen. Grant tendered it to him, New York like Ohio might boast of two Chief Justices. Virginia gave five men to the Supreme Bench, the greatest of these, John Marshall, sitting as Chief Justice for thirty-four years. For twenty-eight years Bushrod Washington sat by Marshall's side and the tide-water section of the Old Dominion had two judges on this great bench. From 1789 to 1815 the County of Essex, Massachusetts, had a representative on the Supreme bench, and one of them, Joseph Story, became a justice at the age of 32, the youngest man who ever sat on the bench, and, it might be added, no judge ever left behind him such a monument of elaborate adjudications. Ohio and Maryland have each had five members of the Court, the former furnishing Chief Justices Chase and Waite; Maryland, Chief Justice Taney.

Taney was the first Chief Justice to sit on the bench in trousers. In early days the judges wore powdered wigs and queues, tight small clothes, silk hose, shoe buckles, and ruffles. Their robes had huge flowing scarlet sleeves and scarlet facings. Judge Cushing, who after resigning the Chief justiceship stand on the bench as associate justice, wore knee breeches until long after they passed out of vogue. Judge Chase never was seen to enter court without his three-cornered hat and snowy mass of ruffles.

In early times the justices were not assigned as now to particular circuits but had a system of exchanges by which each in turn went over the whole country. Some rode horseback, some drove coaches and fairs; others went in gigs and phaetons.

Of the present bench Judge Miller is the senior, having been appointed by Abraham Lincoln in 1862. Judge Field is another of Lincoln's appointments. Judge Bradley was appointed by General Grant (1870). Judge Harlan's commission was signed by R. B. Hayes; Judge Matthews by Gen. Garfield; those of Judge Gray and Judge Blatchford by President Arthur; and Judge Lamar's by President Cleveland. The death of Chief Justice Waite made a vacancy for which Melville W. Fuller of Illinois was nominated.

THE FIFTIETH CONGRESS. 1887-'89.

IN THE FOLLOWING pages may be found the most important particulars of information about the Fifth Congress,—the counties and cities comprising each congressional district, the election returns of the last congressional (1887) campaign, with biographies of Senators and Members (not written by themselves) and portraits made from the best available photographs. The various State delegations, Senators and Members appearing together, are arranged alphabetically. At the close of each biographical sketch are placed in a single line the address of each Senator and Member in his State and also in

Washington. Following these addresses also appear the various committee assignments of Senators and Members. In the election returns at the beginning of each biographical sketch the politics of different candidates are given as indicated by the letter D. for Democrats, R. for Republicans, L. for Labor Party candidates, Pro. for Prohibitionists, and Fus. for Fusionists. It is needless, but a pleasure, to add that the statistical information contained in these pages is taken by permission from the Official Directory of Congress, never better compiled and arranged than now, under the editorship of Major Michael.

ALABAMA. THE SENATORS.

John T. Morgan, who is the senior Senator from Alabama, is a tall, blue-looking man, noted for the frequency of his speeches, to say nothing of some reputation on the score of length. Senator Morgan is a native of Tennessee, 64 years old. He received his education in Alabama, was admitted to the bar in 1845 and has been a hard-working lawyer all his life. He was a presidential elector in 1860 on the Breckinridge and Lane ticket. He sat in the Montgomery Convention when Alabama was taken out of the Union. The who of the first gun at Sumter had hardly died away before he enlisted as a private in the Cahaba Rifles. Before the war closed he became a Brigadier. Senator Morgan is a scholastic sort of a man, quiet in manners, and exceedingly tenacious in debate.



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Selma, Ala.; 113 First street, n. e. Claims against Nicaragua, chairman; Foreign Relations; Indian Affairs; Public Lands; Five Civilized Tribes of Indians; President's Message Transmitting the Report of the Pacific Railway Commission.



JAMES L. PUGH.

James L. Pugh, the Junior Senator, is a native of Georgia. He was in Congress 30 years ago and was among those who withdrew from the Thirty-sixth Congress as the war began. Like his colleague he enlisted as a private, but made no decided mark as a military man. He served throughout the war in the Confederate Congress, and resumed his law practice as soon as hostilities ceased. Senator Pugh is a hard-working man, who never fails to keep an engagement and very rarely misses a committee meeting.

Enfauila, Ala.; 1333 R street, n. w. Education and Labor; Judiciary; Privileges and Elections; Revolutionary Claims.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Choctaw, Clarke, Marengo, Mobile, Monroe, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 4,220.

Jones, D., 4,220.

No opposition.

James Taylor

Jones, a Virginian, 56 years old and a thorough-going lawyer, represents the first Alabama district. He is a graduate of Princeton, and the Law School of the University of Virginia. He entered the Confederate service in 1861 and served through the war attaining no great rank. He has been a member of the Forty-fifth, Forty-eighth, and Forty-ninth Congresses.

Demopolis, Ala.; 4003 Thirteenth st., n. w.

Rivers and Harbors; Expenditures in the War Department.



T. T. JONES.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Baldwin, Butler, Conecuh, Crenshaw, Covington, Escambia, Montgomery, and Pike.

Cong. Vote, 5,659.

Herbert, D., 5,659.

No opposition.

Hilary A. Herbert

Herbert bears and confers honor in representing the Montgomery District. Col. Herbert has made a strong place for himself in the House as a ready and forcible debater, and as chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs, by his thorough information, persistent labor, and full sympathy with the Secretary of the Navy, has done a colossal share of the work of re-establishing the Navy. He is a University of Virginia man, and was just getting into a nice practice when the war broke out. He made a good fighter until he was wounded in the Wilderness in '64. This is his twelfth year of service in Congress, and he is still young enough (64) to all appearances.

Montgomery, Ala.; Riggs House. Naval Affairs, chairman; Expenditures in the Navy Department.



H. A. HERBERT.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bartow, Bullock, Coffee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee, and Russell.

Cong. Vote, 4,660.

Oates, D., 4,660.

No opposition.

The champion of the famous deadlock arising from the consideration of the Direct Tax Bill, Gen. William C. Oates, represents the Third Alabama District. He is a native of the State and owes his education to his studies at home. He had been practicing in Pike County two years when the war came. He at once enlisted. He held successive ranks, was wounded four times and lost his right arm in front of Richmond in 1864. It illustrates the quick recovery which the average Southerner enjoyed from the political reverses of the war, to note that Gen. Oates was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in 1868, which nominated Horatio Seymour for the Presidency. In 1872 he was the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ala., but failing was at once elected to Congress, from the district now represented by Mr. Herbert. This is his fourth Congress.

Abbeville, Ala.; Riggs House. Judiciary; Revision of the Laws, chairman.



W. C. OATES.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Dallas, Hale, Lowndes, Perry, and Wilcox.

Cong. Vote, 20,958.

Davidson, D., 14,913.

McDuffie, R., 3,526.

Turner, Ind. R., 2,519.

A. C. Davidson,

who represents the old and populous Fourth District, was born in the birthplace of liberty Mechenburgh Co., North Carolina, in of Alabama, graduating in 1848, and one of the leading studying law with firms at Mobile. His operations as a cotton planter became too engrossing to permit him to practice law. His first appearance in Congress was with the opening of the Forty-ninth Congress.

Uniontown, Ala.; Metropolitan Hotel. Agriculture; Labor; Ventilation and Acoustics.



A. C. DAVIDSON.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Autauga, Bibb, Chambers, Chilton, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Macon, and Tallapoosa.

Cong. Vote, 6,833.
Cobb, D., 5,558.
Edwards, R., 775.

James E. Cobb was born in Georgia, in 1835, and graduated from Emory College, Oxford, Georgia, in 1856. After being admitted to the practice of law, he removed to Texas in 1857. He entered the Confederate army in 1861 and served in the Army of Northern Virginia until he was made prisoner at the battle of Gettysburg; after his release, at the close of the war, he located at Tuskegee and practiced law until 1874; at the general election of that year he was chosen one of the Circuit Judges of the State; he was re-elected in 1880 and again in 1886; before qualifying under the last election he was elected to the Fifth Congress.

Tuskegee, Ala.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Indian Affairs; Railway and Canals; Education.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Fayette, Greene, Jefferson, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tusca- loosa, Walker, and Winston.

Cong. Vote, 12,307.
Bankhead, D., 7,938.
Long, R., 4,369.



John H. Bankhead, of Fayette County, Ala., was born in what is now Lamar County, Ala., in 1842. He was self-educated, and is a farmer. He served four years in the Confederate army being wounded three times; and represented Marion County in the General Assembly, sessions 1866, '66, and '67. He was a member of the State Senate 1876-'77, and of the House of Representatives 1880-'84. He was Warden of the Alabama Penitentiary from 1881 till 1885.

Fayette, C. H., Ala.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Public Buildings and Grounds; Pen- sions.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Blount, Alabama, Cherokee, Cleburne, De Kalb, Floyd, Marshall, Randolph, Saint Clair, Shelby, and Tal- lehatchee.

Cong. Vote, 12,157.
Forney, D., 7,519.
Hatch, R., 4,638.



Mr. Forney has had no commercial or office connections with the Appropriation committee. He is a farmer, Forney, who is a native of one of the most prominent families of the State, and was in the Confederate army. He was a member of the Alabama House of Representatives in 1876, and was elected to the Alabama House of Representatives in 1880.

He was a member of the Alabama House of Representatives in 1880, and was elected to the Alabama House of Representatives in 1880. He was a member of the Alabama House of Representatives in 1880, and was elected to the Alabama House of Representatives in 1880.

on his return from the land of the Montezumas, he entered upon the practice of the law to which he has kept ever since, save for an interval over which he had no control. During this interval he rose to the rank of brigadier, and he is pleased to state in his official biography that he "surrendered at Appomattox." This is his seventh term in Congress.

Jacksonville, Ala.; 1116 G street, n. w.
Appropriations; Militia; Expenditures in the Department of Justice.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Albert, Franklin, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Timestone, Madison, and Morgan.

Cong. Vote, 20,523.
Wheeler, D., 11,684.
Jackson, R., 8,839.

The wit who said that "an empty carriage drove up and Alex. Stephens got out," should have reserved his mot until he saw Gen. Joe Wheeler fighting Joseph. In these days when there is such sharp competition for West Point cadships, it is a reasonable matter of wonder how on earth Gen. Wheeler was Joseph Wheeler ever received at West Point and graduated. Although he never weighed a hundred pounds, he has played a very large and important part in the history of his country. His place in the Confederate army, where he rose to the rank of senior General of Cavalry, stands over against that of Sheridan in the Union army. In Congress, no less than in war, Gen. Wheeler has been a quick and dashing fighter. He takes a large interest in the material welfare of the south, and is very thoroughly acquainted with her natural resources, especially with those of his own State, where he has large landed interests, and is everywhere accepted as a millionaire. He is still a comparatively young man (52) and has undoubtedly many years to devote to the upbuilding of the New South. This is his third Congress. He entered with the Forty seventh but was unseated and re-elected.

Wheeler, Ala.; 1325 M street, n. w.
Public Lands; Expenditures in the Treasury Department, chairman.

ARKANSAS.

THE SENATORS.



JAMES K. JONES, the senior Arkansas Senator, is a secedist among the Southern Senators. He entered and came out of the late war as a secedist, and came out of the late war as a secedist.

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One of the old families of the South is represented in James H. Berry, who was chosen to the Senate to succeed Mr. Garland when he entered the Cabinet. A native of Alabama, an early immigrant to Arkansas, a graduate of a small private school in the almost unheard of village of Berryville, this United States Senator is a man of mark, a good lawyer, a refined and companionable gentleman, and a manly man in all the relations of public and private life. He served through the war on his own side of the light, and at the battle of Corinth lost a leg in the lost cause. He served a number of years in the Arkansas Legislature, was Judge of his Circuit for a term, and in 1882 was elected Governor. He is a very large man, fully six feet in height, and strong as Hercules. He is obliged to "wear" crutches because his great size prevents the use of an artificial leg. One of the most amusing things to be seen in Washington, is Gov. Berry playing billiards. When he has a cue in his hand he slips about the table on one leg. He is the best player in the Senate and owns one of the finest billiard tables.



JAMES H. BERRY.

Bedfordville, Ark.; National Hotel.
Census; Civil Service and Retrenchment; Epidemic Diseases; Public Lands.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Albert, Clay, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross, Desha, Greene, Independence, Jackson, Lawrence, Lee, Mississippi, Phillips, Randolph, Saint Francis, and Sharp.

Cong. Vote, 6,092.
Dunn, D., 6,092.
No opposition.



Forrest Dunn is the friend of free ships and has made a long battle in several congresses for his favorite policy. He was born in Wade County, North Carolina, in 1834. With his father he went to time Stone County, Alabama, in 1850, and received his primary education in the schools there. He was four years in Jackson College, at Columbia, Tennessee, where he graduated in 1854. In 1856 he went to Arkansas and engaged in cotton growing until 1861. He was elected as a Democrat to the lower house of the Arkansas Legislature in 1868, served in the Confederate Army during the war; commenced the practice of law in 1867, and was on the Democratic electoral ticket for Arkansas in 1872 and 1876. This is his fifth term.

Forrest City, Ark.; 1510 Q street, n. w.
Merchant Marine and Fisheries, chairman; Indian Depredation Claims.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Arkansas, Cleburne, Conway, Dorsey, Faulkner, Grant, Jefferson, Lincoln, Lonoke, Monroe, Pope, Prairie, Stone, Van Buren, White, and Woodruff.

Cong. Vote, 12,992.

Breckinridge, D., 8,612.

Leach, R., 4,380.

The "brains" of the Ways and Means Committee is said to be Mr. Clifton R. Breckinridge, the son of the gifted Statesman and soldier, John C. Breckinridge, James Buchanan's executive colleague. Mr. Clifton R. Breckinridge was born in Lexington, in 1846, and is

therefore a young man of 42. He was a lad of 15 when the war broke out and he dropped his books for the Confederate service. Appomattox found him a midshipman, on duty below Richmond. He was a clerk in a commercial house for two years; and then attended Washington College, now Washington and Lee University, Virginia, three years. In 1870 he became a cotton planter in Arkansas, and was engaged in planting and in the commission business for thirteen years. He was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress from the State at large. In person Mr. Breckinridge is slight and short, with a spectacled scholarly face, neither classic nor shapely in features. He is polished in manners, affable and interesting in conversation. He seldom talks long anywhere, however, without gliding off onto the tariff.

Pine Bluff, Ark.; 218 North Capitol street.

Ways and Means, Manufactures.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Ashley, Bradley, Calhoun, Clark, Columbia, Dallas, Drew, Hempstead, Hot Spring, Howard, La Fayette, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Polk, Sevier, and Union.

Cong. Vote, 15,421.

McRae, D., 8,909.

Ray, R., 4,169.

Hitt, Ind., 2,343.

One of the most direct and capable men on the Democratic side of the House is Thomas C. McRae. He was born and schooled in Arkansas, and studied law at the Washington and Lee University of Virginia, under John W. Breckinborough and J. Randolph Tucker. He was a member of the State Legislature of Arkansas in 1877. He was a Presidential Elector for Hancock and English; was Chairman of the Democratic State Convention in 1881, and also a Delegate from Arkansas to the National Convention at Chicago. He came to Congress to take the seat of J. K. Jones, when the latter was elected to the United States Senate.

T. C. McRAE.

He was a member of the State Legislature of Arkansas in 1877. He was a Presidential Elector for Hancock and English; was Chairman of the Democratic State Convention in 1881, and also a Delegate from Arkansas to the National Convention at Chicago. He came to Congress to take the seat of J. K. Jones, when the latter was elected to the United States Senate.

Prescott, Ark.; 918 I street, n. w.

Public Lands; Railways and Canals; Alcoholic Liquor Traffic.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Crawford, Franklin, Garland, Johnson, Logan, Montgomery, Perry, Pulaski, Saline, Sebastian, Scott, and Yell.

Cong. Vote, 13,391.

Rogers, D., 8,314.

Langley, L., 5,077.



J. H. ROGERS.

Anybody with half an eye can see there is fire in John Henry Rogers' two eyes. He is one of the keenest men on his side of the House. What he says comes forth in a sonorous square tone, and the substance of it is logical, clean-cut and compact. He uses Anglo-Saxon words in preference to Latin and Greek derivatives, and can slice off fine delicate arguments with the best of them. He is among the youngest, foremost men in the House. He has a light moustache, blue eyes, and a fair complexion. Mr. Rogers was born in Bertie County, North Carolina, in 1845. In 1852 his parents removed to Mississippi, and in March 1862, he joined the Ninth Mississippi Volunteers, as a private. He served through the war. He was educated at Centre College, Danville, Kentucky, and at the University of Mississippi, Oxford, graduating at the latter college in the class of 1868. He was admitted to practice law at Canton, Mississippi, in 1868. In 1869 he removed to Fort Smith, where he has since resided and practiced. In 1877 he was elected Circuit Judge; was re-elected in 1878, and resigned in May, 1882, when he was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress.

Fort Smith, Ark.; 1302 R street, n. w. Judiciary; Mileage, chairman.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Baxter, Benton, Boone, Carroll, Fulton, Izard, Madison, Marion, Newton, Searcy, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 4,746.

Peel, D., 4,746.

No opposition.



S. W. PEELE.

Mr. Peel was practically chairman of the Indian Committee in the Forty-ninth Congress, owing to Judge Welborn's indisposition. Since he became a formal chairman in this Congress, Peel has loomed up as an able man in his own right. He handles the manifold questions of Indian legislation and the necessary appropriations judiciously and to the satisfaction of all concerned. He is an Arkansan by birth, 56 years old. He was Clerk of the Circuit Court of Carroll County, Arkansas, when the war came. He entered the Confederate service as a private, and was elected Major of the Third Arkansas Infantry. He re-entered the Confederate service in 1862 as a private, and was elected Colonel of the Fourth Arkansas Infantry. At the close of the war he commenced the practice of law in the State Courts. He was appointed Prosecuting Attorney of the fourth judicial circuit of Arkansas in 1873 and upon the adoption of the new constitution in 1874 was elected to the same place; and was elected to the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Congresses.

Bentonville, Ark.; 226 New Jersey ave., s. e.

Indian Affairs, chairman; Election of President and Vice President.

CALIFORNIA.

THE SENATORS



LELAND STANFORD

G o v. Stanford is the richest man on the Pacific Coast. If he could live 140 years he might spend a million a year and have a few dollars left. He has built more railroads than any man who ever lived. He owns the largest vineyard in the world. His Palo Alto stock farm is the most valuable on the globe. He rides about Washington in an \$8000 carriage behind a \$3000 pair of bays and his wife's jewels are worth a round million. Four sets of her diamonds once gleamed on the fat bosom of Queen Isabella of Spain, and they represent \$600,000 purchase money. Yet Stanford is a plain unostentatious gentleman, as approachable as a country parson and quite as kind-hearted and benevolent. He has given \$15,000,000 to found the great university of the Pacific Coast and is giving his time and personal attention to its building. In person Senator Stanford is a large brainy man, rather old-fashioned and staid in his ways. There is no better informed man in the Senate on practical and large questions of business. He is distinctively a generalizer of widespread facts and conditions, and consequently his foresight is a long way ahead of the ordinary movements of trade or politics. He was born in Albany County, New York, in 1824. He entered the law office of Wheaton, Doolittle & Hadley, at Albany, in 1846, and after three years' study was admitted to practice law in the Supreme Court of the State of New York. He then removed to Port Washington, in the northern part of the State of Wisconsin, where he was engaged in the practice of his profession for four years. A fire in the spring of 1852 destroying his law library and other property, he went to California, where he became associated in business with his brothers, three of whom had preceded him to the Pacific Coast. He was at first in business at Michigan Bluffs, and in 1856 removed to San Francisco to engage in mercantile pursuits on a large scale.

Senator Stanford was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1860; and was elected Governor of California, and served from December, 1861, to December, 1863. As President of the Central Pacific Railroad Company he superintended its construction over the mountains, building 530 miles of it in 293 days. He is interested in other railroads on the Pacific Slope, in agriculture, and in manufactures. His term of service will expire March 3, 1891.

San Francisco, Cal.; 1701 K street, n. w.

Public Buildings and Grounds, chairman; Civil Service and Retrenchment; Fisheries; Naval Affairs; Revision of the Laws.



The son of a South Carolinian, born in Missouri, a Forty-niner in California, and now one of the bonanza princes of the Pacific coast, Senator Hearst is thoroughly representative of his section and people. No better man than he could have one of their seats in the Senate. He

GEORGE HEARST owns the best mine in the Black Hills, employs 2000 miners on the Pacific Coast, has 40,000 acres of agricultural land in California and is worth \$20,000,000, to say nothing of his possessing the San Francisco Examiner, of which his son, a Harvard graduate, has made an able and bright sheet. Senator Hearst has a nose for one, and old miners say he has no equal as a prospector. He has made all his money out of mines, and until recently has been an enemy of the railroads, especially Senator Stanford's road, the Central Pacific. The Examiner fights the roads. Governor Stoneman appointed Mr. Hearst United States Senator to fill the place left vacant by the death of Gen. John L. Miller. The term expired in March 1887, and Senator Hearst was elected to succeed himself. In 1865 he was elected to the California State Legislature. In 1882 he was a candidate for Governor before the San Jose convention, and in 1885 the Democrats, who were in the minority in the State Legislature, gave him their unanimous vote for United States Senator. Mrs. Hearst is a charming woman, possessed of culture, refinement, and traits of character that have attached many to her in sincerest friendships. She was an unquestioned social leader in San Francisco.

San Francisco, Cal.; 1435 Mass. ave.
Indian Affairs; Claims against Nicaragua; Potomac River Front; Revolutionary Claims; President's Message Transmitting the Report of the Pacific Railway Commission.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clatsop, Del Norte, Hamilton, Lake, Lassen, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Plumas, Shasta, Sierra, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Tehama, and Trinity.

Cong. Vote, 32,082.
Thompson, D., 16,499.
Garber, R. and American, 15,526.
Simmons, Pro., 849.
Cowan, Grk., 80.
Scadding, 28.

Thomas L. Thompson, son of Santa Rosa, is a West Virginian 50 years old. He was educated in the common schools and in a printing office. At fifteen he went to California and engaged in printing. For thirty-two years he has been a printer, editor and publisher. In 1860 he bought the Sonoma Democrat and is now editor of that paper. He was a Delegate to the Democratic National Convention at Cincinnati in 1860 and is elected Secretary of State in 1887. He served four years and obtained a second term.

Santa Rosa, Cal.; 1106 Seventeenth Street, N. W.

Rivers and Harbors; Drydocks; Prisons.



THOMAS L. THOMPSON.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Amador, Butte, Calaveras, El Dorado, Mariposa, Merced, Nevada, Placer, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Sutter, Tuolumne, and Yuba.

Cong. Vote, 35,456.
Riggs, D., 17,667.
Campbell, R., 16,594.
Clark, Pro., 1,076.



MARION RIGGS, born in 1852, and re-elected in 1884, was elected to the California Legislature from Sacramento County in 1867, and from Lodi County in 1869; and to the State Constitutional Convention from the State at large in 1878. He was a Tilden and Hendricks alternate Elector; was a Cleveland and Hendricks Elector.

Gridley, Cal.; 316 C Street, n. w.
Agriculture; Mines and Mining; Indian Depredation Claims.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Sacramento, Solano and Yolo.

Cong. Vote, 29,785.
McKenna, R., 15,401.
McPike, D., 13,277.
Smith, Pro., 707.



Joseph McKenna, of Solano, is a Philadelphia, forty-five years old. He went to California with his parents, in January, 1857; was District Attorney of Solano County for two terms, commencing in March, 1866; served in the California Legislature in the sessions of 1875 and 1876; was the unsuccessful Republican candidate for Congress in 1876 from the Third District, as the State was then divided, and was again the unsuccessful candidate in 1879, was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress and was re-elected in the Fiftyth.

Solsun, Cal.; 814 Fifteenth Street, n. w.
Public Lands; Eleventh Census.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Assembly Districts of City of San Francisco, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th and 11st.

Cong. Vote, 23,571.
Morrow, R., 11,113.
McCoppin, D., 9,854.
Sumner, L., 2,104.



William W. Morrow, of San Francisco, is an Indianan brought up in Illinois. He went to California in 1859, received a common school education, supplemented by private tuition in special branches. In the spring of 1862 he joined a party which discovered gold placers on the head quarters of the Jones Day River in Oregon and engaged in mining for a season. He came East in 1863, intending to go to college, but was obliged to go to Washington and was appointed to a clerkship in the Treasury Department. Mr. Morrow used to be a private in the National Rifle, a

crack military organization in the District of Columbia. He was appointed Special Agent of the Treasury Department in January, 1865 and placed in charge of a large shipment of treasure to California. He was admitted to the bar in 1869 and has since been engaged in practice. He was Assistant United States Attorney for California from 1870 to 1871; Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee of California from 1879 to 1882 and Chairman of the California Delegation to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1881. This is his second term. He is 35 years old.

San Francisco, Cal.; Hamilton House.
Foreign Affairs.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Assembly Districts and Counties, 30th, 40th, 42d, 43d, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Santa Cruz.

Cong. Vote, 53,007.
Feltton, R., 16,328.
Sullivan, D., 16,209.
Rerstone, Pro., 470.



Mr. Feltton is a short, fat, square and blunt speaking man who always wears jackets and skips about the House as briskly as a page. He was born a poor boy in Erie County, New York, but he doesn't mind that now, for he is worth his million, and has been highly honored by his people. He was Assistant United States Treasurer and Treasurer of the Mint of San Francisco for six years, and was elected to the Legislature of California for two terms. He was in the Forty-ninth Congress.

Menlo Park, Cal.; The Arm.
Merchant Marine and Fisheries; Mileage.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Alpine, Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Los Angeles, Mono, Monterey, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, San Diego, Santa Barbara, Tulare, and Ventura.

Cong. Vote, 36,163.
Vandever, R., 18,259.
Lynch, D., 18,204.



Gen. Vandever was born in 1817. He was a member of Congress from 1859 until the breaking out of the war of the rebellion. He and Mr. Holman of Indiana, who was in the Thirty-sixth Congress in 1860, saw service before Mr. Kellogg, but Mr. Vandever has not returned until now, and Mr. Holman's service has not been continuous. Mr. Randall did not make his first appearance as a member until 1863, four years after than Mr. Holman, but he has begun his thirteenth consecutive term, standing next in length of service to Mr. Kellogg. Randall was Gen. Vandever's birth place, and he removed to Illinois in 1836, to Iowa in 1851, and to California in 1884. He is a lawyer by profession, and was elected a Representative in Congress from Iowa in 1858, and re-elected in 1860. Upon the breaking out of the rebellion in 1861, he left his seat in Congress and entered the Union Army as Colonel of the Ninth Iowa Infantry. He was promoted Brigadier in 1862, and brevetted a Major General in 1863. In 1873 he was appointed by President Grant, an Indian Inspector, and served four years.

San Francisco, Cal.; Willard's College, Weights, and Measures, Military

COLORADO. THE SENATORS.

Tom Bowen has taken Jim Fair's place as the standing absentee of the senate. His face may not therefore be easily recognized in the accompanying sketch. Senator Bowen is a man of very decided ability. He has been in office ever since he was 21 years of age, and during that time has lived in half a dozen States. He was elected to the Iowa Legislature before he was 21, and only secured his place by misrepresenting his age. He raised a regiment in Iowa at the outbreak of the War, but was afterwards transferred to a Nebraska regiment, which he commanded during the War. In the Senate he has cut a very small figure. He appears to have lost his powers of application. His friends still consider him a very bright man, but confess that they cannot bring him to concentrate those brilliant faculties long enough upon one object to accomplish anything. He was President of the Arkansas Constitutional Convention, which convened under the reconstruction acts of Congress, and was a Justice of the Supreme Court of that State for four years, when he accepted the position of Governor of Idaho Territory, tendered to him by President Grant in 1871, but resigned and returned to Arkansas, where he was defeated for the Senate by Steve Dorsey in an open contest in the Legislature, the party caucus having failed to agree. In January, 1875, he removed to Colorado, then a Territory, resumed the practice of law, and at the organization of the State government was made Judge of the Fourth Judicial District, for four years, after which he engaged in several large mining enterprises and remained in private life until the fall of 1882, when he was elected a Representative in the State Legislature; served in that body as chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means until he resigned, having been elected to the United States Senate as a Republican, to succeed Horace A. W. Tabor (who had been elected to fill the unexpired term of H. M. Teller). His term expires March 3, 1889. He is 53 years old.

Del Norte, Col.; Riggs House.

Enrolled Bills, chairman; Education and Labor; Indian Affairs; Post-Offices and Post-Roads; Woman Suffrage.

The favorite son of Colorado, the latest sister to come into the Union, is Henry M. Teller. He deserves the good opinion his people have of him, for he is a thoroughly representative Western man of affairs. He lives up in the mountains west of the Capital city of Denver, and is a lawyer who long ago made his fame. Since



THOS. M. BOWEN.

his election to the Senate, other men have come to the front as the great lawyers of his State, and among them Mr. Teller's brother Willard, who is counted one of the ablest men in the State. Henry Teller studied law in his native Empire State and was admitted to the bar there. He went to Illinois in 1858 and three years later to Colorado, then an almost unknown land. Until elected to the Senate as Colorado's first Senator, he had never held office. As Secretary of the Interior in President Arthur's cabinet, Mr. Teller demonstrated his peculiar fitness for high executive trusts. His present term is the one Prof. Hill, his predecessor, expected to enjoy. Hill's disappointment still disturbs his indignation and being a very rich man he runs a newspaper to do his whining for him. Teller is somewhat interested in mines and cattle but out in Colorado they call him poor. His term lasts until March 3, 1891, when he will be nearly 61 years old. He is a Republican.

Central City, Col.; 1201 North Capitol st. Patents, chairman; Mines and Mining; Privileges and Elections; Public Lands; Revision of the Laws; Five civilized Tribes of Indians.

THE MEMBER AT LARGE.

Cong. Vote, 58-258.
Symes, R., 27,732.
Reed, D., 26,929.
Murray, Pro., 3,597.



G. G. SYMES.

The one lone congressman from Colorado has the loveliest hair a white horse ever saw. His name is spelled one way and pronounced another. To make a mistake in its pronunciation in Judge Symes' (pronounced sinus) hearing is to forfeit at once and forever all claim to his recognition. The Judge is a prime good fellow, sound in every Republican doctrine and ready at a moment's notice to battle valiantly for his own or anybody else's convictions. He lives in Denver, has large and valuable property interests there and attends to a large law practice at intervals from his duties in Washington. His life has been a genuine liad. Born in Ashtabula County, Ohio, in April, 1840, he received a common school education; studied law, enlisted as private in a Wisconsin regiment; was wounded in the first battle of Bull Run; was in the Sioux Indian campaign of 1862; was in the Vicksburg campaign of 1863 and the Atlanta campaign of 1864, and was wounded in the battle of Atlanta July 22, 1864; was commissioned Colonel of the Forty-fourth Regiment of Wisconsin Volunteers in August, 1864; commanded the post at Paducah, Kentucky, during the summer of 1865, and was mustered out with his regiment at Madison, Wisconsin, about September 1, 1865; practiced law at Paducah, Kentucky, from January 1, 1866, until appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Montana Territory in April, 1869. He resigned this judgeship in 1871, and resumed the practice of law at Helena, Montana, until 1874, when he removed to Denver. He was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress and was re-elected to the Fiftieth, notwithstanding his opponent was Rev. Myron Reed, a fleshy sort of clergyman, who combined good people and had in his following. The inference from the result seems to be that in Colorado a majority of the people are neither good nor bad but only so-so.

Denver, Col.; 1501 Eighteenth st., n. w.

Territories; Indian Depredation Claims.

CONNECTICUT. THE SENATORS.



ORVILLE H. PLATT.

Connecticut is wise in her choice of Senators. Two stronger men in all the relations and duties of their high position, would be hard to discover. Mr. Platt, a tall, rawboned thorough Yankee, is a very painstaking lawyer, who thinks clearly, and expresses himself with blunt force. Gen. Joe Hawley, strangely, a North Carolinian by birth, but in all other respects a New Englander, is Mr. Platt's complement in mental traits. He is fluent, witty and exuberant. As an orator he has held high rank for many years. Senator Platt is over sixty years old, and has practiced law in Meriden where he lives, for nearly forty years. He was secretary of Connecticut, in 1857, a member of the State Senate in 1861 and '62; a member of the lower branch in 1864 and '69, and speaker of that body in the latter term. He succeeded W. H. Barnum, the tough old Democratic plough-horse in 1879, and was re-elected to hold his seat until 1891.

Meriden, Conn.; 4 E street, n. e.
Territories, chairman; Expenditures of Public Money; Indian Affairs; Indian Traders; Interstate Commerce; Patents; Examine the Methods of Conducting Business in the Executive Departments.



JOSEPH R. HAWLEY.

Gen. Hawley is a graduate of Hamilton College, of the class of '47. In 1850 he was admitted to the bar in Hartford, but is best known as the editor of the Hartford Courant, a paper resuming a circulation with the Evening Press at which he was editor for several years. He enlisted promptly in April, 1861, and came home a brevet major general. In 1866 Gen. Hawley was elected governor of his State. In 1868 he presided over the Republican National Convention that nominated Gen. Grant. He sat as delegate in the Free Soil Convention in 1852, and in the Republican National Conventions of 1872, 1876 and 1880. His name is inseparably connected with the success of the Centennial Exposition held at Philadelphia in 1876, his services as president of the commission demonstrating his splendid administrative ability. Hamilton, his alma mater, and Yale have conferred the degree of LL. D. upon him. Gen. Hawley first sat in Congress on being elected to fill a fragment of a term in the Forty-second. He was also elected to the Forty-third and Forty-sixth Congresses. He is just entering on his second term in the Senate.

Hartford, Conn.; 920 Fourteenth Street, n. w.

Military Affairs, chairman; Centennial of the Constitution; Coast Defenses; Improvement of Mississippi River; Printing; Railroads.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Hartford and Tolland, including the cities of Hartford and New Britain.

Cong. Vote, 30,816.
Vance, D., 14,836.
Luck, R., 14,552.
Hart, Pro., 987.
Seper, L., 375.



R. J. VANCE.

Bob Vance is a great admirer of Amos Cummings. For years he did not know what ailed him, until Amos made his white horse a daily discovery, and then all was explained. He is a thoroughgoing English newspaper man who can set type or "make up" on a pinch. He is part owner of the New Britain Herald. He has been in the legislature several

terms, and has been a member of the Democratic State Committee for ten years. He is only 33. There were four candidates in the field when he ran for Congress. One of them was ex-Congressman Luck of Hartford. There was also a labor man and a prohibitionist. Vance is more of a prohibitionist than he is a free trader. The first convention that nominated him, adopted a plank declaring that the government had no right to levy customs taxes at all. Vance said that he could not run on that platform, so they laid the first convention on the shelf, and nominated Vance over again with a plain surplus-reduction platform to stand on. The young congressman is stout, with Auburn hair and sandy moustache, and has a way of getting hold of the inside of things rapidly.

New Britain, Conn.; 608 Fourteenth street, n. w.

Patents; District of Columbia; Ventilation and Acoustics.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Middlesex and New Haven, including the city of New Haven.

Cong. Vote, 39,117.
French, D., 18,730.
Lewis, R., 17,402.
Manchester, L., 1,649.
Augur, Pro., 1,336.



CARLOS FRENCH.

Seymour, Conn.; 1414 Nineteenth street, n. w.

Labor; Int. Oil Pension; Chem.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—New London and Windham, including the cities of New London and Norwich.

Cong. Vote, 19,140.
Russell, R., 9,600.
Hyde, D., 8,715.
Rockwell, Pro., 1,660.



C. A. RUSSELL.

Killingly, Conn.; The Hamilton House, Railways and Canals; Education.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Fairfield and Litchfield, including the city of Bridgeport.

Cong. Vote, 44,022.
Granger, D., 16,235.
Miles, R., 15,914.
Bingham, L., 791.
Manchester, Pro., 1,602.



M. T. GRANGER.

admitted to the bar in Wilkinson County, Mississippi, in 1845. He returned to Canaan, and was admitted to the bar in Litchfield in 1845, and practiced law in Canaan from 1847 till 1867. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1857 and of the Senate in 1866-'67. Wesleyan University gave him the degree of LL. D. He held the office of Judge of the Superior Court nineteen and a half years consecutively.

Canaan, Conn.; 39 B street, s. e.
Pacific Railroads; War Claims.

DELAWARE.
THE SENATORS.

E. L. SALISBURY.

proprietor of dagged abstruse. He is a Kent county Delawarean, now over four score and a few years old. His seat home that his brother Willard occupied. At his death E. L. took it. The old man

Charles Addison Russell was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, in 1852. He received a public school and collegiate education, graduating from Yale in the class of '73. He is a woolen manufacturer. He was Aid-de-camp (Colonel) on Governor Bigelow's staff, 1881-'82, and was a member of the House, General Assembly of Connecticut, in 1883. In 1885-'86 he was Secretary of State of Connecticut.

Killingly, Conn.; The Hamilton House, Railways and Canals; Education.

Judge Miles Tobey Granger, of Canaan, is one of the oldest men in the House. He was born in Berkshire County, Massachusetts, in 1817. At the age of two, he was taken to Canaan, Conn., where he has since resided. He graduated at Wesleyan University in 1842. In 1843 he went to Louisiana, where he studied law, and was admitted to the bar in Wilkinson County, Mississippi, in 1845. He returned to Canaan, and was admitted to the bar in Litchfield in 1845, and practiced law in Canaan from 1847 till 1867. He was a member of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1857 and of the Senate in 1866-'67. Wesleyan University gave him the degree of LL. D. He held the office of Judge of the Superior Court nineteen and a half years consecutively.

Canaan, Conn.; 39 B street, s. e.
Pacific Railroads; War Claims.

is a bachelor and a delightful old fellow, they say, in cloak-room conversation.

Dover, Del.; 610 Fourteenth street, n. w.

Engrossed Bills, chairman; Foreign Relations; Post Offices and Post-Roads, Privileges and Elections.



GEORGE GRAY.

Gray is still a Senator from Delaware. There was a delicious moment when men said his nomination for Chief Justice had been signed by the President. He is a Princeton man of the class of '50, and is now 48 years old. He studied law at Harvard and began practice in 1863. He was appointed Attorney General of Delaware in 1879 and again in 1881. When Mr. Bayard entered the Cabinet Mr. Gray was selected to succeed him. He sat as delegate in the Democratic National convention of 1876, 1880 and 1884.

Wilmington, Del.; 814 Fifteenth street, n. w.

Examine the several Branches of the Civil Service; Naval Affairs; Patents; Territories.

THE STATE AT LARGE.

Cong. Vote, 22,229.

Pennington, D., 13,837.

Cooper, R., 8,392.

The member from Delaware comes from a family that has given a better speaker to the House of Representatives, John B. Pennington was born near New Castle, Delaware, in 1825. He received a collegiate education at Jefferson College, Pennsylvania, and went to Indiana and engaged in teaching. He returned to Delaware, studied law and was admitted to practice in 1857. He was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1857, and clerk of the House in 1859, 1863, and 1871. He was a delegate to the Democratic National convention at Charleston and Baltimore in 1860. He was appointed United States Attorney for the District of Delaware in 1865 by President Johnson, and Attorney General of the State by Governor Powder in 1871.

Mr. Pennington was not ten feet from Senator Bayard when he made his famous Bayard speech and he was commonly known as "Boss Pennington" was then captain of a company inducted for the Confederate service, something that turned out untrue.

Dover, Del.; 927 F street, n. w.

Education; War Claims.



JOHN B. PENNINGTON.

FLORIDA. THE SENATORS.

WILKINSON CALL is one of the most unobtrusive men in public life. One of his ancestors was a brother-in-law of Chief Justice John Marshall; another served under Gen. Lafayette and his uncle, the best known of the family, was on Gen. Jackson's staff. **WILKINSON CALL** was a brigadier and Governor of Florida. He had a row with Martin Van Buren and went over to the Whig party aiding in the election of Gen. Harrison, and receiving from him a second time the appointment as Governor of Florida. He was opposed to secession but believed in slavery. **WILKINSON CALL** was born in Kentucky, and is 54 years old. He was elected to the Senate in 1865, but couldn't get in. In 1879 he was more successful, and he has been re-elected for a second term. He is a lawyer and educator by profession.

Jacksonville, Fla.: 1903 N street, n. w.
Appropriations: Education and Labor;
Engrossed Bills: Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.



Robert H. M. Davidson has been in Congress a long while. He is a native of Gadsden County, Florida, and studied law at the University of Virginia, he was a member of the House of Representatives of Florida in 1856-'57, and 1858-'59; was elected to the State Senate in 1860, and retired from the State Senate in 1862 and entered the Confederate Army as Captain of Infantry, and became Major and then Lieutenant-Colonel of the Sixth Florida Infantry. He received a wound May 28, 1864, which rendered him unable to do further military service. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of the State in 1865. He sat in the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh, Forty-eighth, and Forty-ninth Congresses.

Quincy, Fla.: National Hotel.
Railways and Canals, chairman; **Library.**



R. H. M. DAVIDSON.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties:—Alachua, Baker, Brevard, Bradford, Clay, Columbia, Dade, Duval, Hamilton, Madison, Marion, Nassau, Orange, Putnam, Saint John's, Sumter, Suwannee, and Volusia.

Cong. Vote, 34,655.
Dougherty, D., 18,892.
Greeley, R., 15,763.

Charles Dougherty is one of the bloods of the House. He is a Georgian 38 years old, educated at the University of Virginia, leaving there when seventeen years of age. He has been a sailor, and is now a planter. He was elected to the Legislature of Florida in 1876, '78, '80, and '82, serving as Speaker in the session commencing in 1878, and in that commencing in 1882 until he was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress.

Port Orange Fla.: National Hotel.
Pensions: Claims; **Expenditures on Public Buildings.**



C. DOUGHERTY.

GEORGIA.

THE SENATORS.

Old Joe Brown "washing his hands with invisible soap in imperceptible water," is one of the best things in the show. He alone is worth the price of admission. In him blend the meekness of Moses, the patience of Job, the virtues of Joseph, and, to all appearances, the wisdom of Solomon. He has lived an eventful life in the 67 years since he was born in



JOSEPH E. BROWN.

was admitted to the bar before he went to Yale Law School, where he graduated. He began practice at Canton, Georgia, where he had taught school before studying law. He made \$1,200 by his first year's practice and gained steadily in income as the years passed. He invested his salary wisely and made money rapidly. A copper mine was found on a cheap little piece of land he had bought, and it made him rich. He has always been a shrewd buyer of lands. He owns the half of Colorado City, Texas, a town of 7,000 inhabitants, and he did own the whole of it. He has stocks and mines in different parts of Georgia, and he has made a great deal out of coal mines. To mention his business enterprises would be to give a list of nearly all the paying concerns in Georgia and Southeast Tennessee. He is head of the Western and Atlanta railroad—the line from Chattanooga to Atlanta; the owner of a line which transports his own coal; the powerful stockholder of the Dale Coal Company; the president of the Rising Fawn Furnace Company, with its great tracts of ore; president of the Chattanooga Iron Company and, in short, in so many other enterprises that his name crops up in every mention of iron, coal and railroad interests in the three States.

Old Joe has a large influence among the Baptists of the South and owns more coal mines than any man south of Mason & Dixon's line. He was an original secessionist and had been twice elected Governor, when the war broke out. Twice during the war he was re-elected. He opposed Jeff Davis' policy on the conscript act, but threw no obstacles in the way of the execution of the law by the Confederate Government. After Appomattox, he advocated acquiescence in the reconstruction measures and became very unpopular on account of his recommendation that the people carry them out in good faith. As the Democratic party opposed these measures, he voted for General Grant, who favored them. In the legislature of 1868 he was nominated by the Republicans for United States Senator and defeated by Hon. Joshua Hill, which was the only defeat of his life. He was appointed by Judge Bullock Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Georgia, which position he held till December, 1870, when he resigned to accept the presidency of the Western Atlantic Railroad. When Gen. Gordon resigned his seat in the Senate, **Old Joe** was elected to fill it—and he has done so literally—more consecutive hours than any Senator ever did in the same length of time. He was re-elected in 1881. He lives very simply, keeps no carriage and spends his wealth sparingly.

Atlanta, Ga.: The Woodmont.
Foreign Relations: Railroads; **Woman Suffrage.**



ALFRED H. COLQUITT. He was then elected as a Van Buren Democrat and before his term expired was chosen to the Senate. A year before his Sena-

Senator Colquitt is the son of a Senator. His father, Walter T. Colquitt, was one of the best lawyers in the South and a Whig Member of Congress. The nomination of Gen. Harrison displeased him and he left resigning his seat.



SAMUEL PASCO.

The junior Senator, Samuel Pasco, of Monticello, was born in London, England, in 1834. When quite young his father took him with him to Massachusetts. He graduated from Harvard in 1858, paying his way by teaching school winters. In January, 1859, he went to Florida to take charge of the Waukeelah Academy, near Monticello. In July, 1861, he entered the Confederate Army as a private; was wounded and captured at Missionary Ridge, and remained in prison till March, 1865, when he was paroled. In 1868 he was admitted to the bar. Since 1876 he has been chairman of the State Committee. He has represented Florida on the Democratic National Committee since 1880. In 1885 he was President of the State Constitutional Convention. His term of service will expire March 3, 1893. He was elected to the State Legislature in 1886, and made Speaker of the lower branch.

Monticello, Fla.: Metropolitan Hotel.
Claims: Private Land Claims; **Woman Suffrage.**

THE MEMBERS. FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties:—Calhoun, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Hernando, Hillsborough, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Manatee, Monroe, Polk, Santa Rosa, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 21,882.
Davidson, D., 14,493.
Pendleton, R., 7,389.

cured in the common schools and he

torial term closed he resigned. He preached in Methodist pulpits a good deal as his own makes temperance addresses nowadays, in similar places.

Mr. Colquhoun is 61 years old and was two years old when his father was defeated for Congress by thirty-two votes. He graduated at Princeton in 1843, and was admitted to the bar a year later. He served through the Mexican war as major. In 1856 he was elected to the Senate. He was a member of the Secession Convention and entered the Confederate army, rising to the rank of Major General. He was elected Governor of Georgia in 1876 and re-elected in 1880. In 1882 he was elected to the Senate.

He has always been a Democrat.

Atlanta, Ga.; 1920 New York Ave.

Enrolled Bill: Centennial of the Constitution; Manufactures; Post Offices and Post Roads; Private Land Claims.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties: Appling, Bryan, Bullock, Camden, Charlton, Chatham, Clinch, Echols, Edgingham, Emanuel, Glynn, Liberty, McIntosh, Pierce, Scriven, Tatnall, Ware and Wayne.

Cong. Vote, 2,078.
Norwood, D., 2,061
Groover, R., 17.



T. M. NORWOOD. He represents the Savannah district, and would have been governor of Georgia before this, if the up-country counties had not been too much for him. He is a graduate of Oxford University, Georgia, and has practiced law since 1852. He sat in the Forty-ninth Congress. His term in the Senate was from 1871 to 1877.

Savannah, Ga.; 223 Indiana avenue.
Culture, Weights, and Measures; Foreign Affairs.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties: Baker, Berrien, Brooks, Calhoun, Clay, Colquhoun, Decatur, Dougherty, Early, Lowndes, Miller, Mitchell, Quitman, Randolph, Terrell, Thomas, and Worth.

Cong. Vote, 2,411
Turner, D., 2,411
No opposition.



H. G. TURNER. Is a popular and individual old member, this being his fourth term. He is on the Ways and Means Committee, which speaks all that need be said of his ability and the confidence imposed in him. Judge Turner is now 43 years old.

Quitman, Ga.
113 Courtland street.

Education of the Laws.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties: Coffee, Floyd, Gadsden, Hamilton, Iredell, Laurens, Lincoln, Marion, Montgomery, Polk, Seminole, Sumner, Taylor, Webster, and Wilcox.

Cong. Vote, 1,704.
Crisp, D., 1,704.
No opposition.



C. F. CRISP. He is a native of Sheffield, England, where his parents were visiting in 1845. He "died" on the Confederate side, and knows how Fort Delaware used to look. He has been a State judge several terms.

Americus, Ga.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Elections, chairman; Commerce.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Coweta, Chattahoochee, Carroll, Harris, Heard, Marion, Meriwether, Muscogee, Talbot, Taylor and Troup.

Cong. Vote, 2,239.
Grimes, D., 2,209.
Carmichael, R., 330.



T. W. GRIMES. Columbus, Ga.; 56 E. street, n. e.
Manufactures; Patents; Accounts.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Campbell, Clayton, De Kalb, Douglas, Fayette, Fulton, Henry, Newton, Rockdale, Spaulding and Walton.

Cong. Vote, 2,999.
Stewart, D., 2,999.
No opposition.



J. D. STEWART. He is the son of Rev. John D. Stewart, of the Fifth Georgia district. This is his first term and he will succeed himself.
Griffin, Ga.; 116 Sixth street, n. w.
Judiciary.

If the Democrats hold the House in the Fifty-first Congress, here is the man who will in all probability be most generally thought of for Speaker. The smallest number of votes cast in a new Congressional district in the United States, was cast for Judge Crisp, and none were cast against him.

He is a native of Sheffield, England, where his parents were visiting in 1845. He "died" on the Confederate side, and knows how Fort Delaware used to look. He has been a State judge several terms.

Without being old or wearing the "old gray coat all buttoned down before," Thomas Wingfield Grimes makes a good working member. He was "raised" in Georgia and is a lawyer. He sat three times in the legislature and went to the Democratic National Convention in 1880. This is his first term.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Baldwin, Bibb, Butts, Crawford, Jasper, Jones, Monroe, Pike, Twiggs, Upson and Wilkinson.

Cong. Vote, 1,722.
Blount, D., 1,722
No opposition.



J. H. BLOUNT. Macon, Ga.; 416 Sixth street, n. w.
Post Office and Post Roads, chairman; Eleventh Census.

The senior Member in the Georgia delegation is Mr. Blount, who has such continuous service since the Forty-third. He is an able debater, a vigilant spectator of all that is going on and has a strong grip on the run of public business.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Bartow, Caloosa, Chattooga, Cobb, Dade, Floyd, Gordon, Haralson, Murray, Paulding, Polk, Walker, and Whitfield.

Cong. Vote, 6,580.
Clements, D., 5,043.
Felton, R., 1,537.



L. C. CLEMENTS. Macon, Ga.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Appropriations; Reform in the Civil Service, chairman.

Judson C. Clements, is a Georgian forty-two years old. He studied law at Cumberland University, Tennessee, and began to practice in 1869. He has been a member of both branches of the legislature, and is serving his third term in Congress.

L. A. Fayette.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Clarke, Elbert, Franklin, Greene, Hancock, Hart, Madison, Morgan, Oglethorpe, Oconee, Putnam, and Wilkes.

Cong. Vote, 2,432.
Carlton, D., 2,377.
Scattering, 55.



Dr. Carlton was born at Athens, where he has his home. His medical degree he got at Jefferson Medical College Philadelphia. Since 1857 he has not engaged in active practice. During the war he was in the Confederate artillery service. He served several terms in the legislature, and declined the Speakership of the lower branch. In 1884-'85 he was President of the upper branch. For eight years he edited the Athens Banner, and in 1880 he began to practice law.
Athens, Ga.; 100 E. street, n. e.
Railways and Canals; Pensions; Enrolled Bills.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Banks, Cherokee, Dawson, Fannin, Forsyth, Gilmer, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Lumpkin, Milton, Pickens, Rabun, Towns, Union, and White.
 Cong. Vote, 2,366.
 Candler, D., 2,355.
 York, R., 11.



A. D. CANDLER.

legislature. Col. Candler saw all the fighting he could through the whole war.
 Gainesville, Ga.; 1112 H street, n. w.
 Mines and Mining; Education, chairman; Labor.

Col. Candler is serving his third term in Congress. He is a native of Georgia, fifty-four years old. He graduated from Mercer College in 1858. He studied law, but never practiced. He is now chiefly engaged in farming. He has served in both branches of the

can people. His report on the subject of transportation is the most elaborate and successful in all it has accomplished that is known in the history of American legislation.

Springfield, Ill.; 1402 Massachusetts ave.
 Interstate Commerce, chairman; Commerce; Indian Traders; Territories; Transportation Routes to the Seaboard; To Examine the Methods of Conducting Business in the Executive Departments.



CHAS. B. FARWELL.

lections that Charles B. Farwell should be a most successful business man and a United States Senator. He was born in Painted Post, N. Y., and is 65 years old. He is essentially in all things a business man and his education was sought strictly with a view to a business life. He went to Illinois in 1838, and in real estate and banking made his large fortune. He has filled many important and responsible offices, and in 1870 was elected to Congress over Long John Wentworth. In 1876 the House decided to seat his opponent, J. V. Le Moynes. In 1880 he was again elected to the House, and at the expiration of the term declined a re-election. When Gen. Logan died it seemed to be the most natural thing in the world for Illinois to send Mr. Farwell to the Senate. Senator Farwell, his brother John V. and Col. Abner Taylor, of Chicago, together built the Texas Statehouse, at Austin. The State of Texas gave to the Farwell Company 3,000,000 acres of land, as compensation for the building. The land is worth \$5 an acre and the State buildings did not cost more than \$1,000,000. The land is all fenced in. Seventy-five thousand cattle are now on it, and more to follow. The Farwell Company have their headquarters in London, and English capitalists own about one-quarter of the stock. It is said the company will make from \$15,000,000 to \$20,000,000 out of the speculation.

Chicago, Ill.; 1233 Seventeenth st., n. w.
 Expenditures of Public Money, chairman; Appropriations; District of Columbia; Improvement of Mississippi River.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

County.—The first four wards of the city of Chicago, with the townships of Bloom, Bremen, Calumet, Hyde Park, Lake, Lemont, Lyons, Orland, Rich, Riverside, Thornton, Worth, in Cook Co.
 Cong. Vote, 29,367.
 Dunham, R., 14,008.
 Terhune, D., 8,325.
 Sheldon, 7,034.



R. W. DUNHAM.

When you see a short, black, chunky individual about the House (and it is seldom) talking energetically, it is safe to guess you have struck Mr. Dunham. He is the pearl of Savoy, Mass., born there March 21, 1838. The Springfield, Mass., high school and

the Springfield Republican educated him. At that time the circulation of the paper was barely 3000 and of this the little boy Dunham could fold one-third in an hour. In Chicago he is a grain and provision broker. In early life his ambition was to become a life insurance agent, but inextinguishable fate had marked him for statesmanship. In 1882 he was president of the Chicago Board of Trade. This is his third whack at life in Congress, and it is in all human probability his last, for Col. Abner Taylor, an old hand in politics, has secured the Republican nomination in Dunham's district, which is equivalent to election.

Chicago, Ill.; 1325 G street, n. w.
 Commerce.

SECOND DISTRICT.

County.—Part of Cook. The 5th, 6th and 7th wards of the city of Chicago, and that part of the 8th ward south of the centre of Polk street and the centre of Macdonald Place.

Cong. Vote, 18,698.
 Lawler, D., 7,369.
 Woodman, R., 3,976.
 Gleason, Lab., 7,353.



FRANK LAWLER.

Mr. Frank Lawler personifies in American public life the delicious paradox that "one man is as good as another and a d—d sight better." Mr. Lawler is not a LL.D., nor are there frills on his shirt bosom. He is a publican and some say a sinner, but for all this he swings a jolly good pace and no man gets what he wants sooner or easier out of the legislative grab-bag. Mr. Lawler was born at Rochester, New York, June 25, 1842. He attended a public school until thirteen years of age, when, owing to a serious accident which befell his father, he was compelled to leave school and seek employment in a brickyard, where he continued to labor for two years. For three years he was a news agent on railroads. He then learned the trade of ship-builder, was elected president of the Ship-carpen-ter and Ship-caulkers' Association, and took an active part in organizing trade and labor unions. He became agent for the Workingman's Advocate, a newspaper published in the interest of the toiling masses, and was appointed, upon the request of the trade and labor organizations to a position in the Chicago post-office, which he held from 1869 to 1877. In 1876 he was elected a member of the Chicago City Council, and was re-elected in 1878, 1880, 1882 and 1884. He was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress and was re-elected to the Fiftieth Congress.

Mr. Lawler strews his daily pathway with genuine Irish wit which does much to win success. Few members know so thoroughly the interests of their districts as he does those of his.

Chicago, Ill.; Willards.

Levees and Improvements of the Mississippi River; War Claims; Election of President and Vice-President, etc.

THIRD DISTRICT.

County.—Part of Cook. That part of the city of Chicago north of Polk street, of ward eight, and wards nine to fourteen, inclusive.

Cong. Vote 20,495.
 Mason, R., 13,721.
 Whitlock, Pro., 422.
 Goodhue, Lab., 6,352.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Barke, Columbia, Glascock, Jefferson, Johnson, Lincoln, McDuffie, Richmond, Taliaferro, Warren, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 1,944.
 Barnes, D., 1,941.

No opposition.

"Barnes, of Georgia" was a household name two or three years ago when he made his eloquent speech on the Cherokee Indians. So much eloquence from such an unexpected source on such a dry theme made him famous for a fortnight. It is about time for Mr. Barnes to make another speech. He is from the University of Georgia, class of '53, and is 55 years old.

Augusta, Ga.; Metropolitan Hotel.
 Territories; Pacific Railroads.



G. T. BARNES.

ILLINOIS.

THE SENATORS.



Shelby M. Cullom is the senator representative of the great Prairie State in the Senate of the United States. He has sat in the Senate since March, 1883. But before that he had been a member of the House from 1865 to 1871. He was twice sent to the State legislature before he came to Congress, and twice also afterward. In 1876 he was elected Governor and in 1880 he was re-elected. To him we owe the present elective law against polygamy in Utah, for he agitated the matter in the House in 1869 and came very near passing a bill through the Senate on the subject, his bill having passed the House. To him also is due the Interstate Commerce law and its beneficent operations, the first reasonable conservative check on monopolies yet secured to the Ameri-

"Ah there! Stay there!"

"Here we are again!"

"Hoop! La!"

What a rollicking speech was that of Mason's on the "Tariff! The spirit of poor old Mother Goose must have been paralyzed as she looked down on the scene. The rhetorical polish of Breckenridge, the conscientious arguing of Carlisle, the demagogic state-mundane propositions of Randall, made no such impression. A such a speech always does on the American people. It was short, but it will be a long while before it ceases to be read. It has gone by hales to all parts of the country and still more are wanted.

William E. Mason is a man of sudden stature, rising hardly five feet above the common level of Mother Earth and extending sideways until he must weigh at least 220 pounds. He wears his hair in a shaggy mass and his broad, good natured face is smooth save for a slight oasis on the upper lip. He was born in Cattaraugus County, New York, but was brought up in Iowa. He studied shorthand and became a very fast shorthand writer. He read law in Iowa and was admitted in Des Moines. In 1872 he went to Chicago and has practised there since. His home, most of the year, is at Waukegan, on the shore of Lake Michigan, 35 miles north of Chicago. He has served twice in the State Legislature. Chicago, Ill.: 812 Twelfth street, n. w. Pac. Co. Railroads; claims.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

County: LaSalle, 16th, 17th, and 18th wards of the city of Chicago, and the towns of Barrington, Chicago, Elk Grove, Evanston, Hanover, Jefferson, Lake View, Leyden, Maine, Niles, New Trier, Norwood Park, Northfield, Palatine, Proviso, Schaumburg, and Wheeling, in Cook County.

Cong. Vote, 21,624.
Adams, R., 12,117.
Taylor, D., 7,180.
Hawkins, Lab., 1,997.



Mr. Adams' English beard and Harvard accent have been among the picturesque embellishments of the Republican side of the House for five years now. The substratum of his success in Congress is said to be his wife's fortune, which is ample and easy to get at.

Mrs. Adams is herself ambitious and she shines with clear self brilliancy in Washington society. She hardly expects Mr. Adams to occupy the White House, but she would like to get up into the Senatorial set, another and too far distant in the future. Mr. Adams was born at Keene, New Hampshire, and is not much older than he looks. He graduated at Harvard in 1850, studied law at the Dane Law School, Cambridge, Mass., and has since practiced in Harvard and has been editor of an eastern and he pulled down a Avon, in the Worcester Register, in 1856. He was elected State Senator of Illinois in 1859.

Chicago, Ill.: 715 Arlington Indiana.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Boone, De Kalb, Kane, Lake, and McHenry.
Cong. Vote, 27,092.
Hill, R., 14,127.
Childs, D., 6,216.
Wharton, Pro., 2,141.



W. E. MASON.

The chief products of Mr. Hopkins' district are Percherons and Prohibitionists. It is hard to say which has given him the more trouble. The administration has been trying to upset Percheron breeding and importing, by demanding back duties on animals supposed to be entitled to free entry. Mr. Hopkins has finally got a bill through Congress disposing of the matter as it should be. The Prohibitionists and Democrats together called him Mr. Hopkins. He gets two votes for that one every time. He is young (42), a graduate of Hillsdale (Mich.) College, and practices law at Aurora. He is anxious to have a breed of pure white Percherons developed.

Aurora, Ill.: 1309 H street, n. w. Merchant Marine and Fisheries; Reform in the Civil Service.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Carroll, Jo. Daviess, Ozark, Stephenson, and Winnebago.
Cong. Vote, 23,631.
Hitt, R., 13,106.
McNamara, D., 8,650.
Rising, Pro., 1,875.



R. R. HITT. Politically, Mr. Hitt does not hate his name. His arrow has gone plunk to the bull's eye at every shot. His ancestors in old Wales were chiefs of the Cymri and bards of the Elsteddif when the continental races poured over England like the Red sea upon Pharaoh. Mr. Hitt was born in Ohio, and reared on an Illinois farm, in the beautiful Rock River Valley, getting his "schoolin'" at Rock River Seminary, now Mt. Morris college. He became an expert shorthand writer, and fifteen years ago, following his literary bent, he wrote some excellent prose and verse. In 1872 he was clerk of the Senate committee on Privileges and Elections. He was First Secretary of the Paris Convention and charged Affairs ad interim from December, 1874, until March, 1881. On coming home he was made Assistant Secretary of State in 1881. He came to Congress in 1882, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. F. W. A. Hawk, and has been reelected regularly since.

Mount Morris, Ill.: 1507 K street, n. w. Foreign Affairs.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Bureau, Henry, Lee, Putnam, and White-sides.
Cong. Vote, 21,613.
Henderson, R., 12,586.
Dellson, D., 7,531.
Holmes, Pro., 1,296.



F. E. HENDERSON. Few names are so closely associated with the slightest green association with the great martyr President General Henderson, known as Lincoln Indiana, enjoying his country through his father's intimacy with the great Illinois of the elder Henderson, son sat with Mr. Lincoln in the legislature at Spring



A. J. HOPKINS.

field, and enjoyed a life-long comradeship with him. General Henderson is a Tennesseean by birth, and has lived in Illinois since he was eleven years old. When he was hardly of age he was elected clerk of his county board and clerk of court. This touch of office furnished the glibness for all his many years of usefulness. He has been voted for at popular elections of some sort or other over a score of times. During the war he made his mark as an officer, entering the service as Colonel of the One Hundred and Twelfth Illinois Infantry. He was a Grant elector in 1865. This is his seventh Congress.

Pinckton, Ill.: 211 North Capitol street. Rivers and Harbors.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Du Page, Grundy, Kendall, La Salle, and Will.
Cong. Vote, 30,720.
Plumb, R., 16,827.
Cady, D., 13,893.



R. L. PLUMB. Could he more decidedly or quantitatively opinion be in any way expected than this of Mr. Plumb's: "I am a Protectionist for Protection's sake only; if I could, I would not raise a dollar of tax by customs, for I believe in direct taxation. But I would have custom houses to keep out foreign manufactures." He is one of the patriarchs of the House, 72 years old. Eighteen years of his life were spent as a merchant and during this time he had broad and sure foundations of a goodly fortune. Quicker as it seems, Mr. Plumb is also a lawyer and a warrior. He read law while a merchant's clerk, and was admitted to practice in Ohio. During the war he was captain and quartermaster and was breveted Lieutenant Colonel. He is now a coal miner and railroad builder. This is his second term here.

Stratford, Ill.: 1320 Fourteenth street, n. w.

Railways and Canals; Labor.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Ford, Ingham, Kandakee, Livingston, Marshall, and Woodford.
Cong. Vote, 25,395.
Payson, R., 13,753.
Peters, D., 10,633.
McGrew, Pro., 1,009.



L. L. PAYSON. The people of the ninth Illinois District, without stretching the cold facts of history very much, may be said to be responsible, by giving their suffrages to Judge Payson, for the restoration to the Public Domain of over 20,000,000 of acres. He is pat excellence, the Republican champion of the free and fair land policy. His labor on the committee on Public Lands, his influence among members, and his eloquence in debate, have held the Republicans of the House together in position on the land question and effected the passage of most of the bills. Judge Payson was born in Providence, R. I., in 1810, removed to Illinois in 1852, and received his education at Lombard University, one of the several seats of learning quartered in Galesburg, Ills. He was admitted to the bar in 1862, and has the name everywhere of being a good lawyer and an able, convincing pleader. He is now serving in his fourth Congress. Should a Republican administration succeed, Mr. Cleveland's

Judge Payson would be the first man to be thought of for the General Land Commissionership, unless indeed, before that time his name should be more positively connected with some such higher post of honor as the office of the Secretary of the Interior.

Pontiac, Ill., 1115 G street n. w.
Coloage, Weights and Measures; Public Lands.

TENTH DISTRICT.


Counties.—Fulton, Knox, Peoria and Stark.

Cong. Vote, 31,212.

Post, R., 15,186.

Worthington, D., 15,157.

McCullough, Pro., 869.



By just 29 votes the old Peoria District elected to the Fiftyth Congress, Gen. Philip Sidney Post, than whom no braver, more gallant or honorable man ever came to Congress. Although he still looks to be but scarcely forty, fifty-five summers have rolled over his head, over thirty of them being of that torrid kind felt on the prairies of Illinois. He is a graduate of Union College and Poughkeepsie Law School. He had been practicing law five years and was making slow and solid headway in his profession, when the war broke out. He enlisted in the first part of the struggle, and when the scene at Appomattox took place, he was a brigadier, commanding the Department of Western Texas, having received all the hard fighting possible, a number of severe wounds and a dozen successive promotions, as the war went on. For many years after the war, Gen. Post represented his country in the diplomatic service—as consul to Vienna from 1866 until 1874, when he was promoted to Consul-General for Austria-Hungary, and in that position he remained until 1879, when he resigned.

Galesburg Ill., 1226 Fourteenth st., n. w.
Public Buildings and Grounds; Expenditures in the Post-Office Department.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Hancock, Henderson, McDonough, Mercer, Rock Island, Schuyler, and Warren.

Cong. Vote, 34,266.

Gest, D., 16,733.

Neece, R., 16,397.

Hanna, Pro., 1,133.

Scattering, 3.



W. H. GEST. Among the six new members from Illinois, William H. Gest, of Rock Island, represents one of the most intelligent and progressive in a number of turning constituencies in the West. He is a native of the State he in part represents, born in Jacksonville, in 1838. He enjoyed a privilege exceptional with the sons of western pioneers in being sent to Williams College, where he graduated in 1860. Two years of study equipped him for the law and he has been a plain, honest, straightforward country lawyer ever since.

Rock Island, Ill., 1114 G street, n. w.
Mines and Mining; Private Land Claims.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Adams, Brown, Calhoun, Cass, Greene, Jersey, Pike and Scott.

Cong. Vote, 32,552.

Anderson, D., 18,718.

Perison, R., 12,755.

Woods, Pro., 1,079.

Another new member is George A. Anderson, of the Quincy District, one of the youngest members of the House. In appearance he is a second edition of George D. Wise, the Richmond member—square, tall, nearly bald, with bony face and sharp penetrating eyes, the very picture of a keen, incisive, relentlessly logical lawyer. Mr. Anderson was born in Virginia, in Botetourt County, in 1855, going with his parents to Hancock County, Illinois, when he was a little child of two. In school and college, he was first in his classes and the same spirit of emulation has marked his course in professional life. He was twice elected City Attorney of Quincy.

Quincy, Ill., 238 North Capitol street.
Post-Office and Post-Roads; Alcoholic Liquor Traffic.



THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Christian, Mason, Menard, Morgan, Sangamon and Tazewell.

Cong. Vote, 35,242.

Springer, D., 17,423.

Connolly, R., 16,453.

Browder, Pro., 1,366.



The Nestor of the Democratic representation in the Illinois delegation, is no less important a personage than William M. Springer, who has through six Congresses pursued his ambidextrous method of getting along in the world, and is now having a great deal of fun in his seventh. Grey hairs are plentiful now in "Bill's" head, but anyone who thinks that the brains beneath them are less numerous and virile than of old, needs only to come face to face in a square issue with the lively Illinoisan. Nobody has ever called him the "noblest Roman of them all," yet the Honorable "Bill" is respected and admired by all who can appreciate nimble wits, smooth finesse and an unerring sense of which way the cat may jump. Mr. Springer was born in Sullivan County, Indiana, is 52 years old, received a classical education at the Indiana State University, has been a shrewd lawyer for nearly thirty years and lives in the home of Abraham Lincoln, the Capital City of Springfield. Mrs. Springer is an accomplished lady, who has written several novels. Mr. Springer has amassed quite a fortune, has a pretty mansion facing on the Capitol Grounds, and the town of Springer, New Mexico, was named after him. He travels a good deal and goes where he pleases except to Dakota. As brains first, and chairman afterwards, of the House Committee on Territories, Mr. Springer has produced a very unanimous opinion of himself in the minds of the people of Dakota. A prominent Dakotan remarked not long ago, "Our opinion of him can only be expressed by means of a rope and a telegraph pole."

Mr. Springer has never been seen in public or private denuded of his freshly-plucked boutonniere. It is the common

belief that he pins it on his night-gown just before retiring.

Springfield, Ill., 43 B street, s. e.

Merchant Marine and Fisheries; Territories, chairman.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—De Witt, Logan, Platt, Macou, and McLean.

Cong. Vote, 30,022.

Rowell, R., 15,319.

Voithies, D., 12,917.

Alder, Pro., 1,786.

Jonathan H. Rowell, of the Bloomington District, is one of the staunch war horses on the Republican side. It would be impossible to spring a party vote in the House that would not find Mr. Rowell recorded promptly and emphatically on the Republican side. He is a New J. H. ROWELL, Hampshire man who has had a very honorable and long career as a lawyer, and enjoys the confidence and esteem of a large constituency. He is one of the early graduates at the Law School at the University of Chicago. He served three years in the war, and is a good friend of the soldiers. This is his third Congress. His majorities have always been large. Bloomington, Ill., 910 I street, n. w.
Elections; District of Columbia.



FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Champaign, Coles, Douglas, Edgar, and Vermillion.

Cong. Vote, 32,863.

Cannon, R., 16,739.

Lindsay, D., 15,314.

Eastin, Pro., 810.



J. G. CANNON.

When any one begins to talk about war horses, the first steed to be mentioned is the Hon. Joseph G. Cannon, of the Danville District—"Honorable Old Joe" as everybody calls him. Circumstances over which he had no control, and for which he makes no apology, selected Guilford, North Carolina, as his birthplace, but a more unmitigated Northern Republican never steered a caucus or made a speech. This is his fifteenth year in Congress, and the calendar has not yet been forecast which contains the date of his retirement. In appearance Mr. Cannon caricatures somewhat the accepted idea of a country justice of the peace. He enjoys everything in life that comes along, from a fraternal swap of "fine-cut" to a terrific party row in the House. Mr. Cannon has been known to dance not ungracefully all night at a Grand Army Ball or a Knights of Labor Soiree and the next day in the House edify both sides of the Chamber with arguments most eloquently expressed and convincingly constructed. He is one of the people's kind of men of that pioneer class rapidly disappearing, which Abraham Lincoln so well represented. It is not easy to believe that Joe Cannon is 52 years old.

Danville, Ill.; Willard's Hotel.
Appropriations; Rules.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Clark, Clay, Crawford, Cumberland, Edwards, Jasper, Lawrence, Richmond, Wabash, and Wayne.

Cong. Vote, 52,705.

Landes, D., 16,421.

Churchill, R., 1,564.

Johnson, Pro., 720.

Stas Z. Landes, of Mount Carmel, is a Vintonian, born in August, 1832. He was licensed by the Supreme Court of Illinois in August, 1863, to practice law; he has practiced law at Mount Carmel since 1864; was elected State Attorney for Wabash County in 1872, 1876, and 1880; was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress, and re-elected to the Fiftyeth.

Mount Carmel, Ill.; 130 Maryland ave., n. e.
Banking and Currency; Ventilation and Acoustics, chairman.



S. Z. LANDES.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Edinburg, Fayette, Macoupin, Montgomery, Monroe, and Shelby.

Cong. Vote, 27,651.

Lane, D., 11,917.

McWilliams, R., 11,063.

Repley, Pro., 1,211.

The seat so long occupied in the House by that venerable and patriotic Democrat, John R. Eden, is now occupied by Judge Edward Lane, of Hillsboro, who is a young (46) and handsome Ohioan, born at Cleveland. His career has been the stereotyped course of the average Western young man of sterling and honest ambition. He sought his education in the common schools of his county, and in due time himself became a teacher, giving his spare time to the study of the law, so that when he was 21 he was licensed by the Supreme Court of his State. In 1860 he was elected a Circuit Judge, and made for himself an honorable and creditable place upon the bench. He is one of the new members whose entry upon Washington life began with the Fiftyeth Congress. He is very properly a member of the Committee on Education.

Hillsborough, Ill. Metropolitan Hotel.
Education, Patents, Invalid Pensions.



EDWARD LANE.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Land, Madison, Monroe, Saint Clair, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 30,330.

Baker, R., 1,396.

Monroe, D., 11,254.

Moore, Pro., 709.

"Win" Baker is one thick on the Illinois side of the Ohio. Well up in the Democratic ladder, a Vintonian, and a very successful member, who was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress, and re-elected to the Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh. He is a member of the Military Affairs Committee of the House.



W. B. BAKER.

smooth surface of history if the fact were omitted, that his election was due to the expenditure by the Knights of Labor, of a generous sum of money (said by some to be over \$17,000) for the purpose of defeating Col. Morrison, whose persistent and fearless leadership of the free trade contingent on the Democratic side of the Chamber was regarded as a menace to the prosperity of the American workingman. Uncle John is a Kentuckian, who has kept well in spite of the passage of sixty-eight years over his line old Roman path. He has been a handsome man all his life, with erect to this day and has the manners and the heart of one of those old time Kentucky pioneers of whom we read. His complexion is a mellow, rosy-sulphur, tempered and preserved by moderate avoidance of Prohibition principles. In debate, Uncle John is a terror. Any man who engages his animosity is apt to be converted into a sad bundle of wish-habits. He has been a literary man in his time and upon many a library shelf in the West may be found his annotated edition of Montesquieu's "Grandeur and Decadence of the Romans," "McKendree College, where he was once a student, but never a graduate, has given him the polite dubs of M. A. and LL. D. He sat in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Congresses, was twice Minister to Venezuela, resigning in 1885 to become a candidate for Congress.

Belleville, Ill.; 1333 Q street, n. w.
Election of President and Vice President, etc.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Clinton, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hamilton, Jefferson, Marion, Sabine and White.

Cong. Vote, 20,016.

Townsend, D., 16,316.

Martin, R., 11,972.

Link, Pro., 758.



R. W. TOWNSEND jolly place in the lower branch of the National Legislature. His life has been that of the average American boy, who knows how to catch the main chance by the handle. He was born down in that forgotten corner of creation, Prince George County, Maryland, in 1840, which is not so very long ago, especially for a man who keeps his youth so well as Dick Townsend does. Some lucky twist of the hand of fate took him to Washington at the age of ten and he became a page to the House of Representatives, when it, at its what is now Statuary Hall. There the spry, out-of-the-way boy learned how to count favor and construe the myriads of public. At eighteen, he went to Illinois and there he had his various chapters of experience as a country school teacher, roller on the tin, law student and practitioner, and banker. He has taken about all the prize that come along in the average politician's life, has been clerk of court, district attorney, member of the State Committee for years, often a delegate to National Conventions, and from 1877 a Member of Congress.

Shawneetown, Ill.; Elgin House.
Military Affairs, Chairman, Revision of the Laws.

TWENTYETH DISTRICT.

Counties, Alexander, Jackson, Johnson, Macon, Pope, Pope, Pulaski, Randolph, Lincoln, and Williamson.

Cong. Vote, 31,904.
Thomas, R., 16,216.
Hartzell, D., 15,074.
Poon, Pro., 581.



J. R. THOMAS.

In 1860 he was admitted to the bar. He has been in Congress since 1879, when he entered with the Forty-sixth. Mr. Thomas is 42 years old.

Red Bud, Ill.; 1606 Thirteenth street, n. w.
Naval Affairs.

INDIANA.
THE SENATORS.

D. W. VOORHIES. He graduated at the Indiana Asbury University in 1849; studied law and commenced its practice in 1851. He was appointed United States Attorney for Indiana in 1858, and held the office for three years. Then followed his election to the Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, in which his seat was successfully contested, Forty-first and Forty-second Congresses, and he was defeated as a Democratic candidate for the Forty-fifth Congress. He was appointed to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Oliver P. Morton, Republican, and took his seat in November, 1877. He has been twice re-elected.

Terre Haute, Ind. 1642 Twenty-first street, n. w.

Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress; chairman, Central of the constitution, CIVIL Service and Retrenchment; Finance; Library.



DAVID TURPIE. Twenty-five years ago when Jesse D. Bright was expelled. He served out that

His health has kept Mr. John R. Thomas from participating, as usual, in the hard work of this session. Still he has lingered in Washington and done what he could. He was born in the State, he shares in representation, and served through the war in an Illinois regiment.

Scattered and mellowed by thirty years of political warfare, the senior Indiana Senator, Daniel Webster Voorhies, is a greatly beloved man in his party and among his friends. He is now in his sixtieth year, and erect as an Indian, is still the "Tall Sycamore of the Wabash."

He graduated at the Indiana Asbury University in 1849; studied law and commenced its practice in 1851. He was appointed United States Attorney for Indiana in 1858, and held the office for three years. Then followed his election to the Thirty-seventh, Thirty-eighth, Thirty-ninth, in which his seat was successfully contested, Forty-first and Forty-second Congresses, and he was defeated as a Democratic candidate for the Forty-fifth Congress. He was appointed to the United States Senate as a Democrat, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Oliver P. Morton, Republican, and took his seat in November, 1877. He has been twice re-elected.

Judge David Turpie has attracted little attention yet in the Senate, although he need not, like a few Senators, sit around in idleness and mock until he has some body's poem in session to waste in and break the ice. Judge Turpie was sent to the Senate

unexpired term. He was elected to his present term to succeed the present candidate of the Republican party for the presidency, Hon. Benjamin Harrison. He has just passed the three-score mile post in life, and is said to be as young and vigorous as at forty. Judge Turpie has done little in business or politics during the past ten years, and has no enemies and no rivals. He is a good lawyer and an eloquent speaker. He has what is considered a comfortable competence, and has not been compelled to battle with the world.

Indianapolis, Ind.; 52 B street, n. e.
Census; Mines and Mining; Pensions; Territories.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Gibson, Perry, Pike, Posey, Spencer, Vanderburg, and Warrick.

Cong. Vote, 33,159.
Hovey, R., 18,258.
McCullough, D., 16,901.



A. P. HOVEY. There is a shining nugget of ancient history in the story of Judge Hovey. Here he is a Republican Congressman in this year of grace. But once he was one of Franklin Pierce's appointments and in 1858 Buchanan removed him for reasons, which Secretary Vilas nearly thirty years later found a name for. District Attorney Hovey dared to support the Little Giant for the Presidency, and old buck put him out for his offensive partisanship. The fellow who went in was Dan Voorhees. Before this Gen. Hovey had run for Congress, and been beaten by a Know Nothing in the same year when another prominent Hoosier, Judge Greham, ran for a minor office on the Know Nothing ticket. In 1858 Judge Niblack gave Hovey his second Congressional defeat. The war brought Gen. Hovey out. He became a brevet Major-General, and was with General Grant at Shiloh and in the Vicksburg campaign, and with General Sherman in his March to the Sea. He was commissioned United States Minister to the Republic of Peru, South America, in 1865, and resigned in 1870. This is his first Congress.

Mount Vernon, Ind.; 215 East Capitol street.

Pacific Railroads.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Davless, Dubois, Greene, Knox, Lawrence, Martin, Orange, and Sullivan.

Cong. Vote, 30,961.
O'Neill, D., 16,995.
Ragsdale, R., 14,866.

Mr. O'Neill might have been a Southern Democrat but for the interfering hand of fate. He was born at Newberry, South Carolina, but when eight years old his parents died and he was adopted by a relative in Davless county, Indiana. He



worked on a farm until twenty-one, attended district school and J. H. O'NEALL entered the state university, graduating four years later. In 1861 he graduated from Michigan University law school. He has practiced law ever since. He is fifty years old.

Washington, Ind.; 935 H street, n. w.
Elections; War Claims.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clark, Crawford, Floyd, Harrison, Jackson, Jennings, Scott, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 26,026.
Howard, D., 12,458.
Keigwin, R., 3,714.
Marsh, Ind. D., 9,854.



J. G. HOWARD. Once a Democrat always a Democrat is verily true of Jonas E. Howard. He is like a tall hickory left in half burnt slashing. other men may go this way and that, but Jonas is always pegging along in the same old path. He was born and educated in his State, and is a lawyer. This is his second term.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Dearborn, Decatur, Franklin, Jefferson, Ohio, Ripley, Switzerland and Union.

Cong. Vote, 30,766.
Holman, D., 15,777.
Lucas, R., 14,989.

Two negatives make one affirmative, but here is a positive made up of an infinite number of negatives. "His chief object in life is to object," said a Down East member, whose \$100,000 public building was razed to the ground in the jiffy that it takes Mr. Holman to shift his tobacco from the left cheek to the right. He is one of half a dozen men who have earned a national title in the bear pit. Judge Kelley will be Pig Iron to the end of the chapter, and we shall hardly cease to hear of Mr. Randall's Iron Jaw; but the Great American Objector will outlive both. The Sun's candidate for the Presidency in 1883 is sixty-six years old. His father was a bosom friend of Henry Clay, and the Great Commoner helped the senior Holman to publish his first and only novel. This work of fiction bore the romantic title "Errors of Education." The Objector's grandfather was one of the pioneers of Kentucky. On one occasion, while exercising the family propensity, he objected to an Indian bullet. His funeral took place the next day. Judge Holman entered Congress in 1858. He has been beaten three times in the interval or he would dispute Judge Kelley's title of Father of the House. Usually he runs ahead of his ticket. His legislative graveyard contains many a bad carcass.



W. S. HOLMAN.

Aurora, Ind.; Hamilton House.
Public Lands, chairman; Eleventh Census; New Library, chairman.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bartholomew, Brown, Hendricks, Johnson, Monroe, Morgan, Owen, and Putnam.

Cong. Vote 32,856.
Matson, D., 16,691.
Chase, R., 16,162.

There is a Norsk quality in his name, but Col. Matson is an American, save for a touch of German blood inherited

on his mother's side, he is young, (47) though bald, and earned a capital army record. Going out as a private, he got his promotion by hard knocks. He studied law with a good man and lawyer, his father, Hon. John A. Matson. He entered Congress in 1881. His nomination for Governor of Indiana, seemed at the time the equivalent of an election. He is a graduate of Ashbury University. He is far ahead of his party on the pension issue.

Greencastle, Ind.; 1620 K. L. ave.
Invalid Pensions, chairman; Revision of the Laws.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Delaware, Fayette, Henry, Randolph, Rush, and Wayne.

Cong. Vote, 32,450.
Browne, R., 20,397.
Jones, D., 12,253.

There are few more popular men in the House, than old war horse Tom Browne, of Indiana. He was one of Lincoln's brigadiers, and in '72, ran for governor against the late Vice President Hendricks. He has been in Congress 10 years and is serving his sixth term. Gen. Browne is fifty-nine and is still a practicing lawyer. There is very little in Indiana politics that Gen. Browne does not know like a book.

Winchester, Ind.; 1332 I street, n. w.
Ways and Means.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Hancock, Marion, and Shelby.

Cong. Vote, 43,990.
Bynum, D., 22,882.
Harris, R., 21,108.

The metropolitan member from Indiana is the black haired, very tall Mr. Bynum. Mr. Bynum was born in Hoosierdom, and for a young man (42) has got together quite a personal political machine. He is a good fighter. He gave Vice President Hendricks a tough struggle over the Indianapolis post office when Crechman, Bynum's man, was hung up by the eyelids, and Aquila Jones got the plum.

Indianapolis, Ind.; 1103 G street, n. w.
Ways and Means; Manufactures.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clay, Fountain, Montgomery, Parke, Vermillion, Vigo, and Warren.

Cong. Vote, 40,734.
Johnston, R., 20,918.
Lamb, L., 19,816.

Mr. Johnston is the man who vanquished Johnnie Lamb, the muscular young Democratic Hercules. He was born in Indiana, in 1839; began studying law in 1861; went into the army, holding several ranks—private, second lieutenant, quartermaster, and commissary sergeant, and assistant



C. C. MATSON.



T. M. BROWNE.



W. D. BYNUM.



J. T. JOHNSTON.

was admitted to the bar in 1866.
Rockville, Ind.; 1527 M street, n. w.

NINTH DISTRICT

Counties: Boone, Clinton, Hamilton, Madison, Tippecanoe, and Tipton.
Cong. Vote, 11,455.
Cheadle, R., 22,437.
Ham, D., 19,021.



C. B. CHEADLE.
Alcoholic Liquor Traffic.

TENTH DISTRICT

Counties: Benton, Carroll, Cass, Fulton, Jasper, Lake, Newton, Porter, Pulkaski, and White.
Cong. Vote, 34,155.
Owen, R., 18,314.
Batterly, D., 15,841.



W. D. OWEN.
very well with him notwithstanding his cloth. Mr. Owen made the model speech during the Great Tariff Debate. Laying a pile of miss. on his desk and the din that filled the chamber he was barely heard by the reporters to say: "Mr. Chairman I would respectfully ask leave to extend my remarks in the Record," and sat down.
Logansport, Ind.; 1415 G street, n. w. Milla.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT

Counties: Adams, Blackford, Grant, Howard, Huntington, Jay, Miami, Wabash, and Wells.
Cong. Vote, 38,890.
Steele, R., 19,690.
Bryan, D., 19,211.



C. W. STEELE.
farmer. He entered Congress in 1881, and has apparently a good strong grip on his seat.
Marion, Ind.; Figgs House.
Military Affairs.

TWELTH DISTRICT

Counties: Allen, De Kalb, La Grange, Noble, St. John, and Whitley.
Cong. Vote, 33,316.
White, R., 17,300.
Lowey, D., 15,116.



J. R. WHITE.
ing by the Highland twang. In Sterling, Ind. where he was born, he went to school, and later learned the trade of calligrapher and tailor. On coming to America he kept on at tailoring until the war came. He was with Grant at Shiloh and received a severe wound. His business now is the manufacture of carriage wheels at Fort Wayne. Mr. Lowry made a fierce contest over Capt. White's seat, but too many Democrats thought the ex-tailor and ex-soldier fairly entitled to it, and he got it.
Fort Wayne, Ind.; 807 Twelfth street, n. w.

Education: Ventilation and Acoustics.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT

Counties: Elkhart, Kosciusko, La Porte, Marshall, Saint Joseph, and Starke.
Congressional Vote, 41,046.
Shively, D., 21,037.
Packard, R., 19,949.



B. F. SHIVELY.
Mr. Shively is the youngest member of this House Congress and he was a member of the Forty-eighth. He was born March 20, 1857, so that when he took his seat at Forty-eighth Congress, he was a few months over 27 years old. After retiring from Congress he went to Michigan University law school, where he graduated in 1886.

South Bend, Ind.; 127 A street, n. e.
Washington, D. C.
Indian Affairs; Indian Depredation claims.

IOWA.

THE SENATORS



Wm. B. ALLISON.
In all affairs of public importance.

The broad Scotch tongue is seldom heard in Congress even from born Scotchmen. Senator Beck never quite lost his brogue, but the best Scotch talk heard in the Capitol is when Capt. White gets up to take a hand in a debate. He is an earnest fearless speaker, and his sharp forceful sentences lose nothing by the Highland twang. In Sterling, Ind. where he was born, he went to school, and later learned the trade of calligrapher and tailor. On coming to America he kept on at tailoring until the war came. He was with Grant at Shiloh and received a severe wound. His business now is the manufacture of carriage wheels at Fort Wayne. Mr. Lowry made a fierce contest over Capt. White's seat, but too many Democrats thought the ex-tailor and ex-soldier fairly entitled to it, and he got it.
Fort Wayne, Ind.; 807 Twelfth street, n. w.
Education: Ventilation and Acoustics.

Dubuque, Iowa; 1321 Vermont avenue.
Appropriations, chairman; Engrossed Bills; To Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service; Finance.



JAMES F. WILSON

The Junior Iowa Senator, James Falconer Wilson, is a different sort of a man in looks and manners. Like Mr. Allison he was born in Ohio and came up by hard knocks on a farm. He is, however, one of those "sing'd cats," whose appearance and a greatly belies the man within. His career contains

wholesome and exemplary experience for the American youth. Senator Wilson, the son of a carpenter, born at Newark, Ohio, became a harness maker's apprentice to help eke out a humble living for his father's family, left largely to his care when he was but nine years of age. For years he worked at harness making as apprentice and journeyman, meanwhile taking an academic course and studying law. During these days of toil and self-denial, Mary Jewett, the daughter of Alpheus Jewett, a blacksmith of Newark, was growing up among a family of children, and like a dutiful girl, assisted her mother in her family work and cares. In 1873 the journeyman harness maker, after twenty-five years of struggle against the world, was admitted to the bar of Licking County, Ohio. Mary Jewett, the blacksmith's daughter, became Mrs. Wilson. The young couple went to the then wild West and settled at Fairfield, Iowa. Eight years after, the harness maker of Newark was the representative from Fairfield in Congress. Sixteen years after he went West to grow up with the country he was in the United States Senate. His face is of the rustic type. Pale blue eyes, thin closely shut lips, still white uncombed hair and a farmer-like head, impress the observer at first with the notion that Mr. Wil-

son was hardly likely to have a civil tongue or a fresh idea. The experiment of acquaintance would prove exactly the reverse to be true. He is one of the most accessible, approachable men in the Senate. His answers on all questions of public policy are forthcoming in a plain, dry, matter-of-fact way. His style of speech is close, terse, compact and forcible. When he has said a thing once it is as if other men had been expressing it for an hour. Mr. Wilson entered Congress in 1861 and left it in 1869 to resume the practice of law. In 1883 he was sent to the Senate to succeed ex-Senator McDill.

Fairfield, Iowa; 625 Thirtieth street, n. w.

Revision of the Laws, chairman; Census; Education and Labor; Interstate Commerce; Judiciary.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa, Van Buren, and Washington. Cong. Vote, 31,193.
Gear, R., 16,115.
Hall, D., 15,078.



JOHN H. GEAR.

There are four members of the Fifth Congress who have been chief magistrates of their states. Gov. Gear is one of them. He is a typical Westerner. He was born on the shores of Lake Cayuga, New York, and wandered all over the West before he took root in the great state whose First district he represents in Congress. In 1836 he was a smart boy at Galena, Illinois, then the chief entrepot of the Mississippi Valley. In 1838 he went to Fort Snelling, where St. Paul and Minneapolis now form the Metropolis of the New Northwest. Gov. Gear could have bought the site of either of those cities then for \$150. But he did not, and in 1843 went down the river to Burlington, his present home. In 1878 he was elected Governor of the largest prohibition state in the country. His election to the Fifth Congress was the defeat of Benton J. Hall, who received the commission of patents on retiring from the Forty-ninth Congress.

Burlington, Iowa; The Portland. Military Affairs.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clinton, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Muscatine, and Scott. Cong. Vote, 31,920.
Hayes, D., 15,309.
Kirkwood, R., 8,009.
O'Meara, R., and Labor, 8,602.

Judge Hayes is the man who beat Gov. Kirkwood, Secretary of the Interior under another and very different Hayes.

He was born in Marshall, Michigan, December 9, 1841; received a common school education; graduated from the law department Michigan University, in 1863; is a lawyer by profession; was City Attorney for Marshall, Michigan; was United States Commissioner for the Eastern District of Michigan, and also of Iowa; was City Solicitor of Clinton, Iowa; was District Judge of the Seventh Judicial District of Iowa from August, 1875, till January 1, 1887.

W. J. HAYES.



Clinton, Iowa; 1325 G street, n. w. Territories; Railways and Canals; Accounts.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, Franklin, Hardin, and Wright. Cong. Vote, 34,545.
Henderson, R., 18,076.
Chandlerlain, D., 15,889.

Gen. Henderson is a

Scotchman, 48 years

old,—thirty-nine of

them spent in this

country while he was

growing up on a

farm and fighting for

his country. He has

been a revenue collector

and assistant

United States district

attorney. He is a

member of a large law

firm in Dubuque.

When the House gets

into a storm Gen. Hen-

derson's voice is about

the only one that can be

heard above the

roar of the waves. As an

open-air orator, he is easily

the best on his side of the

chamber. Few would think

to see Gen. Henderson

striding about the House,

that he depended on a

cork leg to buoy him up.

He lost a leg in 1863, under

circumstances that

served to make what was

left of him a very thorough

Republican. Grand Army

men idolize Gen. Henderson.

Dubuque, Iowa; Worndey's Hotel.

Appropriations.



D. B. HENDERSON.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Allamakee, Cerro, Gordo, Clayton, Chickasaw, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, Winnebago, and Worth. Cong. Vote, 32,195.
Fuller, R., 17,063.
Earle, D., 15,132.

It is seldom a

department clerk

risks to the honors

Mr. Fuller has at

tained. Twenty

years ago he was

a \$1,000 clerk in the

Indian office. He

is a Pennsylvanian

by birth, schooled

in Iowa colleges, and

a steady-going coun-

try lawyer when

at home. Mr. Full-

er is not an ora-

tor and is as fac-

turn as a load. It is

when a tough legal

question comes up in

the judiciary com-

mittee that he shows

signs of life.

West Union, Iowa; 1327 N street, n. w.

Judiciary.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Benton, Cedar, Grundy, Jones, Linn, Marshall, and Tama. Cong. Vote, 32,804.
Kerr, R., 16,756.
Frederick, D., 16,048.

There is no hay-

seed in this mem-

ber's hair, but

there is every

chance in the

world for its lodg-

ment. His col-

leagues are au-

thority for the re-

port that Mr. Kerr

has had no use for

a comb since he

went into politics.

Like so many dis-

tinguished Ameri-

cans, Mr. Kerr is

a Scotchman, and

his name (called

Carr) is an old and

honored one in the

land of Burns. He



DANIEL KERR.

came with his parents to Madison County, Illinois, in 1841, when he was five years old; graduated at McKendree College in 1858; read law with Governor Augustus C. Freech, and was admitted to the bar in 1862; entered the army as a private in 1862; was promoted to Second Lieutenant Company C, One hundred and seventeenth Illinois Volunteers, in 1863, and to First Lieutenant in 1864; was elected to the Legislature of Illinois in 1868; removed to Iowa in 1870 and elected to the Iowa Legislature in 1883. He was Presidential Elector on the Blaine and Logan ticket in 1884.

Grundy Centre, Iowa; 19 Grant Place. Claims; Expenditures in the State Department.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Davis, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek, and Wapello. Cong. Vote, 52,020.
Weaver, D., and Gebke, 16,593.
Donnell, R., 16,027.

There is no member of the House who has come to the brass fence around the speaker's chair in better shape of late than Weaver. When he entered Congress he had his name full of all sorts of cockle-burs and everybody put him down as a kicker from Kicksburg.



J. B. WEAVER.

He had the manners and language of a demagogue and was the apostle of Greenbackism. In 1860 while he was a member of the Forty-sixth Congress, the National party in convention at Chicago nominated him for President. He got over 3 per cent. of the aggregate vote—over 10 per cent. in Iowa, and 9 per cent. in Kansas. As a campaigner Gen. Weaver is a decided success. He knows what to do to get on a level with his audience and swing himself and them into enthusiasm over his crochets. The trouble has been that he campaigned with crochets only. As an out and out Democrat he would be head and shoulders above any Western Democrat. Dayton, Ohio, 55 years ago, was his birthplace. He is a Northern brigadier, is a lawyer, has dabbled in journalism with the Des Moines Tribune and was an officeholder six years in consequence of his appointment as internal revenue collector by Andy Johnson.

Bloomfield, Iowa; 130 Maryland ave., n. e.

Patents, chairman; Private Land Claims.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Adair, Dallas, Guthrie, Madison, Marion, Polk, and Warren. Cong. Vote, 29,398.
Conger, R., 15,167.
Carpenter, D., 14,231.

Iowa is a big Philadelphia—a State lacking in noise and bluster, but terribly solid, steady-going and penderous in the conquest of results. She has no metropolis. There is nothing within her borders particularly interesting—no mountains, no great rivers, no great movement of human skill or labor. Iowa might drop out of the continent and our civilization would never feel a lot of loss. But there are usually 6,000,000 hogs in Iowa—more than any State has. She raises 250,000,000 bushels of corn—the second biggest yield in this country. There are



E. H. CONGER.

more good schools and fewer illiterates in Iowa than in any part of the country. There are 185,000 farms in that State. And she commands respect.

Mr. Conger is a fit man to represent the capital district of a vast agricultural State. He has a broad, very honest, Joshua Whitcomb countenance and his voice is loaded with the accents of simple, sturdy, rural worth and selflessness. He is a young man (45) and was born in Knox county, Illinois. He has Abraham Lincoln's autograph on a boxer major's commission for gallantry on the field. Albany law school equipped him for the bar, but he has been a successful farmer since he went to Iowa in 1866. He was State treasurer of Iowa two terms.

Des Moines, Iowa; 1101 K street, n. w. Agriculture.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Adams, Appanoose, Charles, Decatur, Fremont, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union, and Wayne.

Cong. Vote, 33,726.

Anderson, Ind. R., 17,639.

Hepburn, R., 15,757.

This is "The" Anderson. One of the results of the Interstate Commerce act is that Anderson's presence in Congress. There was no more prominent man in the Forty-ninth Congress, and very few able, than Gen. Hepburn. He took the place Garfield once had, whenever his side needed a champion on sectional issues. But he



A. R. ANDERSON voted against the Interstate bill and failed of reelection. Anderson caucuses with neither party but he received two excellent committee appointments for a new member and now and then acts quite like a Democrat. He and Gen. Weaver are cronies. Anderson was born in Ohio fifty years ago. He resigned a post office to enlist in 1861, and was a Lieutenant Colonel in 1865 when he returned home. He has held dozens of offices, including that of State railroad commissioner. He is a lawyer and was United States district attorney from 1876 to 1880. He spreads a great deal of canvas and sailed wing and wing all through the big tariff debate.

Sidney, Iowa; 1025 Vermont avenue. Commerce; Reform in the Civil Service.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Adair, Audubon, Cass, Guthrie, Harrison, Mills, Montgomery, Pottawattamie, and Shelby.

Cong. Vote, 31,745.

Lyman, R., 16,553.

Keatley, D., 11,747.

Scattering, 15.

It is a cold matter of history that the member from the Ninth district wears the soubriquet of "Ugly Lyman." This is not out of disrespect to his temperamental character, but in simple justice to his personal beauty. Looks, however, are not everything, and yellow dogs and



inged cats would be the ally of this world. Mr. Lyman is an able, working member and a forcible debater. He "scraved" from 1861 to 1864 and was eventually called "Ugly Lyman." He was admitted to the bar after the war, and has a good practice at Council Bluffs. Mr. Lyman was born in Michigan in 1840.

Council Bluffs, Iowa; Windsor. Elections.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties: Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Crawford, Emmet, Greene, Hamilton, Hancock, Humboldt, Kosciusko, Palo Alto, Pottawattamie, Webster, and Winnebago.

Cong. Vote, 26,655.

Holmes, R., 16,767.

Wilford, D., 12,885.



A. J. HOLMES, who sold the buttons off his coat for \$30 to buy Benn Pitman's Manual of Shorthand, and whiled away prison life learning that valuable accomplishment. After going to Iowa Mr. Holmes was court reporter as well as lawyer, until his law business grew too large to let him attend to shorthand work. He is forty-six years old and is on his third term in Congress.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Boone, Iowa; 1136 Twelfth st., n. w. Pacific Railroads; Emerald Falls.

Counties: Emmet, Vista, Cherokee, Clay, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux, and Woodbury.

Cong. Vote, 26,277.

Struble, R., 15,270.

Palmer, D., 11,007.



U. S. STRUBLE Here, in one respect, is one of the most remarkable men on the Republican side. He served three years in the army and was a private. He was born near Fredericksburg, Va., in 1843, and moved to Iowa in his boyhood. He never held any office until he

was elected to a seat in the Forty-eighth Congress and he has held that effectively ever since. His profession is the law and his preference in horses is full white, or at least a very light gray.

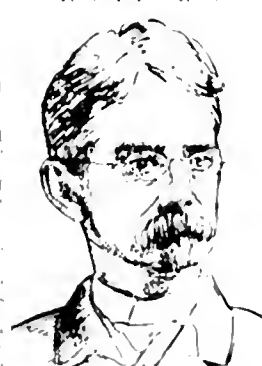
Le Mars, Iowa; 20 Grant Place.

Territories; Pensions.

KANSAS.

THE SENATORS.

John Jas. Ingalls, the senior Kansas senator and the head of the delegation in Congress, would deceive the most unerring judge of age. As he moves about the Senate chamber or strolls out over the country roads around Washington, he might be supposed to be a young man. A thirty-year-old boy would think he was over forty-five. The cold, all right, fact is that he was fifty-four on the 29th of



December, 1887. The cold, all right, fact is that he was fifty-four on the 29th of December, 1887. He is tall, very spare, and of a highly nervous temperament. He was born in old Essex county, Massachusetts, where Caleb Cushing, Rufus Choate, Judge Story and many other great men first saw light. His ancestors and those of Judge Endicott, Secretary of War, founded the city of Lynn. He graduated at Williams College when he was twenty-two, one year before James A. Garfield delivered the valedictory for the class of '50. It is an interesting fact that Rufus Ingalls, the senator's father, and Medford Ingalls, President Garfield's grandmother, were first cousins. Senator Ingalls went to Kansas in 1858, and passed through the exciting days of struggle for free soil in Bleeding Kansas. He became a "John Brown" Republican, and has remained so. For three years he was editor of the Atchison Daily Champion, and for a number of years he edited the Kansas Magazine. Lovers of the curious will find embedded in the editorial pages of the old Kansas Magazine, the Senator's well remembered pterodactyl speech. The pterodactyl figure was an early conceit dug up and well used. When S. C. Pomeroy was pulled from the Senate in 1873 the succession fell on Mr. Ingalls, then in his fortieth year, and looking but twenty-five. He stepped into the front rank of wits and orators in Congress. Mrs. Ingalls was Anna Louise Chesbrough, daughter of a prominent merchant of New York city. Ethel, the oldest daughter, is a pretty and talented girl of nineteen, just making her debut as a bright and interesting correspondent. Elsworth, the oldest son, is a law student in Washington. The other children are carrying on their studies under their mother's care.

Atchison, Kans.; 11 E street, n. w. District of Columbia, chairman; Judiciary; Rules.



PRESTON R. PLUMB, the junior Senator of the "Garden of the West," is just forty years younger than his colleague, as he is four years junior also in the Senate. He is a splendid specimen of self-manufacture. He has been farmer, editor, type-setter, lawyer, court reporter, soldier, stock man, miner, and is now, it is said, safely a millionaire. Few people ever call him colonel, but that was his rank at the close of the war. Colonel Plumb was born on a farm near Delaware, Ohio, and went to Kansas in 1856, where he took up a farm near Emporia and joined the pioneer struggle for life. In those days there were no railroads in Kansas; in 1856 the first road built was done, and but forty miles were in operation that year. The future Senator had to drive, overlaid with his corn and wheat eighty miles to Lawrence to find a market. It was while driving across the country in this way that Senator Plumb did a heroic act of which his honest and homely face is today a monument. At one of the law firms one night he found that a party of Ohio emigrants, in passing, had left one of their number dying of small pox. Plumb swore the man should be cared for. He sent his team on to Lawrence and staid on hand to attend the sick man. No one would aid him. He himself possessed a team to carry the patient to the house of a negro girl wife, who had had the disease and was willing to take the poor fellow in. The team was taken away from him when he had got but a short distance

away. He finally got another and earned his man through. Good care saved his life. Then Plumb went on back to Emporia afoot and was himself taken down with the dread disease and nearly died. Mrs. Plumb is an invalid and seldom appears in society. The Senator is a "powerful" committee worker, and in debate he is a most impassioned, earnest and convincing orator. He was elected first to succeed Senator Harvey in 1877, and in 1883 he was re-elected, as he doubtless will be in 1889.

Emporia, Kans.; 612 Fourteenth st., n. w.

Public Lands, chairman; Agriculture and Forestry; Appropriations; Expenditures of Public Money.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Nebraska, Brown, Doniphan, Pottawatomie, Jackson, Atchison, Jefferson, and Leavenworth.

Cong. Vote, 31,176.
Morrill, R., 17,347.
Brierley, D., 13,828.



With the exception of Mr. Turner, the rest of the Kansas delegation entered the National Legislature with the Forty-eighth Congress. Edmund N. Morrill, of the Hiawatha district, is a Maine man, fifty-four years old, tall, large and benevolent-looking.

He is a banker, and as far back as 1857 sat in the Kansas Territorial Legislature. He enlisted in 1861, and was a Major when mustered out in 1865. In 1879 he was President of the Kansas Senate. Mr. Morrill is an effective speaker and an influential member.

Hiawatha, Kans.; 621 Thirteenth street, n. w.

Leaves and Improvements of the Mississippi River; Invalid Pensions.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Allen, Anderson, Bourbon, Douglas, Franklin, Johnson, Lynn, Miami, and Wyandotte.

Cong. Vote, 33,455.
Funston, R., 18,937.
Robinson, D., 15,418.



Edward Funston is the heavy man from Kansas. He stands six feet in his stockings and weighs two hundred and fifty pounds. He comes from Iowa, in Eastern Kansas, a land of fat and plenty. He, like several of his colleagues, was born in Ohio, and is now fifty-two years old. He was reared on a farm and educated at Marietta College. He enlisted in 1861, and was mustered out in 1865. In 1867 he took up land near Iowa, on the prairie, and that spot is still Home, Sweet Home to him. He was several times elected to the Kansas Legislature, and in 1875 was chosen Speaker. In 1880 he was elected to the State Senate and made President pro tem. When Dudley C. Haskell died, in 1884, Mr. Funston was chosen to serve out his term in Congress.

Carlyle, Kans.; 905 Thirteenth street, n. w.

Agriculture.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Crawford, Cherokee, Neosho, Labette, Wilson, Montgomery, Elk, Chattanooga, and Cowley.

Cong. Vote, 36,716.
Perkins, R., 19,614.
Bacon, D., 15,875.
Forest, Pro., 1,227.

Judge Bishop W. Perkins is the fat man of the delegation. He wears a smooth face and a pleasant smile. His weight is about what President Cleveland's is, but he is tall and shapely. Judge Perkins was born in Ohio and educated at what is now Knox College, Galesburg, Ill. He studied law at Ottawa, Ill., and was admitted to the B. W. PERKINS.

bar in 1867. He was four years a soldier and reached the rank of Captain. For ten years he was a district judge in Kansas, and for a year or two previous had been probate judge. He is an authority on Indian legislation, and one of the most influential committeemen and debaters in Congress.

Oswego, Kans.; 916 Fifteenth street, n. w.

Indian Affairs.



FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Butler, Chase, Coffey, Greenwood, Lyon, Marion, Morris, Osage, Shawnee, Wabaunsee, and Woodson.

Cong. Vote, 37,667.
Ryan, R., 21,961.
Martin, D., 15,706.

The oldest member of the delegation in service is Captain Thomas Ryan, of Topeka, an alert, stout, smooth-faced gentleman, who is one of the best-informed workers on the Committee on Appropriations. Captain Ryan is a New Yorker, fifty-one years old, served through the war in a Pennsylvania regiment. He went to Kansas in 1865, and in ten years was elected to the Forty-fifth Congress and re-elected continually since. He is a lawyer.

Topeka, Kans.; National Hotel.

Appropriations.



FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clay, Cloud, Davis, Dickinson, Marshall, Ottawa, Republic, Riley, Saline, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 36,226.
Anderson, R., 19,240.
Lowe, D., 12,751.
Wilson, R., 3,886.
Lucas, Pro., 379.



J. A. ANDERSON.

Rev. John A. Anderson, of the district adjoining Ryan's, has served in Congress since the beginning of the Forty-sixth Congress in 1879. He is a Pennsylvanian, now fifty-three years old, graduated at Miami University, and in 1857 was ordained a Presbyterian minister in San Francisco. He was chaplain of a California regiment in the war

and was for several years an officer of the Sanitary Commission. From 1873 to 1879 he was president of the Kansas Agricultural College. He was new to politics when elected to Congress. Mr. Anderson is a jolly, popular Congressman both at home and in Washington.

Manhattan, Kans.; 1335 G street, n. w. Commerce.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Cheyenne, Decatur, Edwards, Ellis, Graham, Gore, Jewell, Lincoln, Mitchell, Norton, Osborne, Phillips, Rawlins, Russell, Rooks, Sheridan, Smith, Trego, Saint John, Thomas, and Wallace.

Cong. Vote, 33,529.
Turner, R., 19,624.
Gile, D., 11,359.
Moody, Gible, 2,098.
Breed, Pro., 148.

Erasmus J. Turner is the youngest Kansas Congressman. He is a Pennsylvanian, forty-two years old, and, perhaps, the handsomest member of the delegation, when Perkins and Peters are out of town. He attended college at Henry, Ill., and going to Iowa to live, soon enlisted. He went to Adrian College after the war,



E. J. TURNER.

was admitted to the bar in 1871, and after some years' practice in Iowa, settled down in Kansas. For years he was secretary of the Kansas Board of Railroad Commissioners, a place he resigned to accept a nomination to Congress. He got a prominent committee assignment the first thing on the organization of the House, being appointed to the Public Lands Committee.

Hoxie, Kans.; 1513 Fifth street, n. w. Public Lands.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—McPherson, Gray, Garfield, Grant, Harvey, Haskell, Kearney, Morton, Stanton, Stevens, Sedgewick, Sumner, Harper, Kingman, Reno, Rice, Barton, Stafford, Pratt, Barlow, Comanche, Edwards, Pawnee, Rush, Ness, Hodgeman, Ford, Lane, Scott, Finney, Sevier, Wichita, Greeley, and Hamilton.

Cong. Vote, 59,585.
Peters, R., 34,515.
George, D., 25,070.

Judge Samuel R. Peters is another Ohioan in the Kansas delegation. He was born in Pickaway County, in 1842. Like his colleagues, he enlisted in 1861, and fought until 1865, rising from the ranks to be a Captain. For five years he was a district judge in Kansas, after serving one term in the State Senate. He is used to getting such whacking big majorities as two to one against all comers. It is in Judge Peters' district that the new process of making sugar was discovered and is making such important developments.

Newton, Kans.; National Hotel.

Post-Office and Post Roads.



S. R. PETERS.

KENTUCKY. THE SENATORS.



JAMES R. BECK.

grew up in the surroundings made famous by Scott's "Red Gauntlet," almost within sight of that historic spot where Mary Queen of Scots made her final farewell to her people, and gave herself over to the mercy of Elizabeth. He came to America just as he was attaining his majority, and studied law in Lexington.

Mr. Beck never held any office until elected to the Fortieth Congress. He was elected three times, when he declined to take his seat again, and was chosen to the United States Senate in 1876. He has been re-elected for his third term, which will begin on the third of March, 1889. Mr. Beck is a vigorous debater, who can give and take sledge hammer strokes, and is especially interested in all questions of finance and tariff reform. Mrs. Beck, who died a year ago, was a granddaughter of Colonel John Thornton, of Virginia, and his first cousin, Washington, in his will, bequeathed one-twentieth of his estate to Mrs. Beck's grandmother and Bettie Lewis, another niece. Senator Beck managed this inherited estate for years, but finally sold it. The senator is a famous lover of trotting horses; he would rather have his judgment of speed points verified at the wire than be President, which he never can be. No contest of any importance at Ivy City occurs without the old Scotchman strolling somewhere on the spectators' planks, unless he is bobbing around the pool stand.

Lexington, Ky.; 612 Fourteenth St., n. w.

Appropriations; Expenditures of Public Money; Finance.

Senator Blackburn, whose many imitations stand for the full name of Joseph Clay stiles Blackburn, is a Kentuckian of Scotch descent. His multi-nomen comes from a noble Presbyterian clergyman of Richmond, Va. He was born in Woodford County, Ky., twelve miles from the home of Henry Clay, whose old district Blackburn for many years represented in Congress. He was educated in Kentucky and studied law at Lexington. When sent to Congress he served one term only in the House from 1873 until he was elected to the Senate ten years later. Joe Blackburn, as his colleagues familiarly call him, is one of the ready men of the Senate. He is facile in

phrase-making, quick in expedients and tears no man on a fair field. He is one of the famous raconteurs of the Senate, and his colleagues like nothing better than to go to his committee room and listen to one of his good stories told with an accompaniment of fine old Kentucky bourbon.

He is one of the wags of the Senate, and in turn has to take a good many jokes from his colleagues. One of the best was played upon him last winter. There was a tall, handsome widow lady trying to get a claim paid. She haunted the reception room daily. One day she sent her card in to the county Kentuckian. In some way one of his fellow Senators discovered it, and detaching the messenger a moment, he substituted another for it, bearing the neatly written name "Mrs. Wratz." In a few minutes Blackburn came out, and when he saw his beautiful caller, he advanced with one of his most beaming smiles and said: "I am very glad to meet you, Mrs. Wratz." The widow's eyes gleamed like daggers, and she exclaimed: "Senator Blackburn, I did not come here to be insulted. I am here as a business woman. You are the first Senator who has said 'rats' to me." At this the senator drew out the card and the two saw that they had been made the victims of a practical joke. That night the senator gave a dinner.

The latest good story about Blackburn came up when he and Senator Kenna fell to swapping shooting yarns. Both are enthusiastic sportsmen.

"My dog won't go out," said Kenna, "when I have forgotten my cartridges."

"That's nothing," said Blackburn, "I was out with my best dog one morning and he is the best dog I ever saw—

when there seemed to be no game at all. Pretty soon a strange man came across the field. My dog went for him and pointed. I paid no attention to him and he ran on after the fellow and pointed again. This he did a dozen times. When I came up alongside the stranger, he said 'good morning,' and I responded. Just then I saw the old dog pointing my man. 'My dear fellow,' I said, 'will you please tell me your name?'"

"Partridge," was his reply."

Versailles, Ky.; Elliott House.

Census; Indian Traders; Naval Affairs; Railroads; Rules; To Investigate the Operations of the Civil Service.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Ballard, Caldwell, Callaway, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, Meigs, Cracken and Trigg.

Cong. Vote, 18,266.

Stone, D., 9,739.

Turner, Ind. D., 8,476.



W. J. STONE.

He was born and educated on the soil of his own State, and is a farmer. He was first elected to Congress in 1884.

He lives in the euphoniously named town of Kintawa. He is 47 years old and has several years' experience in the Kentucky Legislature before coming to Washington.

Edinburgh, Ky.; 1341 H Street, n. w. Railways and Canals; War Claims, chairman.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Christian, Daviess, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, McLean, Union and Webster.

Cong. Vote, 18,410.

Lalfoon, D., 10,718.

Jolly, R., 7,695.



POLK LALFOON.

Lalfoon was one of the unlucky who was caught. He still has vivid recollections of long and weary days spent in the Pennsylvania penitentiary as a prisoner of war. He enjoys congressional life and has a record for hard work and good judgment. He is a Kentuckian born, just 44 years old. Madisonville, Ky.; 220 First Street, n. e. Public Lands; Expenditures in the War Department, chairman.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Allen, Butler, Clinton, Cumberland, Edmonson, Logan, Monroe, Muhlenburgh, Simpson, Todd and Warren.

Cong. Vote, 25,751.

Hunter, R., 13,379.

Rhea, D., 12,372.



W. G. HUNTER.

though he is nearly fifty years old. He received his education at Georgetown College, and was something of a prize winner in his schoolboy days.

Burlesville, Ky.; 113 Maryland ave., n. e.

Invalid Pensions; Alcoholic Liquor Traffic.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Breckinridge, Bullitt, Grayson, Hardin, La Rue, Marion, Meade, Nelson, Ohio and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 17,264.

Montgomery, D., 9,692.

Belden, R., 7,572.



A. R. MONTGOMERY.

He is one of the new members of the Fiftyeth Congress, but has already made his mark as a painstaking, hard working, common sense man.

Elizabethtown, Ky.; 948 F Street, n. w. Post Office and Post Roads; Levees and Improvements of the Mississippi River.



JOS. C. BLACKBURN. Twelve miles from the home of Henry Clay, whose old district Blackburn for many years represented in Congress. He was educated in Kentucky and studied law at Lexington. When sent to Congress he served one term only in the House from 1873 until he was elected to the Senate ten years later. Joe Blackburn, as his colleagues familiarly call him, is one of the ready men of the Senate. He is facile in

FIFTH DISTRICT.

County.—Jefferson.
 Cong. Vote, 19,788.
 Caruth, D., 9,964.
 Wilson, R., 9,824.



A. G. CARUTH.

also studied law at the University of Louisville, and has been practicing since 1866. He has held various local offices, and was elected to Congress by the slender majority of 140 votes.

Louisville, Ky.; 28 Iowa Circle.
 Pacific Railroads; Education.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton and Trimble.

Cong. Vote, 12,127.
 Carlisle, D., 6,476.
 Thoebe, L., 5,651.

Speaker Carlisle entered Congress in 1877, and in the quick flight of ten years has come to be one of the most famous party leaders of the times. Three elected speaker, the last time without the slightest opposition he is praised by men of all parties for his fairness, his good sense, his readiness. He is eloquent in debate, convincing and liberal. Even as a leader of the tariff-reform party, he is not willing to be misunderstood as an extremist.

In a speech in the House, when the vital question of free trade was in its earliest stages of discussion, Mr. Carlisle said: "In the broad and sweeping sense which the use of the term implies, I am not a free trader. Of course that is understood. At least, it should be. In my judgment it will be years yet before anything in the nature of free trade will be wise or practical in the United States. When we speak of this subject we refer to approximate free trade, which has no idea of crippling the growth of home industries, but simply of scaling down the iniquities of the tariff schedule. After we have calmly stood by and allowed monopolies to grow fat, we should not be asked to make them bloated."

Like all his colleagues in the House and Senate, with the exception of Senator Beck and Colonel Breckinridge, Mr. Carlisle was born in Kentucky. He is now fifty-two years old. He was loyal during the war, and opposed to secession. He held numerous State offices, and was Lieutenant Governor of Kentucky from 1871 till 1875. Mr. Carlisle's mother was a native of Rhode Island, a member of the Reynolds family. His middle name came from his grandfather, Griffin Reynolds. He was named John after his father's father, John Carlisle, who was a native of Virginia.

Covington, Ky.; 1426 K Street, n. w.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bourbon, Fayette, Franklin, Harrison, Henry, Oldham, Owen, Scott and Woodford.

Cong. Vote, 4,791.
 Breckinridge, D., 4,791.
 No opposition.

William Campbell Preston Breckinridge, of the Lexington district, is another Scotch Kentuckian. The first of his family in this country was a Scotch covenant, who fled to America on the restoration of the Stuarts. A brother of this covenant was one of Kentucky's first United States Senators. John C. Breckinridge was a son of this Senator Breckinridge, and William Campbell Preston Breckinridge is a cousin to General John C. Breckinridge. He was born in Baltimore in 1837, where his father was a Presbyterian clergyman for thirteen years. He was educated in Kentucky, and for a time was professor of Equity Jurisprudence of Cumberland College. He was elected to Congress in 1884 without objection. Colonel Breckinridge is a fine-looking man, with snow-white hair and beard, and is regarded as one of the most brilliant orators on the Democratic side. His father presided over the convention that re-nominated Lincoln in 1864 and was intensely loyal all through the war.

Lexington, Ky.; 1512 N Street, n. w.
 Ways and Means; Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Anderson, Boyle, Garrard, Jackson, Jessamine, Laurel, Lincoln, Madison, Mercer, Owsley, Rockcastle, Shelby and Spencer.

Cong. Vote, 18,317.
 McCreary, D., 11,240.
 Todd, R., 7,077.

A solid man in the Kentucky delegation is Governor James B. McCreary, of the Richmond district. He was born in Madison County, was educated in his own State, but studied law at Cumberland University in Tennessee. He graduated in 1859, with the first honor in a class of forty-seven. The war interrupted his practice, and for four years he served in the saddle as Lieutenant Colonel of a Kentucky cavalry regiment. With the restoration of peace honors came easy and fast, until in 1875 he was elected Governor, his service extending over an interval until 1879.

Richmond, Ky.; Riggs House.
 Foreign affairs; Private Land Claims, chairman.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bath, Bracken, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Martin, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson and Rowan.

Cong. Vote, 27,198.
 Thomas, R., 13,693.
 Wall, D., 13,505.



G. M. THOMAS



W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE.

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 Foreign affairs; Private Land Claims, chairman.

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Senator Breckinridge was a son of this Senator Breckinridge, and William Campbell Preston Breckinridge is a cousin to General John C. Breckinridge. He was born in Baltimore in 1837, where his father was a Presbyterian clergyman for thirteen years. He was educated in Kentucky, and for a time was professor of Equity Jurisprudence of Cumberland College. He was elected to Congress in 1884 without objection. Colonel Breckinridge is a fine-looking man, with snow-white hair and beard, and is regarded as one of the most brilliant orators on the Democratic side. His father presided over the convention that re-nominated Lincoln in 1864 and was intensely loyal all through the war.

Lexington, Ky.; 1512 N Street, n. w.
 Ways and Means; Merchant Marine and Fisheries.



J. B. MCCREARY.

see, where he graduated in 1859, with the first honor in a class of forty-seven. The war interrupted his practice, and for four years he served in the saddle as Lieutenant Colonel of a Kentucky cavalry regiment. With the restoration of peace honors came easy and fast, until in 1875 he was elected Governor, his service extending over an interval until 1879.

Richmond, Ky.; Riggs House.
 Foreign affairs; Private Land Claims, chairman.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bath, Bracken, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Martin, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson and Rowan.

Cong. Vote, 27,198.
 Thomas, R., 13,693.
 Wall, D., 13,505.



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 Foreign affairs; Private Land Claims, chairman.

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 Ways and Means; Merchant Marine and Fisheries.



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Richmond, Ky.; Riggs House.
 Foreign affairs; Private Land Claims, chairman.

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Counties.—Bath, Bracken, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Johnson, Lawrence, Lewis, Martin, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson and Rowan.

Cong. Vote, 27,198.
 Thomas, R., 13,693.
 Wall, D., 13,505.



G. M. THOMAS



W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE.

LOUISIANA. THE SENATORS



RANDALL L. GIBSON is a Kentucky man, born in 1832. He was educated at Lexington and at Yale. In 1855 he declined the secretaryship of Legation to Spain. He was added to the Governor of Louisiana at the commencement of the civil war, and served until its close in the Confederate army. He is now a lawyer and planter. He was elected to the Forty-third Congress from the Second Congressional District, but was denied admission. He was a Representative in the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Congresses, and was elected to the United States Senate without opposition, taking his seat March 1, 1883.

New Orleans, La.: 1723 Rhode Island avenue.

Agriculture and Forestry: Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress; Commerce; Expenditures of Public Money; Transportation Routes.

One of the best equipped public men in the Senate is James B. Eastland. He was not so fond of old books, dictionaries and his friends. He might be one of the great orators and debaters of the age. He is a Club man, and somewhat of a bon vivant. He is cultured, educated and a lover of good company. He is a relative of the late W. W. Garrison, the millionaire philanthropist, and his race is well known in club circles and in general society. He attended Harvard Law School and was admitted to the bar in 1866, at New Orleans, where he was both the confederate and the Union Advocate at the commencement of hostilities as Judge Advocate on the staff of General Magruder, and after one year's service was transferred to the staff of General Joe Johnston, with whom he served until the close of the war, when he resumed practice at New Orleans. He was elected a member of the State Legislature, prior to the reconstruction act, and was one of the committee sent to Washington to confer with President Johnson on Louisiana affairs. He was nominated by Congress in 1872 as a candidate at large, but was left off by the Union of Delegates. He was elected a member of the State Senate for four years, in 1874 and was a United States Senator from December 10, 1877, to March 3, 1879. At the close of his election to 1884 he was Professor of Civil Law in the University of Louisiana. The father was elected in the Louisiana many years.

New Orleans, La.: 1761 N. Third St. W.



JAMES B. EASTLAND

Centennial of the Constitution; Epidemic Diseases; Improvement of Mississippi River; Interstate Commerce; Privileges and Elections.

THE MEMBERS

FIRST DISTRICT.

City and Parishes. That portion of the parish of Orleans between Julia street and the lower city limits, including the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, and 15th wards of the city of New Orleans, and the parishes of Plaquemine and Saint Bernard.

Cong. Vote, 13,001
Wilkinson, D., 11,350
Barwell, R., 1,649
Scattering, 2.

Theodore Stark Wilkinson was born in Plaquemine Parish where he now lives, and received a common school education before and during a portion of the war at a boarding school in Washington, D. C. He was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee for a number of years. This is his first experience in Congress. He is 41 years old.

New Orleans, La.: 201 Delaware ave., n. e.

Coinage, Weights, and Measures; War Claims.

SECOND DISTRICT.

City and Parishes. That portion of the parish of Orleans above Julia street, including 1st, 2d, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 16th, and 17th wards of the city of New Orleans, and parishes of Jefferson, Saint Charles, Saint James, and Saint John the Baptist.

Cong. Vote, 11,167
Lagan, T. 930
Herr, 6,537

A fine looking old Irish gentleman is Matthew D. Lagan, of New Orleans, who claims County Kerry, Ireland, as his birthplace. He emigrated to the United States in 1843, when he was 14 years old, arriving in New Orleans December 28, 1843, and has been engaged in manufacturing and mercantile pursuits since 1845. In 1867 he was elected to the Common Council of the city of New Orleans. In 1879 to the Convention which framed the present Constitution of the State of Louisiana, in 1882 again elected to the Common Council, and was then elected as President and acting Mayor during the term. He has not been in Congress before this.

New Orleans, La.: 240 Delaware ave.
Commerce; Election of President and Vice President.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Parishes. Assumption, Assumption, Calcasieu, Cameron, Iberia, Iberville, La Cade, La Fourche, Saint Martin, Saint Mary, Terre Bonne, and Vermillion.

Cong. Vote, 20,474
Gay, D., 14,782
Barwell, R., 11,022



T. S. WILKINSON



M. D. LAGAN



E. J. GAY, 72 years old and since 1855 has resided in Louisiana, and been largely engaged in commercial, manufacturing, and agricultural pursuits. He was prominently instrumental in the enterprise of the river from the first and the present Merchants' Exchange building at Saint Louis, and the first president of the Louisiana Sugar Exchange of New Orleans from its foundation in 1882. He has never devoted time to political affairs, but was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress, and re-elected to the Fiftieth.

Plaquemine, La.: 1758 N. St. n. w.
Appropriations.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Parishes. Breunville, Bossier, Caddo, De Soto, Grant, Natchitoches, Rapides, Red River, Sabine, Vernon, Webster, and Winn.

Cong. Vote, 5,747.
Blanchard, 5,747.
No opposition.

A slender, grishly blonde, clad in a neat white suit both summer and winter will always attract the visitor's attention about the House. It is Newton, Grain Blanchard, of Shreveport, a native Louisiana, 39 years old. He was educated in his State and commenced the practice of law at Shreveport in 1871, and still continues in practice there. Mr. Blanchard may be called Major as he is an aide with that rank on Gay McKinney's staff. He wields a good deal of power in the House, being chairman of the River and Harbor committee. Shreveport, La.: 212 North Capitol street.

Rivers and Harbors, chairman. **FIFTH DISTRICT.**

Parishes. Caldwell, Catahoula, East and West Carroll, Calhoun, Concordia, Franklin, Jackson, Lincoln, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tensas, and Union.

Cong. Vote, 14,113
Newton, 13,618

Cherul usen is Mr. C. Newton's first name, but he seldom spells it out in full. His father was a Louisiana who took part in that important battle before the member from the fifth district was thirty days old, and it suggested a name that did very well as long as Mr. Newton was a boy, and could be called Cherry, but in later years has been in annoyance, being



N. C. BLANCHARD



C. NEWTON

too long to write out in full, and incapable of abbreviation. Mr. Newton taught school, and read law; was admitted to the bar in 1870, and entered upon the practice of his profession in Louisiana. He was elected to the State Senate in 1879, and served four years. He declined a judgeship in 1885, preferring to remain in active practice.

Bastrop, La.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Public Buildings and Grounds; Eleventh Census.
Cong. Vote, 104,811.
Gifford, R., 66,462.
Day, D., 37,879.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Acadia, Avoyelles, East and West Baton Rouge, East and West Feliciana, Livingston, Pointe Coupee, Saint Helena, Saint Landry, Saint Tammany, Tangipalooa, and Washington.
Cong. Vote, 9,257.
Robertson, D., 6,707.
Voigt, R., 2,550.



S. M. ROBERTSON. The Baton Rouge member is the handsome and young (36) Mr. Samuel Matthews Robertson. He was graduated from the Louisiana State University in 1871, completed a course of law study and was admitted to practice in 1877; was elected a member of the State Legislature from the Parish of East Baton Rouge in 1879 for a term of four years. In 1880 he was elected a member of the Faculty of the Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College. He filled the Chair of Natural History in that institution of Commandant of cadets, until he was elected to the Fiftieth Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of his father, Judge Robertson.

Baton Rouge, La.; 202 Delaware ave.
Military Affairs; Levees and Improvements of the Mississippi River.

MAINE.

THE SENATORS.



EUGENE HALE. Eugene Hale is called the Armand of the Senate. He wears an Armand beard, and might step from the play of Camille, and furnish no displeasing incongruities in the transition. Mr. Hale is precise in matters of dress. He wears highly polished boots, snowy linen, rare cravats,

no jewels and several new silk hats in each year. He is soft spoken, never excited, and possesses the polish of Parisian politeness. Mr. Hale is short, but well proportioned, and his thin hair is parted into a sort of whirlpool in the center of his head, and falls in a bang on his high forehead. He is swarthy and dark eyed. He is practical, scientific, quick at figures, calculating, shrewd, plausible. He married a daughter of Zach Chandler, and therefore became a trustee millionaire. The Senator's oldest boy is named Chandler Hale, while senator William E. Chandler's oldest boy is

named Hale Chandler. Both lads are named after distinguished Senators, who were their grandfathers.

Edswoth, Me.; 917 Sixteenth street, n. w.

Census, chairman; Appropriations; Epidemic Diseases; Naval Affairs; Investigate the Operations of the Civil Service, chairman.

A blonde eyed, smiling, winsome man in his moments of relaxation, is William P. Frye, the junior Maine Senator. He is a son of Bowdoin. In the class of '50. He has been legislator, mayor, attorney-general, a national Executive committee man, President

Electoral, and for six Congresses he was a prominent figure in the House. In 1872, 1876 and 1880, he sat in the national conventions of his party. In 1881 he succeeded Mr. Blaine as chairman of the Republican State Committee of Maine. He again succeeded Mr. Blaine when he entered the Senate, the Plumed Knight having resigned to become Gen. Garfield's Secretary of State. Senator Frye is the friend of the New England fishermen, and his criticisms of the administration, in their behalf have been both forcible and unanswerable. Gen. Frye has stumped almost every State in the Union for his party.

Lewiston, Me.; Hamilton House.
Commerce, chairman; President's Message Transmitting the Report of the Pacific Railway Commission, chairman; Expenditures of Public Money; Foreign Relations; Privileges and Elections.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, York and Cumberland.
Cong. Vote, 31,044.
Reed, R., 15,625.
Gifford, D., 11,299.
Thussey, Pro., 775.
Scattering, 335.

No picture can do justice to Tom Reed. His physiognomy is as baffling and exasperating as Shakespeare's, and the two are said to look enough alike to be brothers, but for the incongruity of time and a few other circumstances. Reed is a giant of a man, with a big, round head, covered with a thin, fine growth of soft brown hair, a short neck and a fat face. He is one of the brainiest men of the House, and one of its readiest spenders. He uses no notes, and he stands straight up, looking the other side in the eye, and growing red as his irony goes rapierlike through and through his opponents. Often with one hand in his pocket and sometimes both, he uses every part of his anatomy while speaking. He shakes his head a great deal, throws his finger at Sam Randall, and utters his sentiments in the twang of a Maine Yankee. He is the leader of the Republicans, and his tongue is as sharp as a two-edged sword. He has never been beaten in an oratorical contest yet, and he impresses you with



T. B. REED.

the idea of an immense amount of reserve force. His voice is alone of its kind. There blends in it the drawl and twang of Maine, the idiom of Boston, the dialect of all Yankeeedom. It is so thoroughly representative of the Yankee that it has been said that Dr. Holmes had Tom Reed in mind when he described Silas Peckham's voice. "That peculiar, acid, penetrating tone, thickened with a nasal twang, which not rarely becomes hereditary after three or four generations raised upon east winds, salt fish, and large white-headed pickled cucumbers."

Mr. Reed was born in Portland, graduated from Bowdoin, in 1860, was a Paymaster in the Navy and in 1865 began to practice law. He was several times elected to both branches of the legislature and was Attorney General of Maine three years. He has been in six Congresses. Mr. Reed is expected to become a Senator in due time.

Portland, Me.; The Hamilton.
Ways and Means; Rules.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Oxford, Franklin, Androscoggin, Sagadahoc, Knox, and Lincoln.
Cong. Vote, 33,680.
Dingley, R., 18,210.
Garcelon, D., 14,811.
Eastis, Pro., 3,929.

Gov. Dingley is a spare, dark, bent and stoop-shouldered man who might be taken for a Spaniard. He was born in Androscoggin County and is 56 years old. He graduated at Dartmouth College in the class of '55; studied law and was admitted to the bar, but left the profession to

N. DINGLEY, JR., become proprietor and editor of the Lewiston Journal in 1856, and still maintains that connection. He has served many times in the legislature and was Speaker of the House in 1863 and '64. He was Governor of Maine in 1874 and '75. He was a Delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1876. In 1881 he took Mr. Frye's seat in the House. He was a member at large to the Forty-eighth Congress and sat in the Forty-ninth.

Lewiston, Me.; Hamilton House.
Banking and Currency; Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties, Kennebec, Somerset, Waldo, and Hancock.
Cong. Vote, 31,772.
Mulliken, R., 17,994.
Ladd, D., 13,003.
Bervey, Pro., 775.

Seth L. Mulliken, of Belfast, was born in Montville, Waldo County, Maine; was educated at Union College, New York, where he graduated in 1856; is a lawyer by profession; was, during two terms, a member of the Maine Legislature; was

S. L. MULLIKEN, Clerk of the Supreme Judicial Court; was Delegate to the Republican National Convention at Cincinnati in 1876; was elector of President the same year; was a Delegate to the Republican National Convention at Chicago in 1884; and has



S. L. MULLIKEN.

taking his seat that he was a speaker of brilliant powers. Mr. Rayner was educated at the University of Virginia. In 1875 he was elected to the Maryland legislature, and was chosen chairman of the Baltimore City Delegation. In 1886 he was elected to the State Senate from Baltimore City for four years, and while a member of that body was elected to the Fiftyeth Congress. He practices law in Baltimore and goes home from Washington every night during the session. No member has a better chance to consult his constituents constantly as business goes on in Congress.

Baltimore, Md.
Commerce; Foreign Affairs; New Library.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

City and Counties.—The 6th and 7th precincts of the 15th ward, the 1st precinct of the 16th ward, the 17th ward, the 1st precinct of the 18th ward of the city of Baltimore; the 1st and 13th districts of Baltimore County; Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Howard, Prince George's, and Saint Mary's Counties.

Cong. Vote, 24,797.
Compton, D., 13,579.
Tuck, R., 10,850.
Armstrong, Pro., 368.



B. COMPTON.
land legislature many times, serving as president of the Senate during the sessions of 1868 and '70. He was elected State Treasurer of Maryland in 1874 for two years, and re-elected for five successive terms, holding the office for eleven years, resigning in the second year of his sixth term to be elected to the Forty-ninth Congress.

Laurel, Md.
Labor; District of Columbia; Ventilation and Acoustics.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Allegany, Garrett, Frederick, Montgomery and Washington.
Cong. Vote, 33,929.
McComas, R., 16,851.
Banghman, D., 16,438.
Mann, Pro., 640.



L. E. McCOMAS.
as a spinning wheel hums. He is a little over 40 and came from Williamsport, Md. He was at St. James College when the battle of Antietam happened right about it, and at Dickinson College when the Gettysburg battle was fought. After McComas graduated at Dickinson College he went over to the Eastern Shore of Maryland and studied law at Cambridge in quiet, and finished his law studies

at Hagerstown and came to the bar only in 1865. The first time he ran for Congress he was beaten by 11 votes. The next time McComas beat Montgomery Blair by something like 1,300 votes. He is the only man who has passed a pension bill over the head of Grover Cleveland. He is a brunette, with a pale skin of a dark tint and a delicate black moustache and black hair.

Hagerstown, Md.
Appropriations.

MASSACHUSETTS. THE SENATORS.

The successor of Charles Sumner in the Senate, is a plain old fashioned public servant, who has plodded honorably and usefully through forty long years of service in office. Hon. Henry Dawes was born as long ago as 1816, in Cummington, Mass.



After leaving class of 1839, he taught school, then became a country editor with the Greenfield Gazette and the Adams Transcript, two venerable provincial sheets. In 1842 Mr. Dawes was admitted to the bar and to this day he has a considerable country practice on which he depends. His first representative office was member of the Massachusetts legislature from 1848 to 1850. He was attorney for Western Massachusetts until 1857 when he was elected to Congress where he remained until 1873. As chairman on the committee on Ways and Means, Mr. Dawes shaped many tariff measures. He was noted for economy, plain business sense, and absolute integrity. In 1875 he entered the Senate and in 1881 and 1887 he was re-elected. As chairman of the Senate committee on Indian Affairs Mr. Dawes has accomplished great good for the red man. To him is largely due the passage of the Severally bill. It was by his efforts also that work was resumed on the Washington Monument, and while in the House in 1869, Mr. Dawes set in operation the present efficient system of weather intelligence. His daughter, Miss Anna assists her father in his public work, and has earned a place for herself as a journalist and author.

Pittsfield, Mass.: 1705 M street, n. w.
Indian Affairs, chairman; Appropriations; Civil Service and Retrenchment; Fisheries; Transportation Routes to the Seaboard; Five Civilized Tribes of Indians; President's Message Transmitting the Report of the Pacific Railway Commission.



GEORGE F. HOAR
hand he constantly twirls and jingles a bunch of keys. This old looking old party is George Fiske Hoar, who may,

If he chooses, write four LL.D's after his name, William and Mary, Amherst, Yale and Harvard having each conferred this degree upon him. Judge Hoar was born in Concord, Mass., the birthplace of his father, who was a noted anti-slavery man, a very successful lawyer and a member of Congress. Judge Hoar graduated from Harvard in 1846 and later from Harvard Law School, beginning practice in Worcester in 1852, he was elected to the legislature. In 1860 he came to Congress. In 1877 he declined a fifth re-nomination and was elected to the Senate to succeed Mr. Boutwell. While in the House he was a manager in the Belknap trial and also sat with the Electoral Commission in the Inquest on Mr. Hayes' title to the Presidency. Nothing shoots Mr. Hoar onto his feet quicker than any thing at the result of that famous trial. He regards Rutherford B. Hayes' election to the Presidency more absolute and formal than that of George Washington or Gen. Grant. Mr. Hoar was president of the Garfield Convention in 1880, has been an overseer of Harvard, regent of the Smithsonian, and is now president of the American Antiquarian Society and trustee of the Peabody Museum of Archaeology.

Worcester, Mass.: 1525 K street, n. w.
Privileges and Elections, chairman; Centennial of the Constitution; Claims; Judiciary; Library; Claims against Nicaragua.

THE MEMBERS. FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Barnstable, Dukes, and Nantucket, with the towns of Acushnet, Dartmouth, Dighton, Fairhaven, Freetown, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport, and the cities of Fall River and New Bedford, in the county of Bristol; and the towns of Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, and Wareham, in the county of Plymouth.

Cong. Vote, 16,071.
Davis, R., 9,416.
McLaughlin, D., 5,768.
Scatterling, 887.



R. T. DAVIS.
He representative from the Fall River district is a fine old-school gentleman, Dr. Robert T. Davis. He was born in the County of Down, North of Ireland, in 1823, of parentage Presbyterian on the paternal side and Quaker on the maternal side; his parents immigrated to this country and settled in Amesbury, Essex County, Massachusetts, when he was three years of age. They gave him an academic education and he graduated at the Medical Department of Harvard University in 1847. For a short time he was Dispensary Physician in Boston. Then he practiced medicine three years at Waterville, Maine, and removed to Fall River in 1850, where he has since resided, except for a short period. He was a member of the Massachusetts State Constitutional Convention of 1853; of the Massachusetts State Senate of 1859 and 1861; of the Republican National Conventions of 1860 and 1876; and was Mayor of Fall River in 1875, being elected without opposition, and declining a re-election. He has been three times elected to Congress.

Fall River, Mass.: 1337 K street, o. w.
Commerce.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—The towns of Attleborough, Berkley, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, and Raynham, and the city of Taunton, in the county of Bristol; the towns of Braintree, Canton, Cohasset, Hollbrook, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, and Weymouth, in the county of Norfolk; and the towns of

Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Caryer, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Hahoy, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, South Abington, South Scituate, and West Bridgewater, in the county of Plymouth.

Cong. Vote, 21,470.

Long, R., 11,317.

Morse, D., 9,195.

Scattering, 55.



JOHN D. LONG.

Hingham has been his home. Gov. Long's legislative career is like stains. He was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1875, '76, '77, and '78, serving the three last years as Speaker of the House; was Lieutenant Governor of Massachusetts in 1879, was elected Governor of Massachusetts in 1880, '81, and '82, was then sent to Congress, taking his seat with the Forty eighth, and now he intends to take the last step and reach the landing by retiring to private life. His public service has given him no time to gain wealth, and he thinks he owes something to his capacities in this direction. Gov. Long was a candidate for the Senate when Mr. Dawes was elected in 1887, and finished very close to the prize. He'll get it yet.

Gov. Long is another literary fellow. His translation of the Aeneid is excellent and his speeches have always a fine literary flavor. He made a fine address last year to the Chautauquians on "The Extension of our Foreign Commerce." At the Chicago Convention in 1884 he made the speech nominating Judge Edmunds for the presidency. He is a wonderful reader. His articulation is perfect. Every letter sounds as his voice rises and falls as rhythmically as though he were reading the Aeneid. He does not confine himself to his paper, but keeps his eyes the most of the time upon his audience, glancing at the page now and then and gesturing by shaking his head as he goes along. Gov. Long holds his name in being short and stout, with a big square deep-set head. Hingham, Mass., 132 E. K. street, n. w.

Appointments.

THIRD DISTRICT

COUNTIES. Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and precincts 3 and 4 of ward 1, in the city of Boston, and the town of Milton, in the county of Norfolk.

Cong. Vote, 20,840.

Morse, D., 11,199.

Emory, P., 9,138.

Scattering, 222.



LEOPOLD MORSE.

Leopold Morse is a native of Hingham, Mass. He is a successful merchant and a public-spirited citizen. He was elected to the city of Boston, and served in the House of Representatives. He is a member of the Suffolk County Board of Supervisors. He is a member of the Suffolk County Board of Supervisors. He is a member of the Suffolk County Board of Supervisors.

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place as errand boy in Sandwich, N. H. He moved from there to New Bedford and afterwards went to Boston, and it was not long before he and his brother had saved up enough money to buy out his former employer in the clothing business. Mr. Morse grew rich, sent one of his brothers to Harvard, became president of the Suffolk club in Boston, and is now one of the shining lights of Eastern Democracy. He entered Congress in 1876, carrying his district by a majority of 1,200. He had twice before been defeated. Mr. Morse has been twice elected a delegate to the national Democratic convention, and is now representing his State for the fifth term in Congress. His friends have dubbed him "Lucky Leopold."

Boston, Mass.; Wrentham's.
Merchant Marine and Fisheries, Expenditures in the State Department, chairman.

FOURTH DISTRICT

CITY OF BOSTON, Wards 1, 2, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 16; precincts 2, 3 and 4 of ward 8 and precincts 1 and 2 of ward 15.

Cong. Vote, 15,241.

Collins, D., 11,201.

Collins, R., 3,820.

Scattering, 234.



P. A. COLLINS.

of Cork, Ireland, and is 41 years old, coming from the people, he is a people's man always. For eight years he worked at the upholsterer's trade, giving his spare time to study. He read law in the Harvard Law School and in Boston, where he has practiced since his admission to the bar in 1874. He was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1868 and 1869 and of the Massachusetts Senate in 1870 and 1871. He was Judge Advocate General of Massachusetts in 1875. This is his third term. Mr. Collins is a particularly able presiding officer and presided with great success over the St. Louis Convention that re-nominated President Cleveland.

Boston, Mass., 132 E. K. street, n. w.
Judiciary, Pacific Railroads.

FIFTH DISTRICT

COUNTIES. Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 9, 10 and 25 and precinct 1 of ward 8, in the city of Boston, with the cities of Somerville and Cambridge, and the towns of Arlington, Belmont, Burlington, Lexington, Waltham, Watertown and Woburn, in the county of Middlesex.

Cong. Vote, 19,840.

Hayden, R., 11,361.

Reed, D., 8,000.

Scattering, 180.



MR. HAYDEN.

Mr. Hayden is another Harvard man. He took the successful track of a lawyer. He entered the U. S. Navy as paymaster. He was in the Massachusetts Legislature several terms and came to Washington first as a member of the Forty-fifth Congress. He

is a brother-in-law of the artist James Jackson Jarves.

Woburn, Mass.; 1732 H. street, n. w.
Naval Affairs.

SIXTH DISTRICT

COUNTIES. Part of Suffolk, comprising wards 3, 4 and 5 in the city of Boston, the city of Chelsea, and the towns of Revere and Winthrop, with the city of Lynn, and the towns of Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott, in the county of Essex; and the city of Malden, and the towns of Everett, Melford, Melrose, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Winchester.

Cong. Vote, 26,710.

Lodge, R., 14,195.

Scattering, 12,577.

Scattering, 185.



H. C. LODGE.

Handsome as a thoroughbred, with glossy coat, fiery eye, arching neck, slim steel-like legs, and no end of go, is Henry Cabot Lodge, the young member from Nahant, who represents the classic ground of Essex and Suffolk counties. Mr. Lodge is more a man of letters than politician, but he has been an influential man for several years among young Republicans in the old Bay State. He was graduated from Harvard with the class of 1871, was graduated at the Law School in 1874, admitted to the Suffolk bar in 1875, and took the degree of Doctor of Philosophy in 1876. To obtain this degree he wrote an essay on the "Anglo-Saxon Land Law," which was published by Little, Brown & Co. in the same year. For three years he was the Harvard lecturer on American History, both the Colonial and subsequent periods, beginning in the winter of 1876-77, and closing in that of 1878-79. It was while engaged in the studies for these lectures that he planned the social history of the English Colonies in America, which was first given to the public in the form of a course of Lowell Institute lectures, in the spring of 1880. From 1873 to 1877 he was associated with Professor Henry Adams in the editorship of the North American Review. In 1878 he published the "Life and Letters of George Cabot," his great grandfather. In 1880 he edited a little volume of "Ballads and Lyrics," and in March of the same year, with John T. Morse, Jr., as joint editor, he had charge of the International Review. Mr. Lodge's "History of the English Colonies in America," bears marks of untiring research and is a valuable contribution to our knowledge of the American people before they had grown into a distinct nationality and a homogeneous race. He sat in the Massachusetts legislative two sessions, and his election to Congress defeated no less a worthy than Henry B. Fawcett, now United States Marshal for eastern Massachusetts. Mr. Lodge is athletic as well as literary, and came in first at one of the most spirited paper chases during the past season.

Nahant, Mass., 1-27 Nineteenth street, n. w.
Elections.

SEVENTH DISTRICT

CITIES AND TOWNS. The cities of Chelsea, Haverhill, Newburyport, and Salem, with the towns of Amesbury, Beverly, Lynn, Lynnfield, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Groveland, Hamilton, Ipswich, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Methuen, Middlebury, Newbury, Peabody, Rockport, Lowell, Salisbury, Topsfield, Andover, and West Newbury, in the county of Essex.

Cong. Vote, 21,040.
Cogswell, R., 9,863.
French, D., 8,459.
Spaulding, L., and Pro., 2,663.
Scattering, 25.



Wm. COGSWELL.

When the Fiftieth Congress was in its infancy last December, something of a sensation was caused one night by the announcement that President Cleveland had taken a walk down past Newspaper Row with a strange lady on his arm. Gossip carried the story on lightning heels and it caused a big splutter. In a few hours, however, somebody discovered that the pedestrian was Gen. William Cogswell, of Massachusetts, who was in town ready to take his seat as member for the seventh district of the Bay State. He looks wonderfully like Mr. Cleveland in a dim light and the improbability of the President's being seen abroad with any lady but his charming, happy bride. He is just fifty, but looks and feels as young as Henry Cabot Lodge, his not less handsome colleague. Dartmouth might have claimed him as a son if he had not yielded to his love of the sea and shipped before the mast. Afterward he graduated from Harvard Law School. Gen. Cogswell lives in Secretary Endicott's town, but Gloucester is one of the main places in his district. He has made a thorough study of the fishery question, both in a historical and practical way, and so he is well prepared to speak as to the feelings of sailors on the Yankee cod and mackerel and herring fleet. Gen. Cogswell is short, broad and chubby cheeked, and shaves off all his beard except a moustache. He wears a long black Prince Albert "all buttoned down before." His white tie gives him a clerical look. Gen. Cogswell is a good campaigner. He proved that when he won the triangular fight in his district, proving himself the hypochondriac, and defeating good looking Col. Jonas H. French and a parson named Spaulding, who ran on the labor ticket. But he has seen sterner fighting than this. He won his leadership in the field, on the march to Savannah, odd Tecumshs giving it to him in the presence of Secretary Stanton. He was with Banks at Shenandoah, with Pope at South Mountain, became Lieutenant-Colonel at Antietam, and Colonel at Chancellorsville. He has twice been mayor of Salem and served six terms in the State Legislature. His lawyer's shingle hangs out in Pemberton square, opposite Boston's new State House just rising.

Salem, Mass.; 1341 L street, n. w.
Rivers and Harbors.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Cities and Towns.—The city of Lawrence, with the towns of Andover, North Andover and Methuen, in the county of Essex; and the city of Lowell and the towns of Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Roxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Drayton, Dunstable, Grafton, Littleton, North Reading, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford and Wilmington, in the county of Middlesex; and the towns of Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster and Litchfield, in the county of Worcester.

Cong. Vote, 20,337.
Allen, R., 10,216.
Donovan, D., 9,684.
Scattering, 437.



C. H. ALLEN.

Ben Butler's old district has a wonderfully young-looking member. He might be taken for 25, but is 40. Mr. Allen was born in Lowell, and is an Amherst man of the class of '69. He was twice elected to the State legislature, and is now on his second term in Congress. Mr. Allen is a brilliant speaker, and has a penchant for amateur photography. To gratify a poor widow in his district, who wrote him that she would love to see her soldier boy's grave at Arlington, the Lowell Congressman trudged over to "Fame's eternal camping ground" and took a good picture of the spot, which he sent to the old lady with his most gallant respects.

Lowell, Mass.; The Portland.
Post-Office and Post Roads.

NINTH DISTRICT

Cities and Towns.—The city of Newton, and the towns of Ashland, Farmington, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Sherborn, Wayland, Weston, Hudson, Marlborough, Sudbury, Maynard, and Lincoln, in the county of Middlesex; and the towns of Blackstone, Mendon, Milford, Westborough, Southborough, Northborough, Berlin, and Clinton, in the county of Worcester; and the towns of Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Madfield, Medway, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Walpole, Wellesley, Wrentham, and Hyde Park, in the county of Norfolk.

Cong. Vote, 21,259.
Burnett, D., 10,354.
Ely, R., 10,143.
Scattering, 762.

It's suthin' that you labrin-folks up north hed ought to think on.
Thet Higges can't beame themselves to ruin' by a Lincoln—
Thet men (an guynons, in) thet hez such normal names ez Pickins.
Accustomed to no kin' o' work, thout 't is to givin' Pickins.
Can't masure votes with folks that get their livins from their farms.
An' probably think thet Law's ez good ez hev'n coats o' arms.



A son-in-law of the author of the Biglow Papers has undoubtedly the right to be a Democrat if he so pleases, but what an incongruous mess it makes of old and sacred sentiments! It is worse perhaps than Mr. Lowell's heterodoxy since his return to America. Mr. Burnett's name is famous. His father had it printed on myriads of bottles of Burnett's Cocaine. In 1871 Congressman Burnett was graduated from Harvard, being then twenty-two years old. The following year he married Mr. Lowell's only child. Mr. Burnett is a modest quiet gentleman, whose voice has yet to wake its maiden echo in debate. His home is near Farmington on Deerfoot Farm, whose name gives endorsement to a kind of sausage that has found favor with epenites. The young Congressman is a business-like farmer, who advertises and pushes the sale of his farm products widely. "Deerfoot Farm" butter, cheese, sausage, raspberry jam, pickles, eggs, and several other delicious edibles fill the shelves of the store in Boston, where Mr. Burnett's agent presides, and Beacon street and Commonwealth avenue in that cultured city feel

that they are hardly having the right sort of food unless Deerfoot Farm has helped furnish the table, particularly with butter or cream cheese. Mr. Burnett's pet hobby is choice cattle. He has devoted his attention closely to securing a fine herd of blooded Holsteins, and has one that cannot be surpassed, if it can be equalled, in his own State. Last summer he spent considerable time in Holland looking for new purchases. He is president of the cattle show association that fills Madison Square Garden for a week every spring, and is well known to lovers and breeders of good cows. Mr. Burnett is tall and of rather broad shoulders, with a clear, bright face. He won on a Democratic and Independent ticket, defeating Judge Ely of Dedham. He is a tariff reformer, and one of the results of Massachusetts's Mugwump vote.

Southborough, Mass.; 806 Seventeenth st., n. w.
Agriculture; Labor; Mileage.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Cities and Towns.—The city of Worcester, with the towns of Auburn, Barre, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Grafton, Hardwick, Hadden, Leicester, Millbury, New Braintree, Northbridge, North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Princeton, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sutton, Upton, Uxbridge, Warren, Webster, West Boylston, West Brookfield, in the county of Worcester, and the towns of Belchfield, Holland and Wales, in the county of Hampden.

Cong. Vote, 19,594.
Russell, R., 9,728.
Rice, D., 8,977.
Farle, Pro., 876.
Scattering, 13.



The Worcester district, in which Senator Hoar lives, is represented in this Congress by John E. Russell, one of the brightest Yankees in New England. His father, John Russell, was Greenfield's great cutlery maker, who sold his goods all over the world, in competition with the best that any nation could make. Congressman Russell never entered a college, but he filled his head with the contents of a wide and instructive set of books. His father had him fitted for Yale, and then set him at learning French and Spanish thoroughly. In 1857 the young man set off for South America to collect material for a history of the Central American States. He collected a store of data, but the book has never been written. Mr. Russell was, for some time, diplomatic agent in Washington, together with Ben Halliday, for the Panama Railroad and Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and had a salary of over \$10,000 a year. When Halliday sold out to Wells, Fargo & Co., Mr. Russell decided to enjoy life and cease worrying. He retired from business and to a delightful home in Leicester. Living in an agricultural region he got to farming for fun. He became well acquainted with the farmers of the State, and they all liked him so well that in 1880 he found himself elected Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture. He stayed there six years, and when he went out every farmer and every farmer's man in the State, lifted up their voices and wept. They said they never could get so good a secretary again. Mr. Russell, for a year or so, was a reporter in New York city, working on the Herald, and also writing letters to the Springfield Republican. He has spent several years in London and Paris. Mr. Russell is of

medium height, with brown hair, mustache and side whiskers. His face is frank and open. With Mr. Russell in Washington is his wife, a charming woman, who for thirty years has been Mr. Russell's closest confidant. Mrs. Russell reads widely and has a thorough knowledge of national topics, particularly of the tariff. An interesting coincidence is that both she and her husband were pupils in an old Worcester country school of ex-Congressman Rice, whom he now succeeds.

Dedecster, Mass.; The Arlington Foreign Affairs; Pensions.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Franklin and Hampshire, with the city of Holyoke; in the county of Hampden; the city of Fitchburg, with the towns of Ashburnham, Athol, Dana, Gardner, Hubbardston, Leominster, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Westminster, and Winchendon, in the county of Worcester.

Cong. Vote, 22,091.
Whiting, R., 12,661.
Currier, D., 8,098.
Scattering, 1,332.

Mr. Whiting is one of the greatest paper makers in the United States. He lives in the paper town of Holyoke, where the best part of the paper used in the country is made. Mr. Whiting has had numerous political honors—Holyoke's Mayoralty, her seat in the State legislature, a seat in the Republican national convention of 1876, and this is his third term in Congress.



Wm. WHITING, Holyoke, Mass.; The Portland Banking and Currency; Levees and improvements of the Mississippi River.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Lerkshire, with the city of Springfield and the towns of Blanford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Hampden, Long Meadow, Ludlow, Monson, Mountgomery, Palmer, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, West Springfield, and Wilbraham, in the county of Hampshire.

Cong. Vote, 29,545.
Rockwell, R., 10,181.
Joyner, D., 9,366.
Scattering, 108.

The old Pittsfield district, so long and well represented by Mr. Hayes, now has a younger representative in Francis W. Rockwell, a native Pittsfielder, 44 years old. He is an Amherst man and a graduate of Harvard Law School. The election of George D. Robinson to the governorship of Massachusetts opened the way for Rockwell to come to Congress. Having had several terms in the legislature he dovetailed into the opportunity and made his appearance in the larger arena. Mr. Rockwell wears heavy eye glasses and looks very wise. He is not a man to court notoriety, and it is a good thing for him to have him to keep in touch with the public and new paper cuts. He says he has never had his photograph taken and it is probably the fact. Why he should not is not a very reasonable thing. Mr. Rockwell is tall and handsome and his features fit in to the good work of his intellect.

Pittsfield, Mass.; Ex. Hon. Foreign Affairs.



MICHIGAN. THE SENATORS.



THOMAS W. PALMER.

educated in his own State, and was the first student in her famous university at Ann Arbor. At all the university traditions, Senator Palmer is sought for to lend age, dignity, wit and good digestion to her feasts. He held but two offices before he entered the Senate. He was an honored member of the Detroit City Board of Estimates, and was a State Senator one year. It took eighty-one ballots to elect him to the Senate, but the Senator says he never expected any more salary on that account. His term expires next year, and the Senator expects to succeed himself. Prohibition is one of Palmer's recent fads, and he is really quite interested in it. Of late he has given much attention to mesmerism. Senator Palmer's brownstone house on 1 street, opposite McPherson square, is one of the notable fine mansions of the city. The kitchen is in the fifth story, and the art treasures and curios in the parlors cost nearly as much as the house itself.

The Senator has a big log house on his farm near Detroit, where he entertains his rural neighbors with fond delight. Whenever his Senatorial colleagues come to see him he gives them a spade and shows them where to plant a tree. In this way he has made quite an arboreal graph collection which posterity will undoubtedly look upon with wonder.

Detroit, Mich.; 1435 E street n. w. Agriculture and Forestry, chairman; Commerce, Education and Labor; Transportation Routes to the Sea board; Woman Suffrage.

Senator Stockbridge, the junior Senator, took his seat with the opening of the fiftieth Congress. He is an elderly, partial chad man, with a heavy snow white beard, a strong dignified face, crowned with masses of flowing gray hair. Maine is his native State, and he was born in the town where so many people agree to be in the fall in summer time.

He is four years older than he looks, and has been in the Senate. He started out in life as a clerk in Boston, and in 1843 went to Chicago and opened a lumber yard. He is still heavily interested in lumber, and has large yards in Chicago. As a lumberman he represents an interest that has made Michigan rich and distinguished her over her sister States. Mr. Stockbridge made his home in Kalamazoo in 1851 and has a fine house there.

Thomas Palmer, the Withereff senior Senator, looks to be thirty-five years old, and is in every respect, but age. He was born nearly seven years before Michigan became a State, in the city of Detroit, and is fifty-eight years old. He was educated in his own State, and was the first student in her famous university at Ann Arbor. At all the university traditions, Senator Palmer is sought for to lend age, dignity, wit and good digestion to her feasts. He held but two offices before he entered the Senate. He was an honored member of the Detroit City Board of Estimates, and was a State Senator one year. It took eighty-one ballots to elect him to the Senate, but the Senator says he never expected any more salary on that account. His term expires next year, and the Senator expects to succeed himself. Prohibition is one of Palmer's recent fads, and he is really quite interested in it. Of late he has given much attention to mesmerism. Senator Palmer's brownstone house on 1 street, opposite McPherson square, is one of the notable fine mansions of the city. The kitchen is in the fifth story, and the art treasures and curios in the parlors cost nearly as much as the house itself.

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Kalamazoo, Mich.; 1440 M street n. w. Fisheries, chairman; Census; Epidemic Diseases; Indian Affairs; Railroads.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

County—Wayne.
Cong. Vote, 34,014.
Chipman, D., 17,367.
Robinson, R., 15,801.
Frisbie, Pro., 876.

Judge J. Logan Chipman would ex- cede an Englishman's wonder. He represents the metropolitan county of his State named after Mad Anthony Wayne, and the Judge was born, educated, prospered and honored on the prairie spot where, in 1830, his birth-year. Indians used to come by thousands to do their trading. Judge Chipman is an able man of affairs. He has had the varied life of a representative Westerner. In 1846 he was engaged in the Lake Superior region as explorer for the Montreal Mining Company; in 1854 was admitted to the bar, and in that year added in the payment of the Chipmewas of Lake Superior, and participated in making the treaty of Detroit with the Ottawa and Chipmewas. In 1856 he was elected City Attorney of Detroit, and held that position till 1861; in 1861 was elected to the Legislature; in 1866 ran for Congress on the Democratic ticket, but was defeated; in 1870 was elected Judge of the Superior Court of Detroit, to which position he was re-elected at the end of six years.

Detroit, Mich.; 325 C street n. w. Foreign Affairs, Invalid Pensions; Labor Troubles in Pennsylvania.



SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties—Hillsdale, Lenawee, Monroe, and Washtenaw.

Cong. Vote, 31,452.
Allen, R., 16,518.
Salsbury, D., 15,186.
Crozier, Pro., 2,418.

Mr. Allen, of the Ypsilanti district, is an often slave partisan. President Cleveland removed him from the office of United States Indian Agent for Michigan in December, 1885. He is a soldier looking handsome man, forty-nine years old. He was born in Washtenaw county, on a farm where he lived until he was twenty years old. He served through the war with General Antheim, his colleague from the Monroe district, with whom he was also associated as partner. He has held numerous State offices. He ran for Congress in 1884, but was beaten. Two years later he had a sure thing.

Ypsilanti, Mich.; National Hotel Indian Affairs.



THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Barry, Branch, Calhoun, Eaton, and Jackson.
 Cong. Vote, 39,508.
 O'Donnell, R., 20,215.
 Hanked, F., 15,499.
 Allen, Pro., 3,594.



J. O'DONNELL.
 The Michigan delegation in the House would be without representation in a most important profession, were it not for Mr. O'Donnell's presence. He is the editor of the Jackson Daily Citizen, an excellent purveyor of fresh news and bright ideas. He was born at Norwalk, Connecticut, in 1840; and removed with his parents to Michigan in 1848. His education consisted of the printer's trade. At the breaking out of the war he enlisted as a private in the First Michigan Infantry, and served out his time, participating in the first battle of Bull Run; was elected Recorder of the city of Jackson for four terms, 1863—1866; was Presidential Elector in 1872, and was designated by the State Electoral College as messenger to convey the vote of Michigan to Washington; was elected Mayor of Jackson in 1876.

Jackson, Mich.; 1919 N street, n. w.
 Education; Accounts.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Berrien, Cass, Kalamazoo, Saint Joseph, and Van Buren.
 Cong. Vote, 36,000.
 Burrows, R., 18,257.
 Sherwood, F., 15,744.
 Boyden, Pro., 1,999.

When Tom Reed goes over to the Senate to stay, as he will some day, the leader of the House will be Julius Caesar Burrows, who hails from Kalamazoo. Mr. Burrows is a tall, square-set, considered man, erect as a soldier (which he was from 1862 to 1864) and weighing 200 pounds. He was



J. C. BURROWS.

born in Erie County, Pennsylvania, in 1837. His education was that of the common schools, the academy and law offices. After the war he became prosecuting attorney of Kalamazoo and in a few years he was elected to Congress. He sat in the Forty-third, Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh. Then a young fellow with the queer name of Yapple interrupted him. But he came back to the Forty-ninth and was re-elected to the Fiftieth. President Arthur offered him the consolation of an assistant Attorney-Generalship in 1884, but he declined. In 1884 he was a delegate-at-large to the Chicago Convention. Burrows is a capital stumper and has traversed the entire country for his party.

Mr. Burrows would be an interesting figure as the leader of a Republican majority in the House. As speaker he would rapidly assume the proportions of a presidential quantity and, more than any man who has borne a prominent part in public life since Mr. Blaine's retirement, fix a new magnetic center in American politics. His manner is decided and he expresses his opinions with unspeakable certainty and confidence in their correctness. He has not the splendid audacity nor the cat-footed agility of Mr. Blaine, but his intellects are seldom badly clogged and he knows what the people want. As an administrative officer he would be admired. Kalamazoo; 1416 K street, n. w.
 Ways and Means.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Allegan, Ionia, Kent, and Ottawa.
 Cong. Vote, 39,776.
 Ford, D., 18,567.
 McBride, R., 18,120.
 Briggs, Pro., 3,086.
 Scattering, 3.

Mr. Melbourne H. Ford, of the Grand Rapids district, is a multiprofessional Congressman. Having graduated from the Michigan Agricultural College, he is naturally a professional farmer. But Mr. Ford is a graduate of the Naval Academy, at Annapolis, so he is also a jolly far check by jowl with old Neptune. Moreover Mr. Ford is a shorthand writer of great speed. He read law thoroughly, and was admitted ten years ago. To these callings he has now added the profession of statesmanship.

Grand Rapids, Mich.; 1213 Connecticut avenue.

Military Affairs; Territories.



M. H. FORD.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clinton, Genesee, Ingham, Livingston, and Oakland.
 Cong. Vote, 39,609.
 Brewer, R., 19,034.
 Fedewa, D., 17,148.
 Partridge, Pro., 3,427.

One of the most modest and popular men in the delegation is Mark Brewer, of Pontiac. He is a Michigan under brought up on a farm. He read law in Pontiac and has practiced there since 1864. He served in the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Congress, was Consul-General at Berlin



M. S. BREWER.

four years, and re-entered Congress with the first session of the Fiftieth. Pontiac, Mich.; National Hotel.
 District of Columbia; Revision of the Laws.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, Sanilac, and Saint Clair.
 Cong. Vote, 28,333.
 Whiting, D., 13,777.
 Sanborn, R., 12,963.
 Clark, Pro., 1,593.



J. R. WHITING.

Justin Rice Whiting, of the St. Clair district, is a native of New York, forty one years old. His parents removed to Michigan when he was in pinafores. He is a prosperous merchant and manufacturer.

Mr. Whiting's business ability has rendered his services in Congress decidedly effective. He is popular and has made a good record.

Saint Clair, Mich.; 1537 P street, n. w.
 Agriculture; Mines and Mining.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Grafton, Isabella, Midland, Montcalm, Saginaw, and Shiawassee.
 Cong. Vote, 37,846.
 Tarsney, F., 18,301.
 Horr, R., 17,615.
 Abbey, Pro., 1,930.

Tim Tarsney, of the Saginaw district, is serving his second term in Congress. He began life as a steamboat engineer, studying law by the light of his engine fire. Entering the law class of Michigan University in 1870, he graduated two years later. He beat Roswell G. Horr, the funny man, who made merry so many years in Congress. East Saginaw, Mich.; National Hotel.
 Commerce; Levees and Improvements of the Mississippi; Labor.



T. E. TARSNEY.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Antrim, Charlevoix, Kalkaska, Lake, Manistee, Mason, Mecosta, Missaukee, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana, and Wexford.

Cong. Vote, 33,817.
 Cutcheon, R., 17,226.
 Mason, F., 14,198.
 Ellis, Pro., 2,393.

Gen. Cutcheon is

a man of the Garfield type—studious, affable, ready and popular. He graduated from Ann Arbor in 1861, and became principal of the Ypsilanti high school. The war made him a brevet brigadier, and at once on returning home he studied law. In 1866 he graduated from the Michigan University law school and began practicing at Manistee, where he has since lived. From 1877 to 1883 he was postmaster there. This is his third term.

Manistee, Mich.; 1409 Massachusetts ave.

Military Affairs.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Alcona, Alpena, Bay, Cheboygan, Clare, Crawford, Emmet, Gladwin, Iosco, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Oscoda, Otsego, Presque Isle, Roscommon, and Tuscola.

Cong. Vote, 29,011.
 Fisher, F., 15,047.
 Loud, R., 12,900.
 Ross, Pro., 1,064.

Here is a "future possible." Mr. Spencer O. Fisher, of the Bay City district, is one of the most popular, as well as wealthy men in Michigan. He would not object to being governor. Mr. Fisher was born at Camden, Hillsdale County, February 3, 1843; was educated at the public schools, one year at Alden College, and one year at Hillsdale College, both in Michigan, but never graduated. He is engaged in lumbering and banking; was Mayor of West Bay City, Michigan, 1881—84; was Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Chicago, in 1884. This is his second term in Congress.

West Bay City, Mich.; 1105 Sixteenth street, n. w.

Rivers and Harbors; Enrolled Bills, chairman.



S. O. FISHER.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Baraga, Benzie, Chippewa, Delta, Grand Traverse, Houghton, Isle Royal, Keweenaw, Leelanaw, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon, and Schoolcraft.

Pacific Railroad 1863 till 1872, and Trustee till 1879; and President of the Saint Paul and Chicago 1863 till 1877. He was a member of the Territorial Legislature 1851; State Senator 1864-1866, 1874-1876; a member of the lower House in 1867, 1872, 1877, and 1878, and Mayor of Saint Paul 1881-1883; re-elected in 1885, and resigned in February, 1887.

Saint Paul, Minn.; Cor. 15th and K sts., n. w.

Appropriations; Expenditures in the War Department.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Atkin, Becker, Benton, Big Stone, Carlton, Cass, Clay, Crow Wing, Douglas, Grant, Itasca, Kittson, Lake, Marshall, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Norman, Otter Tail, Polk, Pope, Stearns, Stevens, Saint Louis, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, and Wilkin.

Cong. Vote, 45,176.

Nelson, R., 43,937.

Long, D., 1,239.

Knute Nelson,

the Free Trade Rep-

ublican, received

the largest ma-

ajority given any

man in this Con-

gress. He repre-

sents the big

northern Minne-

sota district, rich in

pine and wheat

lands, and from

250 to 300 miles

long and wide.

There are 12000

Scandinavian votes in the district and

Mr. Nelson has had them solid. He is

the first and only member from the dis-

trict and when he was first nominated in

1882, he and his delegates were mobbed

out of the convention hall. His oppo-

nent spent \$130,000 to beat him and was

left out of sight. Nelson was brought

up in Wisconsin and was in the Badger

State Legislature several terms before

going to Minnesota. He served through

the war as a private. He has a large

law practice in Minnesota and has de-

clined a renomination in order to get back

to it. He is a shrewd, level-headed

member, usually accomplishing results

with ease and despatch.

Alexandria, Minn.; 704 Fourteenth st.,

n. w.

Indian Affairs.



KNUTE NELSON.

Scandinavian votes in the district and Mr. Nelson has had them solid. He is the first and only member from the district and when he was first nominated in 1882, he and his delegates were mobbed out of the convention hall. His opponent spent \$130,000 to beat him and was left out of sight. Nelson was brought up in Wisconsin and was in the Badger State Legislature several terms before going to Minnesota. He served through the war as a private. He has a large law practice in Minnesota and has declined a renomination in order to get back to it. He is a shrewd, level-headed member, usually accomplishing results with ease and despatch.

Alexandria, Minn.; 704 Fourteenth st., n. w.

Indian Affairs.

MISSISSIPPI. THE SENATORS.



JAMES Z. GEORGE.

ment of Mississippi Volunteers. On his return he studied law and was admitted to the bar in Carroll County. He was elected Reporter of the High Court of Errors and Appeals in 1854, re-elected in 1860, and prepared and published ten volumes of the Reports of the decisions of that Court, and afterwards prepared and published a Digest of all the decisions of the Supreme Court and High Court of Errors and Appeals of that State, from the admission of the State into the Union to and including the year 1870. He was a member of

James Zachary George is a Georgian, now 62 years of age. He has lived in Mississippi since he was eight years old. He carried a musket into the Mexican war under Jeff Davis who was then Colonel of the First Regiment of Missis-

the Convention in Mississippi in 1861 which passed the ordinance of secession, and he voted for and signed that instrument. He was a Captain in the Twentieth Regiment of Mississippi Volunteers in the Confederate States Army; afterwards a Brigadier-General of State troops, and afterwards Colonel of the Fifth Regiment of Mississippi Cavalry in the Confederate States Army. In 1875 and 1876 he was chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee of Mississippi; in 1879 he was appointed one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Mississippi, and elected Chief Justice. He resigned his seat on the Supreme Bench in February, 1881, to take his seat in the Senate on the 4th of March of that year, and was re-elected in 1886.

Jackson, Miss.; 1508 P street, n. w. Agriculture and Forestry; Education and Labor; Judiciary; Railroads

Senator Wal-
thall succeeded
Justice Lamar
when he entered
President Cleve-
land's cabinet.
He is a Virgin-
ian, born at
Richmond in
1831. He was
educated at Hol-
ly Springs. In
1852 he was ad-
mitted to the
bar. He was
elected district
attorney of the
Tenth judicial
district of Mis-
sissippi in 1856,
re-elected in 1859. In the spring of
1861 he entered the Confederate service
as lieutenant in the Fifteenth Mississippi
volunteers, and was soon after elected
lieutenant-colonel. In the spring of 1862
he was made colonel of the Twenty-ninth
Mississippi Regiment, and in December,
1862, was promoted to be brigadier gen-
eral, and in June, 1864, to be major gen-
eral.

After the war Gen. Walthall practiced law at Coffeeville—afterwards at Grenada, Miss. He was a delegate to the National Democratic conventions in 1868, 1876, 1880 and 1884. He was first appointed to the Senate to fill the vacancy caused when Justice Lamar was appointed secretary of the Interior, and was elected by the legislature of his State to serve for the unexpired term. In January this year he was re-elected.

Grenada, Miss.; 813 Vermont avenue. Civil Service and Retrenchment; Improvement of Mississippi River; Military Affairs; Public Lands.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Alcorn, Hawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss, and Tishomingo.

Cong. Vote, 3,167.

Allen, D., 3,140.

Scatterling, 27.



J. M. ALLEN.

"Johnnie" Allen is the funny man of the House. Since Horv of Michigan and Bedford of Colorado disappeared Allen has been without much competition in his kind of fun. He talks on the floor of the House as though he were on the stump, flourishes his arms about

like a windmill, throws his fist at the speaker, and raises his hands to the galleries. He is a dark, sallow man of about 40, with bushy brown hair covering the crown and sides of his head, and with a high, saffron forehead. He has a Roman nose, with exceedingly large nostrils, which seem to quiver between a sneer and a laugh as he talks. He talks well, and always has an audience. He began his law practice in 1870 and was district attorney of his county four years. This is his second term in Congress. Allen's bright sayings would fill a mighty entertaining book.

In one of his speeches a member arose and requested permission to ask a question. Allen drew himself up to his full height and said, "I'm sorry, Mr. Speaker, but I cannot allow myself to be interrupted except by applause."

A reporter recently attempted to interview Allen on the subject of the tariff. "You must excuse me," said the witty Mississippian, "before I can make up my mind on the tariff I shall have to hear myself speak on the subject."

One day Allen was engaged in telling a story to a knot of members during a roll-call. He did not hear his name until the second call, and then turned quickly to Congressman Taulbee and inquired how he had voted. "I voted, 'No,'" whispered Taulbee.

"No," shouted Allen with great emphasis.

"Why did you follow Taulbee on that vote?" a member inquired.

"Well," replied Allen with a quizzical smile, "Taulbee looks mighty like my colored in the late war. I followed him for four years, and he never once led me where there was any danger. I guess I'll stick to Taulbee."

Tupelo, Miss.; Metropolitan Hotel. Indian Affairs; Indian Depredation Claims.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Benton, De Soto, La Fayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchee, Tate, Tippah, and Union.

Cong. Vote, 11,650.

Morgan, 7,858.

Chalmers, 3,792.



J. B. MORGAN.

James B. Morgan, of the Hernando district, is a Tennessean, 40 years old. He was admitted to the bar in 1857, and has been a practicing lawyer ever since when not engaged in the public service. He was elected Judge of Probate before the war; resigned and was mustered into the Confederate States service as a private. He was elected Captain, and in the organization of the Twenty-ninth Mississippi Infantry was elected Major. He was promoted Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel. At the close of the war he was again elected Judge. He was a member of the State Senate of Mississippi in 1876, 1877, and 1878. This is his second term in Congress.

Hernando, Miss.; 222 Third street, n. w.

Agriculture; Expenditures in the Navy Department.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bollivar, Coahoma, Issaquena, Le Flore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower, Tensas, Warren, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 6,900.

Catchings, D., 4,518.

Simrall, R., 2,382.



T. C. CATCHINGS.
Senate of Mississippi in 1875 for a term of four years, but resigned on being nominated in 1877 for Attorney General. He was elected and was re-nominated by acclamation in August, 1881, and elected in the following November, resigning February 16, 1885. This is his second Congress.

Vicksburg, Miss.; The Woodmont.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Kemper, Montgomery, Noxubee, Pontotoc, Webster, Winston and Yalobusha.
Cong. Vote, 3,056.
Barry, D., 2,961.
Scattering, 122.



F. G. BARRY.
1879; was a Democratic Elector at Large for the State of Mississippi in 1880. He sat in the Forty-ninth Congress.

West Point, Miss.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Elections; Pensions; Expenditures on Public Buildings.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Attala, Clarke, Holmes, Jasper, Lauderdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott, Smith, Wayne and Yazoo.
Cong. Vote, 3,527.
Anderson, D., 3,500.
Scott, 27.



C. L. ANDERSON.
In that command, receiving promotion through the successive grades of non-commissioned officers, until July, 1864, when he was transferred to Bradford's cavalry troop of Scouts, with the rank

of Second Lieutenant. In which capacity he served until the close of the war. He entered the University of Mississippi in 1866, where he remained until the summer of 1867, having taken a partial course in both the literary and law departments. He commenced the practice of law in the town of Kosciusko, in 1868. He was elected to the Mississippi Legislature, in 1879.

Kosciusko, Miss.; 1529 1 street, n. w.
Post Office and Post Roads; Expenditures in the Post Office Department.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Adams, Amite, Covington, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, Perry, Pike, and Wilkinson.

Cong. Vote, 12,109.
Stockdale, D., 8,254.
Lynch, R., 3,825.

Thomas Ringland Stockdale is a Pennsylvania of Irish descent. He spent his boyhood on his father's farm and was graduated from Jefferson College in 1856, and from the law department of the University of Mississippi in 1859. He settled in Pike County, Miss.

1857, enlisted as a private in the sixteenth Mississippi Infantry in 1861; was elected successively Lieutenant, Adjutant, and Major of that Regiment; was elected Major of Stockdale's Battalion of Cavalry in 1863, and commanded the outposts of the army at Fort Hudson till it was invested. He was made Lieutenant-Colonel of the Fourth Mississippi Cavalry in 1864. He was severely wounded while commanding his regiment in the battle of Hattisburg, Mississippi. At the close of the war he returned to Summit, where he has been engaged in the practice of law since. He was a member of the National Democratic Convention in 1866 and was Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1872, and again in 1881. In Washington Col. Stockdale lives in a room where Gen. George Washington used to sleep when he came up from Mt. Vernon. It is in the only house Gen. Washington built or owned in the Capital City.

Summit, Miss.; Hillman House.
Public Lands; War Claims.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Chalmer, Copiah, Franklin, Hinds, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, Rankin, and Simpson.

Cong. Vote, 4,514.
Hooker, D., 4,508.
Scattering, 6.

One of the readiest of debaters. In the House sits on a side aisle nearly fronting the Speaker. He has a gray mustache, a high forehead, and a fine American face. His brown hair is combed back from his forehead. He lost his left arm at Vicksburg, and the empty sleeve is buttoned in the front of his coat. He wears a checkered collar of an orthodox pattern and a dark cravat



T. R. STOCKDALE.



C. F. HOOKER.

neatly tied. His Prince Albert coat is always buttoned when he appears upon the floor of the House. He is courtly and suave, and he interests all who listen to him. This gentleman is Gen. Charles E. Hooker of Mississippi. He has a clear, resonant voice attuned to the acoustic capacity of the House, and there is no trace of Southern lineage in his accent. He elucidates his points without waste of words, and with a skill and energy that are apt to carry conviction to the minds of his hearers. He graduated from Harvard Law School and was in the Mississippi legislature when the war called him to arms. After his wound he again entered the service. He was twice elected Attorney General of his State, and was removed by the United States military authorities. He has been in Congress nine years.

Jackson, Miss.; 1702 Nineteenth street, n. w.
Foreign Affairs; Military Affairs.

MISSOURI. THE SENATORS.

Senator Cookrell is the successor of Carl Schurz, and has had his seat thirteen years. He was born in Missouri, graduated from Chapel Hill College, Missouri, and has been a lawyer all his life. Until elected to the Senate he never held public office. His exhaustive inquiry into the methods of work in the various Government departments, is a monument of industry.

Warrensburg, Mo.; 1518 R street, n. w.

Woman Suffrage, chairman; Appropriations; Military Affairs; Public Lands; Examination the Methods of Conducting Business in the Executive Departments.

George Graham Vest is an orator of the "silver-tongued" variety, Kentucky born and bred, in 1833 he settled in Missouri to practice law. He took credentials from a part of the Missouri population to the Confederate Congress and Senate, and was a member of those bodies for three years. He succeeded the distinguished Gen. Shields in 1879. Senator Vest is fifty-eight years old.

Kansas City, Mo.; 1204 I street, n. w.
Commerce; Judiciary; Public Buildings and Grounds; Transportation Routes.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Adair, Clarke, Knox, Lewis, Marion, Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland, and Shelby.

Cong. Vote, 31,778.
Hatch, D., 17,323.
Harrison, R., 14,455.



E. M. COOKRELL.



GEORGE G. VEST.



W. H. HATCH.

"Farmer" Hatch is one of the indispensable features of the House. He does not enjoy the golden esteem of the oleomargarine folks, but he is regarded by his colleagues as one of the able men in their midst. He is rather "soft" in his ways, but yields amiably to fair play. Mr. Hatch is a Kentuckian, 55 years old, by profession a lawyer and this is his fifth Congress. The confederate army claimed his services during the war and he played an important part as a commissioner of exchange under the cartel. He can be called "General" as he was an assistant adjutant general.

Hannibal, Mo.; 4322 G street, n. w. Merchant Marine and Fisheries; Agriculture, chairman.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Carroll, Charlton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph, and Sullivan.

Cong. Vote, 34,924.
Mansur, D., 17,171.
Hall, Ind. D., 16,441.
Quagle, Grbk., 1,312.

Mr. Mansur is one of the stand-by's of the Missouri Democracy. He was a member of his State committee from 1864 to 1868 and has been delegate to Democratic National conventions for twenty years past. In 1884 he was a delegate at large. In 1872 the Liberal Republicans nullified on his candidacy for Congress, but he was beaten. This is his first term. C. H. MANSUR and he is a strong influential member. In appearance he is tall, massive and imposing. He was born in Philadelphia in 1835.

Chillicothe, Mo.; 471 C street, n. w. Territories; Claims.

THIRD DISTRICT.

HOLLINGSWORTH.

Counties.—Caldwell, Clay, Clinton, DeKalb, Daviess, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray, and Worth.

Cong. Vote, 35,159.
Dockery, D., 19,649.
Harwood, R., 15,327.
Jordan, Grbk., 143.



A. M. DOCKERY.

Dr. Dockery was born in the State he in part represents, in the year 1845. Three medical colleges claim him as an alumnus, but he abandoned medicine fifteen years ago, and took to banking successfully. He is a fearless fighter, and a man of great nerve and self-reliance. This is his third Congress. In 1886 he was selected chairman of the Missouri Democratic State Committee. Missourians sometimes think he would look well in the Senate.

Callatin, Mo.; Willard's Hotel.

Post-Office and Post-Roads; Expenditures in the Post-Office Department, chairman

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway, and Platte.

Cong. Vote, 26,015.
Burnes, D., 14,051.
Dunn, R., 11,961.



J. N. BURNES. As far back as 1856 he was a Presidential elector voting for Buchanan and Breckinridge. For several years he was a circuit judge. He entered Congress in 1884. Saint Joseph, Mo.; Willard's Hotel. Appropriations; Revisions of the Laws.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Jackson, Johnson, and Lafayette.

Cong. Vote, 31,951.
Warner, R., 16,368.
Phillips, D., 15,583.

One of the two Republican members from Missouri is Judge Warner, of Kansas City. He is the leading Republican of his State; in 1885, when Senator Vest was re-elected, Judge Warner received the votes of the Republican members of the legislature as their candidate for the Senate.

He was born in Wisconsin, and educated at Lawrence University, and at Ann Arbor. He saw nearly four years army service and went to Kansas City after the war. He was presidential elector on the Grant ticket, in 1872, and ten years later President Arthur appointed him United States district attorney for the Western district of his State. Judge Warner is 47 years old.

Kansas City, Mo.; Willard's Hotel. Territories; Expenditures in the War Department.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Penton, Boone, Camden, Cooper, Dallas, Hickory, Howard, Monticane, Morgan, Pettis, Polk, and Saline.

Cong. Vote, 33, 236.
Heard, D., 21,558.
Guitar, R., 11,678.



J. T. HEARD.

John T. Heard, of Sedalia, has run the gamut of State offices. He was born in Missouri, educated there, and in 1872 was elected to the State legislature. Then he served four years in the State Senate, and in 1881 he was retained to prosecute claims of the State against the general government. This is his second term. Mr. Heard is especially active in the departments, and knows the ins and outs of routine in the various bureaux thoroughly. He is generous to a fault and will work night and day to do a friend or constituent a favor. If it were not for the civil service law

he would bring half his constituency to Washington.

Sedalia, Mo.; 814 New Jersey avenue.

Elections; District of Columbia.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Audrian, Franklin, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, Saint Charles, and Warren.

Cong. Vote, 28,347.
Hutton, D., 15,212.
Martin, R., 13,135.

Mr. Hutton has been a journalist. He is one of the unalterable and unmistakable mainstays of the Democratic party in his State. Now 50 years old, he is a singularly handsome man, tall, erect, dignified and affable. Mr. Hutton has been twice elected to Congress and, in the good will and confidence of his constituents, has the equivalent of a life lease of his seat. He attends closely to the wants of his constituents and it is his own hand that countersigns the tons of documents that travel into his bailiwick.

Mexico, Mo.; 307 C st., n. w. Banking and Currency; Pensions; Expenditures in the Department of Justice.



J. E. HUTTON.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

City and County.—The 4th, 6th, 8th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 20th, 23d, and 25th wards of the city of Saint Louis, Saint Louis County, and Saint Ferdinand Township.

Cong. Vote, 16,998.
O'Neill, D., 8,166.
Cummings, R., 6,802.
Wind, L., 2,030.

Although the Labor Party ran a candidate against Mr. O'Neill, he is a simon pure Labor representative.

He shares with Messrs. Glover and Clardy, the representation of the great city of St. Louis in Congress. He is a grandson of Old Erin, and is now 42 years old. Mr. O'Neill has a convivial temperament which is no doubt a large element of his success. This is his third Congress. He is a bachelor.

St. Louis, Mo.; 608 Fourteenth st. Labor, chairman. Expenditures in the Interior Department.



J. J. O'NEILL.

NINTH DISTRICT.

City.—The 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 10th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 26th, and 27th wards of the city of St. Louis.

Cong. Vote, 16,041.
Glover, D., 7,202.
Frank, R., 7,102.
Devisson, Labor, 1,737.

The name of Glover is one that sounded familiar in the annals of congressional debate a decade ago. The Mr. Glover of that day was an uncle of the representative of the Ninth Missouri district. "Johnnie" is one of the "youngest members." He was 33 when he took his seat in the Forty-ninth Con-



J. M. GLOVER.

gress. He had an even 100 majority on his reelection which gave his opponent a chance to make a contest, but it was decided in Mr. Glover's favor. The young member is a bitter fighter, a shrewd lawyer and a hard-working, ambitious congressman. He has a praiseworthy ambition to be elected governor of his State.

St. Louis, Mo.; 1301 Connecticut avenue.

Judiciary; Private Land Claims.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties and City. The 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 21st, 22d, 24th, and 25th wards of the city of Saint Louis; county of Saint Louis, except Saint Ferdinand; counties of Iron, Madison, Jefferson, Perry, Reynolds, Saint Francois, Sainte Genevieve, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 29,169.
Clady, D., 13,145.
Ledergerber, R., 12,097.
Batchford, Labor, 3,927.

Here is the amphibian representative of eight wards and nine counties. Mr. Clady hardly knows when it is safe to black his boots or wear a silk hat, for one-half of his constituency wear harness in their halls, while the other half consists of bankers and millionaires. He has been in the Congressional swim nearly ten years and has seen four Congresses rise and fall. Mr. Clady is a young man. He was 35 when he took his seat.

Linington, Mo.; 1343 Fifteenth st., n. w.
Commerce, chairman; Eleventh Census.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Callaway, Cole, Crawford, DeWitt, Gasconade, Lafayette, Maries, Miller, Oregon, Phelps, Polaski, Texas, and Wright.

Cong. Vote, 30,500.
Blair, D., 16,911.
Parker, R., 13,599.



C. P. BLAIR. The name of the Blair dollar was borrowed from the member from the Eleventh Missouri district. Mr. Blair is a Kentuckian with a tough veneering of California experience. He has shoveled into a sliver box money a day and belongs to that great host of gold hunters who they sought the El Dorado. He practiced law several years in Nevada and returned to Missouri when the pocket borough was introduced into the Union. He is 50 years old and has been in the Congress.

Linington, Mo.; 1140 Q street, n. w.
Office: Weiler and Measures, chairman; Abolition League, trustee.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Counties. Barton, Davis, Cass, Cedar, DeWitt, Henry, Jasper, Saint Clair, and Union.

Cong. Vote, 33,713.
Stone, D., 21,293.
Kimball, R., 12,420.



W. J. STONE. William J. Stone was born in Madison county, Kentucky, in 1818, educated at the University of Missouri, is a lawyer by profession, was prosecuting attorney of Vernon County from 1873 to 1874; was elected on the Tilden and Hendricks ticket in 1876; and was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress, and re-elected to the Fifty-first.

As there is a William J. Stone in the House, from Kentucky, strangers and doorkeepers are sometimes puzzled. The Kentucky Stone lost his leg in the war which makes enough difference in his appearance to preserve his identity and differentiate him from his Missouri namesake.

Nevada, Mo.; 210 North Capitol street.

Public Lands; Reform in the Civil Service; Labor Troubles in Pennsylvania.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Barry, Christian, Dallas, Greene, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton, Polk, Stone, Taney, and Webster.

Cong. Vote, 27,304.
Wade, R., 14,631.
Cravens, D., 12,673.

Mr. Wade is a Missouri paradox. His State has been so solidly Democratic that few people can realize that he is a Republican. He is often greeted as a Democrat. He was born in Ohio, in 1835, and reared on a farm. He enlisted in 1861, and served until April, 1866. The following month he removed to Missouri and began farming. He has W. H. Wade been in the State legislature many terms, and is serving his second term in Congress.

Springfield, Mo.; 1203 Q street, n. w.
Public Buildings and Grounds; Militia.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Collinger, Butler, Cape Girardeau, Carter, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Pemiscot, Ripley, Scott, Shannon, Stoddard, and Wayne.

Cong. Vote, 28,934.
Walker, D., 18,309.
Davidson, R., 10,625.
Scattering, 1.



C. P. WALKER. Mr. Walker is a new member bearing the ropes. He is a Tennesseean by birth, 47 years old, Missouri has been his home since 1867. He is as tall as the typical mountaineer, and is very popular in the southeastern region of his State. He is a very quiet, modest fellow, but he has made his way nicely during the session.

Doctor City, Mo.; 322 M street, n. w.
Lovers and Improvements of the Mississippi River; Invalid Pensions; Expenditure on Public Buildings.

NEBRASKA.
THE SENATORS.

Senator Manderson was colonel of the 19th Ohio at Shiloh, when he was twenty-five years old. He came into the senate when he was forty-six. Philadelphia is his birthplace, and he went to Ohio when he was 19, to study law. He had to resign from the army in March, 1865, because of wounds, but after this was brevetted a brigadier. He resumed law practice at Canton, O., until 1869, when he went to Omaha. His record is that of a safe and able lawyer, and in the Senate he has proved a good debater and a faithful, hard-working servant of the people of all parties.

Omaha, Neb.; The Portland Printing, chairman; Military Affairs; Potomac River Front; Territories; Civil Service and Retrenchment; Investigate the Operations of the Civil Service.

SENATOR PADDOCK is in the Senate a second time, after an interval of private life, while Crazy Horse Van Wyck made Rome howl. Mr. Paddock was born at Glen Falls, New York, in 1830. He removed to Nebraska in 1857, and was appointed ALGERNON S. PADDOCK Territorial Secretary by Abraham Lincoln in 1867, which office he held until the State was admitted into the Union. He performed the duties of acting Governor a part of this time, and was elected to the United States Senate in 1875, holding that office for six years. He was appointed a member of the Utah Commission in June, 1882, by President Arthur, and served until 1886, when he resigned. He lives on a quarter section of land which he preempted when he first went to Nebraska.

Beatrice, Neb.; The Portland Improvement of Mississippi River, chairman; Agriculture and Forestry; Contingent Expenses of the Senate; Pensions; Public Lands.

THE MEMBERS.
FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Douglas, Gage, Johnson, Lancaster, Nemaha, Otoe, Pawnee, Richardson, Saunders, Sarpy, and Cass.

Cong. Vote, 30,512.
McShane, D., 23,306.
Hovey, R., 16,273.
Scattering, 13.



J. A. MCSHANE

The first Democrat ever sent to Congress from Nebraska is John A. McShane, the alert young cowboy millionaire, who carried a Republican distaff against Church Howe, the Nebraska member of the Republican national committee, and got over

7000 majority where there used to be as much as that the other way. He was born in Perry County, Ohio, of Irish parents, and worked on a farm until he was twenty-one. In 1871 he went to Wyoming Territory, and took his hard knocks on a cattle ranch; in 1873 he became a cattle owner; he removed to Omaha, but retained his interests in Wyoming until 1883, when he merged his individual cattle interests in the Bay State Live Stock Company; he was one of the promoters of the Union Stock Yards at South Omaha, and is president of the company. He is president of the Union Stock Yards Bank at South Omaha. In 1880 he was elected to the lower house of the State Legislature from Omaha for two years; in 1882 he was elected to the State Senate for two years, and was re-elected for another term in 1884.

Omaha, Neb.; 1410 G street, Riggs House Annex.
Indian Affairs; Public Buildings and Grounds.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Adams, Butler, Chase, Clay, Dundy, Fillmore, Franklin, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hamilton, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Jefferson, Kearney, Nockolls, Phelps, Polk, Rea, Willow, Saline, Seward, Thayer, Webster, and York.
Cong. Vote, 37,688.
Laird, R., 21,373.
McKeighan, D., 16,315.

Jim Laird is a dandy in the best sense of the compliment. He comes from a wild roaring cowboy district, and wears toggery that would be the despair of Berry Wall. His trousers fit the shapeliest pair of legs in Congress. His coats are models of good tailoring. His hats are the best and the shine on his shoes would make Queen Victoria's front door knob tired. Laird was born in Livingston county, New York, and was educated at Adrian college, Michigan, and Ann Arbor law school. He served in a Michigan regiment from 1862 to the close of the war. This is his third Congress. He is a fine athlete and no sketch of him is complete without mentioning that he is a great friend of Congressman Guenther, of Wisconsin.

Hastings, Neb.; 946 New York ave.
Agriculture; Military Affairs.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—All that part of the State not included in the First and Second Districts.

Cong. Vote, 49,660.
Dorsey, R., 28,717.
Webster, D., 20,943.

About the last thing in the world anyone would imagine on acquaintance with the rustling wide-awake member from the third Nebraska district, would be the fact that he is a Virginian. He was born in Loudoun County, in 1842, but removed with his parents to Preston county (now West Virgin-



G. W. E. DORSEY.

ia) in 1856. He entered the Union army in August, 1861, as first lieutenant in the Sixth West Virginia infantry, was promoted to a captaincy, and was mustered out with the army of the Shenandoah, in August, 1865, as major. He served with distinction through all the campaigns in West Virginia, Maryland and the army of the Shenandoah, serving on the staffs of Generals Molligan, Averill, Hunter, Kelley, Sheridan Brooke and Torbert. He was wounded in the battle between Crook and Early in front of Winchester. Mr. Dorsey recruited his company for the Union army while the rebels were engaged in the same county raising troops for the confederate service. In 1866 Mr. Dorsey removed to Fremont, where he engaged in the practice of law. He subsequently served on the board of trustees of the insane asylum, was a member and vice president of the state board of agriculture, and chairman of the republican state central committee, in all of which he showed great ability. He was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress from the Third district of his State, to succeed the Hon. E. K. Valentine, and has been very active in all legislation tending to the advantage of the Union soldiers. Mr. Dorsey is actively engaged in the banking business at Fremont, and is always ready to lend a helping hand to boys who risked everything in the preservation of their country in the dark days of '61-'65.

Fremont, Neb.; 1401 K street, n. w.
Territories; Private Land Claims.

NEVADA.

THE SENATORS.



JOHN P. JONES.

He was elected to the legislature. In 1867 he was unsuccessful in his candidacy for the Lieutenant Governorship of California, and went to Nevada. He became superintendent of the Comstock Lode, and out of the mines and their stock made great wealth. He succeeded poor Jim Nye in 1873, and has been twice re-elected. Senator Jones was a great friend of Gen. Grant. He made a famous speech on inflation in 1874, which stands unrivaled in the history of that period of agitation over specie resumption.

Gold Hill, Nev.; 1601 Massachusetts avenue.

Contingent Expenses of the Senate; Commerce; Finance; Mines and Mining.

The only Welshman in the Senate is John P. Jones, who was born in Brecon County, Wales, in 1830. He was brought to Ohio when a child and went to school in Cleveland. He was a Forty-niner, and after indifferent luck in the placer was



WILLIAM M. STEWART, months was a district attorney. Two years later he was Attorney-General for California. In 1860 he went to Nevada, where he made a large fortune in the litigation growing out of the Comstock Lode. For one he received a portion of a claim that soon sold for \$200,000. Senator Stewart made a large sum of money in London, in company with Trahan W. Park, by the sale of the Little Emma Mine, which, at the time, was thought to be a second Golconda, but which, after it had passed into the possession of British stockholders, turned out to be a rich "pocket" instead of a reliable vein of precious ore, greatly to the annoyance of Gen. Schenk, who, as American Minister to England, had vouched for it. Returning, the Senator invested about \$100,000 of his gains in the erection of Stewart Castle on Dupont Circle, a house that has been quite famous in Washington society life. Mr. Stewart was elected Senator in 1864, again in 1869, and in 1887 to succeed Jim Fair, the multimillionaire, who got tired of being absent from his seat in the Senate, and made no effort to be re-elected.

THE STATE AT LARGE.

Cong. Vote, 12,370.
Woodburn, R., 6,700.
McMillan, D., 1,670.

William Woodburn, of Virginia City, was born in the county of Wicklow, Ireland, in 1838. He emigrated to this country in 1849 and was educated at Saint Charles College, Maryland. He was admitted to the bar in 1866; was District Attorney of Storey county in 1871 and 1872; and was elected to the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, and re-elected to the Fiftyeth.



W. WOODBURN.

Virginia City, Nev.; 816 Thirteenth st., n. w.
Banking and Currency; Mines and Mining.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. THE SENATORS.

Poster-ly will cheer-fully set Sena-tor Blair down as a philan-thropist—whether or a suc-cess-ful one or not, is some-thing that will lie on the knees of the gods. If Congress should pass and the Pres-ident ap-prove his famous bill for the educa-tion of the South, to say nothing of his proposition to reform the tipplers of the North, or the National Tontine Land and Mortgage for the benefit of everybody bill, Mr. Blair would pass into history in high feather and some of us would some day see him in Statuary Hall clad smilingly in toga and sandals, holding down a pedestal of his native granite. Mr. Blair is a big-hearted, genuine and earnest gentleman. It might be added that he is terri-bly in earnest, and on that account he and his Republican colleagues have not always added together in that peaceful and loving harmony so desirable in a close vote. Mr. Blair sits by the middle aisle on the Democratic side of the Chamber—not because he is a Democrat, but to play shortstop for President Ingalls' eye. He muffs badly and seldom catches it.



HENRY W. BLAIR

Senator Blair is 53 years old, and was born in his State. In 1859, he began to practice law and in the war he was Lieut.-Colonel of a New Hampshire regiment. He was twice in the State Legislature and served in the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses.

Manchester, N. H.; 201 East Capitol street.

Education and Labor, chairman; Agriculture and Forestry; Interstate Commerce; Pensions; Public Lands; Woman Suffrage.



Bill Chandler is the steel trap of the Senate. Yankee sharpness is about all there is of him, and there is lots of that. Politically he is incorrigibly a partisan. Nothing would be a greater wonder than to see him wobble on a party question. When called on by Chairman Chandler is a goner. He is now nearly 50 years old, but his incisive physiognomy gains him the impression generally that he is hardly 35. He was born in the New Hampshire Concord, and graduated from Harvard Law School in 1870, was appointed law reporter of the New Hampshire supreme court and published five volumes of reports. He was a member of the New Hampshire Legislature in 1872, '73 and '74, and was speaker of the house during the last two years. In November, 1874, he was employed by the navy department as special counsel to prosecute the Philadelphia navy yard fraud, and on March 9, 1875, was appointed by President Grant the first of Helms and judge advocate general of the navy. In the following June he was appointed first assistant secretary of the

treasury, and held the office until November, 1877, when he resigned. Since that time he has practiced law and politics, and has been interested in mining. He headed the Blair delegation from New Hampshire to the Republican National convention in 1880, and was prominent in the national committee prior to the convention, and a member of the committee on credentials which made the report in favor of district representation. He remained a member of the national committee and acted upon its executive committee during the campaign. He was nominated March 23, 1881, by President Garfield as solicitor general in the department of justice, but his confirmation was opposed by Attorney General MacVeagh. Senator Don Cameron and all the Democratic Senators. His nomination was finally rejected. Mr. Chandler married Mary Hale, the daughter of the famous New Hampshire Senator. His home on J street is one of the pleasantest in the social round. The Chandlers have a delightful summer home at Waterloo, New Hampshire, overlooking the picturesque Warner river.

Concord, N. H.; 1421 1 street, n. w.
Indian Traders, chairman; Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress; Epidemic Diseases; Improvement of Mississippi River; Naval Affairs; Railroads.

THE MEMBERS. FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Belknap, Carroll, Rockingham, Strafford, and parts of Hillsborough and Merrimack Counties.

Cong. Vote, 37,534.

McKinney, D., 18,370.

Haynes, R., 18,265.

Prohibition, 867.

Scattering, 32.

The Rev. Luther F. McKinney is a rolling stone that has tumbled the adage and gathers his share of moss. Five States have contributed to his well-being. Ohio furnished his birthplace; Iowa gave him a desire for a liberal education; New York college; Maine witnessed his ordination as L. F. McKINNEY, a minister of the gospel; and now he is a Congressman from New Hampshire. Three years he spent in an Ohio regiment fighting for his country. Mr. McKinney is an able gentleman and a good pulpit lecturer. He varies legislative experiences by preaching usually in one of the Washington pulpits, and is listened to with great interest.

Manchester, N. H.; 203 East Capitol street.

Banking and Currency; Manufactures

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Cheshire, Coos, Grafton, Sullivan, and parts of Hillsborough and Merrimack Counties.

Cong. Vote, 39,550.

Gallinger, R., 19,715.

Bailey, D., 18,549.

Scattering, 1,285.

Dr. Gallinger is from Concord, the capital city of the Granite State. He was born a British subject but not by his own consent, but it he said to his credit. In early life he was a printer, but the opportunity to study medicine changed his plans, and in 1848 he began a practice which now extends beyond the limits of his own State. He sat in the New Hampshire Leg-



L. F. GALLINGER

islature in 1872-'73. In the Constitutional Convention in 1876, and the State Senate in 1878, 1879, and 1880, being president of that body the last two years. He was Surgeon-General of New Hampshire, with the rank of Brigadier-General, in 1879-'80; received the honorary degree of A. M. from Dartmouth College. He was elected chairman of the Republican State Committee in September, 1882, and holds the place now. This is Dr. Gallinger's second term in Congress.

Concord, N. H.; The Dumbarton.

Invalid Pensions; Expenditures in the Treasury Department; Government Printing Office.

NEW JERSEY. THE SENATORS.



Senator McPherson is a solid business man, having made a large fortune as an operator in cattle at Jersey City. He was born in New York and removed to New Jersey in 1859, when twenty-six years old. He sat two years in the State Senate. In 1877 he succeeded the late Frederick T. Frelinghuysen in the Senate.

J. R. McPHERSON.

Senator McPherson is a pronounced advocate of a sound financial policy, and takes great interest in tariff and finance. He is a forcible writer and speaker. In debate he is trenchant and unerring.

Jersey City, N. J.; 1014 Vermont ave.
Potomac River Front, chairman; Coast Defenses; Finance; Naval Affairs.

Rufus Blodgett is a rail-

road man. At

eighteen he

was appren-

ticed to the

Amoskeag Lo-

comotive

Works, of

Manchester,

New Hamp-

shire, where

he learned the

trade of ma-

chineist. He

removed to

New Jersey

in 1864 and

engaged in

railroad busi-

ness, and is

so engaged at

present. He is

president of the

Long Branch City Bank.

In 1878-'80 he was a member of the

New Jersey Legislature. Senator Blod-

gett is a native of New Hampshire, 54

years old.

Long Branch, N. J.; 1315 N street,

n. w.

Consuls; Fisheries; Manufactures; Pen-

sions; To Investigate the Operations of the

Civil Service.



RUFUS BLODGETT.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem.

Cong. Vote, 35,433.

Hires, R., 18,347.

Woodruff, D., 13,014.

Nicholson, Pro., 4,072.

Mr. Hires is a native Jerseyman, 53 years old. He was sheriff of his county three years, and State Senator three years. This is his second term.

He is a capable direct business man, and his services in Congress have proved highly satisfactory to his constituents. Mr. Hires is a pleasant-featured gentleman, with a snowy beard and hair.



GEORGE HIRES.

Salem, N. J.; Willard's Hotel. Agriculture.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer, and Ocean.

Cong. Vote, 35,380.
Buchanan, R., 17,768.
Reed, D., 15,065.
Brown, Pro., 2,547.



J. BUCHANAN.
Trenton, N. J.; 207 East Capitol street. Labor; Manufactures.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Middlesex, Monmouth, and Union.

Cong. Vote, 33,479.
Kean, R., 15,568.
McMahon, D., 14,931.
Parker, Pro., 2,930.

John Kean, jr., comes of an old well-to-do Jersey family. He is thirty-six years old, and was admitted to the bar in 1877, but is a banker. He sat in the Forty-eighth Congress, and was beat for the Forty-ninth.

Elizabeth, N. J.; 1730 K street, n. w.

Coinage, Weights and Measures; Election of President and Vice-President, etc.



J. KEAN, JR.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Hampden, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren.

Cong. Vote, 26,021.
Pidcock, D., 11,686.
Van Blarcom, R., 11,563.
Morrow, Pro., 2,772.

Mr. Pidcock began life as a civil engineer, and has for thirty years been a farmer and dealer in live-stock. He carries a strong Democratic district, and was almost unanimously re-nominated for the Fifty-first Congress. He is a semi-millionaire, plain in his tastes, and a good business man.



J. N. PIDCOCK.

White House Station; 714 Eleventh street, n. w.

Railways and Canals; Invalid Pensions.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bergen, Morris and Passaic

Cong. Vote, 29,538.
Phelps, R., 15,297.
Skinner, D., 12,461.
Church, Pro., 1,780.

Mr. Blaine once showed his swift wit by correcting his error in recognizing Mr. Phelps as "The Gentleman from New York"—the House laughed, but the speaker added like a flash: "and New Jersey." Although identified with New Jersey, Mr. Phelps is a thorough New Yorker. He was born in Waverly Place, New York City, where his father, who had been W. W. PHELPS,



a country printer and editor, became a very successful and wealthy dry goods merchant. John J. Phelps, the father, while editor of the New England Review at Hartford, Conn., had George D. Prentice as his associate and John G. Whittier as a compositor. The elder Phelps was the first president of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western road, and when Mr. William Walter Phelps cut loose from all the numerous railroad directories in which he had for so many years sat, the last one to be resigned was that in the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western. At sixteen Mr. Phelps entered Yale, and at graduation he was a very close competitor for first honors, having taken nearly all the most honored prizes. The night of his graduation he married the daughter of Joseph E. Sheffield, who founded the Sheffield Scientific School. Before he was twenty-five he had a large law practice, having graduated from the Columbia Law School, with the highest honors. The death of his father in 1869 made it necessary for him to relinquish his general practice, and give his time to the management of the estate. Mr. Phelps was first elected to Congress in 1872, from the same district he now represents, having been persuaded to make his residence on Teaneck Ridge—since become famous as Mr. Phelps' homestead. He has 15,000 acres, 800 being a fine park, highly cultivated and celebrated for its arboriculture. Mr. Phelps soon became one of Mr. Blaine's lieutenants, a relation he sustains to this day, notwithstanding his own gentle boom for the Presidency in the present year of grace. President Garfield and Mr. Blaine, when the latter was Secretary of State, sent Mr. Phelps to Vienna, as minister to Austria-Hungary. His term was but a partial one, as he preferred to return to Congress. It was the common expectation in 1884 that if Mr. Blaine should be elected, Mr. Phelps would enter his cabinet probably as Secretary of State. Gen. Grant, in 1872, offered him the First Assistant Secretaryship of the Treasury, when it was morally certain Judge Richardson would be retired and Mr. Phelps would be in the line of promotion. But he declined to forego life in Congress. As a Yale man, Mr. Phelps has been enthusiastic and loyal to his alma mater. He was the first alumni trustee of the college. Two of his boys have since taken their diplomas there—John J. Phelps, of '83, now twenty-seven years old, and Sheffield Phelps, of '86, who is twenty-four years old and editor of the Gazette at Colorado Springs. Col. The youngest of the family is Miss Marlon, the charming daughter of a charming mother, and a great pet of her distinguished father.

Englewood, N. J.; Richmond Flats.

Foreign Affairs.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

County of Essex.

Cong. Vote, 37,971.
Lehbach, R., 15,492.
Haynes, D., 13,719.
Beckmeyer, L., 6,331.
Anderson, Pro., 2,420.

Herman Lehbach, of the Newark district, is a surveyor by profession. He was born a subject of the Hohenzollerns and is 43 years old. He was a member of the New Jersey legislature. This is his second term in Congress.

Trenton, N. J.; 218 New Jersey ave., s. e.

Public Buildings and Grounds; Militia.



SEVENTH DISTRICT.

County of Hudson—including the cities of Jersey City and Hoboken.

Cong. Vote, 31,571.
McAdoo, D., 15,688.
Hammerschlag, R., 11,435.
Kerr, Ind. D., 3,688.
Kennedy, Pro., 760.



W. McADOO.

Jersey City, N. J.; 1920 I street, n. w. Naval Affairs; Militia, chairman.

NEW YORK.

THE SENATORS.

If Pythagoras was right, the senior New York Senator in some one of his former states of being was in all probability no less than Julius Caesar. He has the famous Roman's figure, head, back, and eyes, and in many ways duplicates his mental, if not his moral traits. Senator EVARTS



W. M. EVARTS.

was born in Boston, in 1818. He prepared for Yale in the Boston Latin School and took his diploma at Yale in the famous class of 1837, of which the late Chief Justice Waite, Edward Pierpont and Benjamin Silliman were members. For a time the late S. J. Tilden was with this class. Mr. Evarts was one of the founders of the "Yale Lit." He showed early in his college course a bent for a lathe vocabulary and syntax. He studied law with Daniel Lord in New York and rose steadily to the leading place at the bar. In 1850, at Chicago, he proposed Seward's name for the Presidency and in 1861 he and Horace Greeley were rivals for the In 1861 he and Horace Greeley were candidates for the United States

senate. Ira Harris being elected by Mr. Evans' friends. He defended Andrew Johnson in the impeachment trial and became his Attorney General. His arguments furnished the basis of the Alabama award. He defended in the Beecher trial. He has often had \$25,000 fees and once, at least, received \$50,000. He has a large family of talented sons and daughters. His eldest daughter, Hetty Sherman, is Mrs. Charles C. Deaman. Mr. Deaman was formerly private secretary to Charles Sumner, later solicitor for the Government before the tribunal at Geneva, and is now a member of Mr. Evans' law firm in New York. Helen Wardner is Mrs. Charles H. Ford, wife of an eminent lawyer of New York; Elizabeth is wife of Edward C. Perkins, son of Boston's art author, Charles C. Perkins, and Louisa is the wife of Charles C. Sander, a young physician of New York city. Of the Senator's sons, Charles has charge of his father's farms at Windsor, Vt. Allen is a lawyer and a member of his father's firm. Sherman is also a lawyer. Prescott, the twin brother of the latter is assistant pastor of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Holy Communion, New York city, and Maxwell, who greatly resembles his father, is also a lawyer connected with the New York firm. Mr. Evans' term expires in 1891. He has made no great speeches in the senate, apparently waiting occasion and spirit for his powers.

New York, N. Y.; 1601 K street, n. w. Library, chairman; Foreign Relations; Judiciary; Privileges and Elections.



Frank Hiscok's enemies say his mental structure varies inversely as his physical, and his friends never speak of him without alluding to the wonderful beauty of his person. He was born at Horatio Seymour's birthplace, Pompey, N. Y., in 1831. In 1853 he was admitted to the bar and has practiced ever since at Syracuse, N. Y., where he has a large estate. He sat in the House from 1875 to 1886 when he succeeded Warner Miller in the senate. While in the House he was the last Republican chairman of the committee on Appropriations.

Syracuse, N. Y.; Arlington Hotel. Central of the Constitution, chairman; Coast Defenses; Finance; Interstate Commerce; Patents; President's Message Transmitting the Report of the Pacific Railway Commission.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT

Counties, Suffolk, Richmond, and Queens.

Cong. Vote, 322,401.
Belmont, D., 16,286.
McConmick, R., 15,390.
Layton, Pro., 758.

Perry Belmont, the son of August Belmont, is numerically the first man in the Empire delegation. The son of such a distinguished sire would naturally attract attention, if not for his own merits. Mr. Belmont senior was for 12 years chairman of the national Democratic committee, and since 1877 he has been the representative of the Rothschilds in this country. Perry Belmont



Belmont is a bachelor of 37, a graduate of Harvard, and this is his fourth Congress. He was on the Foreign Affairs committee, in his first term and won some distinction by hearing James G. Blaine, then Secretary of State, when the guano syndicate was supposed to have improperly enlisted Mr. Blaine's interference between Chili and Peru. Mr. Belmont became chairman of the committee in 1875, and he has several times been suggested for assistant secretary of State.

Babylon, New York; 1701 Knave Island avenue.

Foreign Affairs, chairman; Expenditures in the State Department.

SECOND DISTRICT

City of Brooklyn. The territory comprised in the present 8th, 9th, 12th, 22d, 24th, and 25th wards, with the towns of Flatbush, Flatlands, Gravesend, New Lots, and New Utrecht.

Cong. Vote, 25,271.
Campbell, D., 16,679.
Demoyan, R., 5,580.
Sillek, Pro., 1,015.



F. CAMPBELL.

Felix Campbell is an iron pipe manufacturer in Brooklyn. Gov. Tilden made him one of the Centennial commissioners in 1876. He is something of a political boss at home and this is his third term.

Brooklyn, N. Y.; Arlington Hotel. Appropriations; Labor.

THIRD DISTRICT

City of Brooklyn. The territory comprised in the present 7th, 13th, 19th, 20th, 21st, and 23d wards.

Cong. Vote, 25,308.
White, R., 12,740.
Bell, D., 12,568.

"Deacon" White is no deacon at all, good as everybody knows he is. He was called so because he hired a pew in Henry Ward Beecher's church and is treasurer of the society. He was born in Chatham County, North Carolina. His father went to Illinois in 1831 and was a pioneer farmer, and though as well off as his neighbors, S. V. White, that was not saying much. Young S. V. earned his first money by ploughing a big field; he did it barefooted, and was paid fifty cents for the job. He went through Knox College at Galesburg, Ill., studied law in St. Louis with John A. Kasson, earned his board by keeping books, and began waiting for clients. He also did reporting and some editorial writing for a St. Louis newspaper. He then went to Des Moines, Iowa, and got down to work enjoying a good practice until 1867 when he went to New York as a railroad attorney. He became a member of the Stock Exchange and has been one of the liveliest men in Wall street ever since. In his office and on the street Mr. White has the appearance of a genial, open hearted, but shrewd man of affairs. He is a man of varied accomplishments. He can with equal facility manipulate a "deal" in Lackawanna, discover and treasure up an obscure star, sing a hymn with unctious and volume of base, make a rattling stump speech and argue a case in the Supreme Court of the United States, of which he is a member. In his mansion on Brooklyn Heights he has an observatory where he studies astronomy. He lost \$20,000 he thought in Blaine in the last Presidential election. In the Blaine campaign he made some hot Republican speeches against Henry Ward Beecher, his



S. V. WHITE.

pastor, who gave Cleveland his moral support.

Brooklyn, N. Y.; Hotel Anna. Post Office and Post Roads.

FOURTH DISTRICT

City of Brooklyn. The territory comprised in the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 10th, and 11th wards of the city of Brooklyn.

Cong. Vote, 25,360.
Maloney, D., 13,879.
O'Connor, R., 10,251.
Robinson, Ind. D., 1,179.



Peter Mahoney with his flowing black side whiskers is an Irish drygoods merchant, born in New York, and is forty years old. He never held any office until he was elected to the Forty ninth Congress.

Brooklyn, N. Y.; Arlington Hotel. Education; U. S. E. P. S. A. N. Y. A. T. C. of Columbia.

FIFTH DISTRICT

City of Brooklyn. The territory comprised in the present 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th wards.

Cong. Vote, 22,694.
Bliss, D., 11,583.
Waters, R., 11,111.

As big and broad as a prize fighter, is Archie Bliss, who shares with Deacon White and Mr. Mahoney the honor of representing Brooklyn in Congress. He was the Republican candidate for mayor of Brooklyn in 1867; was a delegate to the National Republican conventions at Baltimore in 1864, at Chicago in 1868, to the Liberal National Convention at Cincinnati in 1872, and to the National Democratic Convention at Saint Louis in 1876, at Cincinnati in 1880, and at Chicago in 1884. From 1868 to 1878 he was President and Vice President of the Brunswick Railroad company, and is now a Director; is a Director of the New York and Long Island Bridge company. He was elected to the Forty fourth, Forty fifth, Forty sixth, Forty seventh and Forty ninth congresses, and was re-elected to the Fifty fifth as a Democrat. He drives one of the prettiest pairs of trotters known in Washington. Mr. Bliss's father formerly owned the greater part of what is now east Brooklyn.



A. M. BLISS.

Brooklyn, N. Y.; Arlington Hotel. Pensions, chairman; War Claims; Expenditures in the Interior Department.

SIXTH DISTRICT

City of New York. 1st, 6th, and 9th assembly districts, including Governor's and Bedford's Islands.

Cong. Vote, 11,834.
Cummings, D., 13,799.
Taggart, Pro., 156.
Murphy, Ind., 366.
Scattering, 132.



A. J. CUMMINGS.

Amos Jay Cummings began his eventful life picking up pl and setting type. He is a printing office at 12. He has set type in nearly every State in the Union, was a boy with Walker, the filibuster, in Nicaragua, and was in the army, and wrote letters to his father's paper.

After service on the Tribune and Sun, he managed the Express. He came to Congress with a majority of 13,000, which is considered big. Mr. Cummings is now editor of the Evening Sun, the leading evening journal in New York. He has written letters for the Evening and Morning Sun since he entered Congress, and nothing brighter or more witty goes out of Washington. There were hardly 500 votes against Amos in 1886, and he can come to Congress as long as he likes. He is a Tammany brave.

New York, N. Y.; 507 Fourteenth street.

Merchant Marine and Fisheries; Election of President and Vice-President, etc.; Government Printing Office.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

City of New York.—The 2nd, 3rd and 4th assembly districts of the county of New York.

Cong. Vote, 19,867.

Bryce, D., 12,895.

Lawson, R., 6,972.



Gen. Lloyd Bryce is the grandson-in-law of Peter Cooper, the son-in-law of ex-Mayor Edward Cooper and the nephew-in-law of Mayor Abram Hewitt. He is a native of Flushing, thirty-seven years of age. In accent and style he is quite English. Indeed, he took a degree at Oxford. He has written a novel entitled "Paradise," whose theme is the divorce question, and would like to be a literary man better than anything else, but as the coming male representative of the Cooper family, he will probably be obliged to be Mayor of New York. In 1886 Mr. Bryce was appointed Paymaster-General of New York State and now he is called General Bryce. He is a spare, pallid young man, who wears his whiskers in the portier style. Mrs. Bryce is a tall, fine-looking blonde, bright in conversation and highly cultivated. Gen. Bryce has a very fine house in Washington, not far from that of Secretary Whitney, and Mrs. Bryce presides over this with grace.

New York, N. Y.; 1739 1 street, n. w. Commerce; Railways and Canals; Reform in the Civil Service.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

City of New York.—The 4th, 6th and 8th assembly districts of the county of New York.

Cong. Vote, 23,978.

Campbell, D., 12,179.

Grady, Ind. D., 11,799.

The white necktie of Tim Campbell is as famous as the plume of Henry of Navarre. Mr. Campbell is a big-hearted Irishman, brought up in New York City, though born in County Cavan, in the "old" country. He is a typo and has worked on the New York Times, Express, Tribune and Herald. He was on the Herald when he



T. J. CAMPBELL was nominated in 1867 for the State Assembly and he was elected to the Assembly in 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, '73 and '75. He studied law with Judge Planagan and was admitted to the bar in November, 1869; was elected Justice of the Fifth District Civil Court in New York City in 1875 and served six years in this capacity. In 1883 he was returned to the State Assembly. He was nominated for State Senator in opposi-

tion to the Tammany candidate and was elected by 5,547 majority. Before his term expired a vacancy occurred in the Eighth Congressional District of New York, by the appointment of Sunset Cox as Minister to Turkey and Mr. Campbell was nominated and elected to the Forty-ninth Congress to fill the seat.

Tim has his full share of Irish wit. One day, shortly after the Ingalls-Voorhees affair the House got into a noisy snarl. Above the din, the Speaker soon heard Tim's voice:

"Is this the United States Senate?"

Another time, while showing some friends about the Capitol, the party entered Statuary Hall and paused before the figure of Robert Fulton, who sits pensively regarding the miniature model of his first steamboat, which rests upon his knee.

"Who is that?" asked a bright-eyed little maiden, who failed to note the chiselled name upon the pedestal.

"Robert Fulton," replied "Our Tim," with a graceful flourish of the arm, "he is the man that invented the roller-skate. In his lap you will observe the first skate ever made."

New York, N. Y.; Congressional Hotel. Claims; Expenditures on Public Buildings, chairman.

NINTH DISTRICT.

City of New York.—The 10th, 12th, and 14th assembly districts of the county of New York.

Cong. Vote, 22,013.

Cox, D., 13,754.

Wagener, R., 8,259.



A glowing piece of sophoric description in the Columbus, O., Statesman, called forth by a beautiful sky one night in the summer of 1853, is responsible for a name known in Congress now for over thirty years. "Sunset" Cox (Samuel Sullivan in the Bible) is the first wit of the House. Francis Bacon forbore to claim the famous plays he wrote because to be known as a poet would cost him his name as a philosopher. Mr. Cox has never felt any fear for his fame as a statesman in gratifying the love of fun among his fellow citizens. His witticisms come from him like limpid water from some crystal mountain spring. His brain flashes like lightning at the slightest play of the subtle current of humor. He comes fairly by his honors. His grandfather was a Revolutionary brigadier and a member of the Tenth Congress. His father was a State Senator in Ohio. "Sunset" supported himself in Brown University by literary work and took half a dozen prizes. He started to practice law but gave it up. After a play spell in Europe he went to Columbus, O., and edited the Statesman. In 1855 he was offered the place of Secretary of Legation in London. He declined but soon accepted a similar place with our Peruvian Mission. On coming home in 1856 he was elected to Congress. He was delegate to the National Democratic conventions in 1864, 1868 and 1876. In 1866 he removed to New York city and two years later was elected to Congress. In 1877 he was one of three candidates for the Speakership but was beaten. He put through the law for the present apportionment of Congressmen, and he will probably have a good deal to do with the next apportionment when on almost any basis the West will gain upwards of 100 members and the Atlantic States lose from 20 to 30 members. Long ago Mr. Cox grew weary of life in Congress. He was quite willing to accept when President Cleveland appointed him Minister to Turkey. In writing to a friend at that time he said: "The advent of new men has pushed me to the

rear; so that while abateast, if not ahead, of my party on most themes, I was not even able to command my old and favorite Foreign Committee or my former Smithsonian Regentship, always accorded to me even by Republicans; besides, so much work in Congress and no results—the rolling, rolling, rolling up of the stone which rolled down with a resulting bound; the foolish modes and rules, which few in control cared little to correct—all this, and more, made me think it was high time to seek the land of sleep and rest on the banks of the Bosphorus." Yet a year of the Orient was enough and sunset is shudding again in his old familiar haunts. He has been beaten but once—in 1872 when he ran "at large." The winner died and in the special election sunset got the seat. He has a bronze medallion of Don Quixote fighting the windmills hanging over his study desk. It is at this desk that he works at Congressional matters, and doubtless he often compares his own efforts to reform the business of Congress to this battle of Cervantes' knight with the windmill. Mr. Cox is in his sixty-fourth year. It suggests what a mighty growth has gone on in the west to be told that the father of Mrs. Cox built the first grain elevator in Chicago.

New York, N. Y.; 1408 New Hampshire avenue. Eleventh Census, chairman.

TENTH DISTRICT.

City of New York.—The 11th, 16th, and 18th assembly districts of the county of New York.

Cong. Vote, 21,167.

Spinola, D., 10,847.

Rice, R., 10,320.

Gen. Spinola was five times an Alderman, three times a Supervisor, six years a member of Assembly, four years a senator and was a delegate to the Charleston Democratic Convention of 1860. He was born at Stony Brook, Long Island, in 1821; was educated at the Quaker Hill Academy, in Dutchess County. In 1884 he was Alternate to Daniel Manning, who was a Delegate at Large from the State of New York to the Democratic National Convention. Gen. Spinola is connected with a number of insurance and banking institutions, and engaged in manufacturing business. He is a great sufferer from rheumatism, but he and his wife enjoy Washington life. They have one of the finest turnouts in the city, and their bays and coachman have been one of the sights of the Avenue. Gen. Spinola has an elegant home at Crane Neck, L. I., where he is a kind of a nabob and where, surrounded by large grounds, he has a house noted for its social entertainments.

New York, N. Y.; Arlington Hotel. Military Affairs; Militia.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

City of New York.—13th, 15th, and 17th assembly districts of the County of New York.

Cong. Vote, 24,803.

Merriman, D., 24,502.

Slawson, R., 301.

Col. T. P. in a Adams Merriman, was born at Auburn, in 1839. He was educated at the Auburn Academy, and at Hobart College, Geneva, graduating in 1861. He entered the Union Army in September, 1861, as Captain in the Ninety-second New York Infantry, and was mustered out in Decem-



T. A. MERRIMAN.

ber, 1864, a Lieutenant Colonel. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1867. He was for many years one of the best reporters on the staff, and was nominated for Congress while on the staff of that journal.

New York, N. Y.; 1203 G street, n. w. Post Office and Post Roads; Expenditures in the Post Office Department; Alcohol and Liquor Traffic.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

CITY of New York. The 20th and 21st assembly districts of the county of New York, as now constituted, and that portion of the 22d district bounded on the north by the south side of Eighty-sixth street, on the south by the north side of Fifty-ninth street, on the west by the east side of Lexington avenue, and on the east by the East River.

Cong. Vote, 26,566.
Cockran, D., 15,886.
Bell, R., 10,680.

Bourke Cockran is hardly known by sight in the Fifteenth Congress, but he has a rather good law practice in New York. He is a son of Old Ireland, and an adopted son of New York. He came to this country in 1871, when he was 17 years old. He got his education in Ireland and France, and supported himself by teaching for several years after coming to New York. He studied law while teaching, and was admitted to the bar in 1876. Mr. Cockran is now famous as a lawyer and has won a number of important causes. Nature has given him a peculiar physiognomy. He looks elephantine in the face, with his large nose and shrunken eyes. As an orator he has few equals in the House.

New York, N. Y.; 1312 N street, n. w. Naval Affairs; Private Land Claims.

W. R. COCKRAN.



THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

CITY of New York. The 19th and 23d assembly districts of the county of New York, as now constituted, and that portion of the 22d assembly district bounded on the north by the south side of Ninety-first street, on the south by the north side of Eighty-sixth street, on the west by the east side of Fifth avenue, and east by the East River.

Cong. Vote, 31,828.
Fitch, R., 17,611.
Fitch, D., 13,369.
Gilmore, Pro., 118.
Scattering, 130.

Ashebel Parker makes Fitch is a great friend of Amos Cummings and Bob Vance. The young red-headed member from Connecticut. These three are together constantly in Washington and to be near a great deal. Fitch has quit the Republican party and proposes to run in the same district as a Democrat. Mr. Fitch was born in Clinton County, N. Y., in 1848, and of a great variety of education in the public schools of New York, Williston Seminary, East Hampton, and the University of Iowa and Berlin University, and received a college law school in New York City. He was admitted to the bar in November, 1870, and



has since practiced his profession in New York City. Mr. Fitch beat Gen. Vels because the Harlem brewers thought the eastern end of the district ought to have a Congressman. Republicans and Democrats alike voted for Mr. Fitch, as did the Henry George voters also.

Congressman Fitch is exceedingly fond of camping life, and has made many hunting and fishing trips on American and Canadian waters. He is building on Ragged Lake, in the Adirondacks, sixteen miles from any settlement, one of the most unique of country homes, a log structure modelled on the homes of the peasants of Upper Bavaria and the Tyrol, where he will entertain the families of two or three of his colleagues.

New York, N. Y.; 1732 H street, n. w. Military Affairs; Reform in the Civil Service.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Westchester, and the 24th assembly district of the county of New York.

Cong. Vote, 29,951.
Stahlmecker, D., 15,828.
Wood, R., 13,392.
Griffin, Pro., 734.

The handsomest man in the New York delegation, perhaps in the entire range of official life is William G. Stahlmecker, of Yonkers. He is a Cayuga County man, and a member of the New York Produce Exchange. He has been Mayor of Yonkers and served for a year as both Representative in Congress and Mayor. He was



W. G. STAHLMECKER.

Delegate to the Democratic State Convention held at Saratoga, New York, in June, 1884, and also to the National Democratic Convention held at Chicago, in 1884. This is his second term. He is a tall, black-haired young (39) man with elegant black side whiskers. He is chairman of the House and of the Librarian committee, and one of his chief duties is to sign orders on the Government Botanical Gardens for flowers for his fellow members. Samuel J. Tilden was one of Mr. Stahlmecker's constituents and Jay Gould is now.

Yonkers, N. Y.; The Woodmont, Iowa Circle.

Agriculture; Library, chairman; New Library.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Orange, Rockland, and Sullivan.

Cong. Vote, 27,613.
Bacon, D., 13,448.
Stivers, R., 13,027.
Wheeler, Pro., 1,128.

Henry Bacon, of Goshen, was born in Brooklyn, in 1846. He is a graduate of Union College. He studied law and commenced practice in 1866. He was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress, and was re-elected to the Fiftyth.

Goshen, N. Y.; 1100 A street, Building and Currency; Main Lectures; chairman.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Columbia, Dutchess, and Putnam.

Cong. Vote, 28,182.

Ketcham, R., 15,585.
Sackett, D., 11,583.
Farrington, Pro., 1,014.

Gen. Ketcham of the sixteenth district, has never made a speech in Congress, although he has been a member nineteen years. He is quite deaf and speaks in whispers. He was born on the spot where he lives, Dover Plains, and has had a long and useful career in civil and military life. He was a member of the New York Assembly in 1856 and '57; of the Senate in 1860 and '61. He entered the Army as Colonel of the 150th Volunteers, in October, 1862, and was appointed Brigadier, serving until he resigned, in March, 1865, to take the seat in Congress to which he had been elected. He was afterwards appointed Major-General by brevet, and was elected to the Thirty-ninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, and Forty-second Congresses. He was a delegate to the National Republican Convention in 1870; and Commissioner of the District of Columbia from July, 1874, until June, 1877, when he resigned, having been elected to the Forty-ninth Congress. He has been re-elected eight times since. Gen. Ketcham is 56 years old.

Dover Plains, N. Y.; 1329 K street, n. w.

Foreign Affairs.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Delaware, Greene, and Ulster.

Cong. Vote, 33,991.
Hopkins, R., 17,805.
Lounsberry, D., 11,317.
Howe, Pro., 1,572.



Stephen T. Hopkins of Catskill, was born in the city of New York, in 1840. He was educated at the Anthon Grammar School in New York City. He is an iron merchant, and was a member of the Assembly of the State of New York in 1885-'86, serving as Chairman of Committees on Appropriations and Banks.

Catskill, N. Y.; 1505 H street, n. w. Manufactures; Indian Depredation Claims.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties—Rensselaer and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 31,271.
Greenman, D., 17,082.
Burleigh, R., 15,819.
Powers, Pro., 1,373.

The Troy district was supposed to be Henry C. Burleigh's unconquerable battle with Mr. Greenman a popular New York Greenman. He has been laid out and will not return to the Fifty-first Congress. The present incumbent is a native of Rensselaer county, and was for



E. W. GREENMAN.

many years engaged in mercantile and manufacturing pursuits in his native town. He is an obliging straightforward and successful business man. He is now 48 years old.

Troy, N. Y.; 1325 G street, n. w.

Mines and Mining; Patents; Expenditures in the Department of Justice.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

County.—Albany.

Cong. Vote, 35,695.

Tracy, D., 17,796.

Bailey, R., 16,187.

O'Heaney, Labor, 1,060.

Dickson, Pro., 598.

Scattering, 54.

Gen. Tracy of the Albany district was born in that city in 1847. After graduating from the Albany Academy in 1866, he served in the Papal Zouaves from 1867 to 1870. Gov. Tilden put him on his military staff in 1877—hence his military title. Mrs. Gen. Tracy comes of one of the oldest families of the country.

CHAS. TRACEY. Her maiden name was Hermine Duchesney, and her father Col. Philip Duchesney, belonged to a noble old French family, who were given a grant of land by George IV. and came to settle in Canada. Gen. Tracy was elected to the seat made vacant by the death of Nicholas T. Kane.

Albany, N. Y.; No. 3 Dupont Circle.
Coinage, Weights and Measures; Pacific Railroads.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Fulton, Hamilton, Montgomery, Saratoga and Schenectady.

Cong. Vote, 29,448.

West, R., 16,204.

Wicks, K. of L., 10,013.

French, Pro., 3,231.

George West, of Ballston Spa, is a short, stout old gentleman, with a heavy Socratic face and a long, gray, patriarchal beard. He is an Englishman by birth, but not in politics. He believes in protection and as he owns a paper mill in Devonshire County, England, he is able to compare wages over there with those of his hundreds of employees. GEORGE WEST. In the United States. Mr. West is 65 years old and has lived in this country since 1849. He served five terms in the New York State Assembly; was a delegate to the Republican National Conventions in 1880 and in 1884, is president of the First National Bank at Ballston Spa, New York; was a member of the Forty-seventh and Forty-ninth Congresses and was re-elected to the Fiftheth.

Ballston, N. Y.; 512 Thirteenth street, n. w.

Patents; Expenditures in the Interior Department.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clinton, Essex, Franklin and Warren.

Cong. Vote, 22,475.

Moffitt, R., 15,376.

Winslow, D., 6,049.

Armstrong, Pro., 1,023.

Scattering, 17.

John H. Moffitt, of Chateaugay Lake, was born in Clinton County, New York, in 1843. He was educated at Plattsburgh Academy and Fort Edward Collegiate Institute. He enlisted as a private in the Sixteenth New York Volunteers April 27, 1861; was wounded at the battle of Gaines' Mills June 27, 1862; was mustered out of service with his regiment May 18, 1863. From 1866 until 1872 he was Deputy Collector of Customs at Rouse's Point. He is a manufacturer of charcoal bloom iron.

Chateaugay Lake, N. Y.; 1511 L street, n. w.

Expenditures in the Post-Office Department; Alcoholic Liquor Traffic.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Jefferson and Saint Lawrence.

Cong. Vote, 25,093.

Parker, R., 14,450.

Corbin, D., 9,120.

Huntington, Pro., 1,523.

Abraham X. Parker, of Potsdam, was born in Vermont, and has been a resident of Saint Lawrence County, New York, over forty years. He was educated at Saint Lawrence Academy and the Albany Law School, and after being admitted to practice, continued law studies at Buffalo A. N. PARKER and Syracuse. He was in the New York Assembly in 1863 and '64, and the State Senate in 1865, '69, '70 and '71. He was first Elector at Large upon the Republican Presidential ticket in 1876. This is his fourth Congress, and he is 57 years old.

Potsdam, N. Y.; 327 East Capitol street.
Judiciary; Labor Troubles in Pennsylvania.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Lewis and Oneida.

Cong. Vote, 32,381.

Sherman, R., 15,951.

Spiggs, D., 14,457.

Hendu, Pro., 1,973.

The youngest member of the Empire delegation is James Schoolecraft Sherman, of the Ulica district. He was born in 1855, and is only one year younger than Bouke Cochran of the Twelfth district. He was born in Ulica in 1855, and graduated from Hamilton J. S. SHERMAN. College in 1878. He read law in Ulica and began practice in 1880. Mr. Sherman has had great luck in politics. In 1881 he was elected mayor of Ulica, and in coming to Congress he beat Tom Spriggs—Go-ahead-and-finish-up-the-ticket. Spiggs—a pretty husky Democratic warhorse. Roscoe Conkling was one of Mr. Sherman's constituents.

Ulica, N. Y.; The Portland.
Expenditures in the Department of Justice; Eleventh Census.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Herkimer, Otsego, and Schoharie.

Cong. Vote, 32,368.

Wilber, R., 16,314.

Smith, D., 14,549.

Gleason, Pro., 1,505.



J. H. MOFFAT.



The oldest member of the New York delegation is David Wilber, of the Twenty-fourth district, who has already served two terms in Congress. He has Warner Miller's old district. Mr. Wilber was born near Quaker street, Schenectady County, in 1820. He has been in the hop business for thirty years; and has been President of the Wilber National Bank at Oneonta, since its organization. He was elected to the Forty-third and Forty-sixth Congresses, and was a delegate to the Republican National Convention at Chicago in 1880.

Milford, N. Y.; National Hotel.
Banking and Currency; Railways and Canals.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Cortland and Onondaga.

Cong. Vote, 33,674.

Belden, R., 20,144.

Davis, D., 11,607.

Stclair, Pro., 1,838.

Scattering, 88.

Jim Belden, of Syracuse, is one of the old Republican war-horses of New York. He was born in Onondaga County as long ago as 1825, although he looks to be not over forty. After receiving an ordinary common school education, early engaged in mercantile pursuits and has resided since J. J. BELDEN. 1853 in Syracuse, where he has large interests in manufactures and other local enterprises. He is director and trustee in several banks and president of the Robert Gere Bank, which he established. He was for many years extensively engaged in railroad and other public works and improvements throughout the country and in Canada. In 1877 he was elected Mayor of Syracuse and re-elected in 1878. He was elected to the Fifteenth Congress as a Republican, to fill the unexpired term of Frank Hiseock, when he was elected to the United States Senate.

Syracuse, N. Y.; Arlington Hotel.
Coinage, Weights and Measures; Education; Mileage.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Broome, Chenango, Madison and Tioga.

Cong. Vote, 34,651.

De Lano, R., 19,155.

Dowds, D., 12,382.

Williams, Pro., 3,086.

Scattering, 48.

Milton Delano, is a handsome blonde-whiskered New Yorker, precisely forty-four years old. He was brought up a merchant's clerk and was a merchant for eight years. He was twice elected Sheriff of Madison County, New York.



banking and real estate and the manufacture of window glass. He was a delegate to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1884.

Canastota, N. Y.; Willard's Hotel.
Pensions; Expenditures in the War Department.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Cayuga, Oswego and Wayne.
 Cong. Vote, 25,589.
 Nutting, R., 21,465.
 Beardsley, D., 11,675.
 Howland, Pro., 1,634.
 Ross, Ind., 815.



With a face like Dante's, deepened in melody anybody and long enough to cut oats out of a clump, Newton W. Nutting represents the Oswego district. Mr. Nutting was born in Oswego County. He studied law at Syracuse, was District Attorney of Oswego County from 1866 until 1872, and County Judge from 1872 to 1878. This has second trial of Congressional life. He is forty-eight years old. Oswego, N. Y.; 312 Indiana avenue.
 Rivers and Hectors.

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Chemung, Schuyler, Seneca and Tompkins.
 Cong. Vote, 27,004.
 Flood, R., 14,124.
 McGuire, D., 11,611.
 Groom, Pro., 1,269.

Thomas S. Flood, of the Elmira district is a druggist who has large interests in farming and lumbering. Nobody would take him to be a Congressman from his personal appearance. He looks more like a very respectable provision storekeeper. He has been an alderman and president of the Chemung County Agricultural society.
 Elmira, N. Y.; 315 C street, n. w.
 Mines and Mining Accounts.



T. S. FLOOD.

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Ontario, Steuben and Yates.
 Cong. Vote, 20,334.
 Davenport, R., 17,917.
 Ladd, D., 3,609.
 Wood, Pro., 808.

Ira Davenport is not conspicuous by his regular absence from the House, for he is not particularly conspicuous when present. He looks like a Bavarian University professor and with a beard would make Carl Schurz wonder which was himself. In his inter course with his fellow members, Mr. Davenport is as sociable as a clown. He has a long and creditable legislative record, serving in the New York Senate four years, as State comptroller two years, and in his second term in Congress. David B. Hall beat him for governor in 1884, by 11,731 plurality. Mr. Davenport in 1887 married Kittie Sharpe, daughter of Gen. George H. Sharpe, Gen. Grant's trusted friend. They live in the old Dutchman's homestead, in Bath, where Mr. Davenport fathered David for many years. Mr. Davenport is 47 years old.



IRA DAVENPORT.

Commerce.
 Bath, N. Y.; 1606 Twentieth street, n. w.

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

County.—Monroe.
 Cong. Vote, 21,743.
 Baker, R., 13,170.
 Bacon, D., 10,509.
 Copeland, Pro., 1,061.



Charles Sineor Baker represents the flourishing city of Rochester, and nothing more. He is a native New Yorker, 39 years old. He taught school and read law, beginning to practice in 1860. During the first year of the war, he served as First Lieutenant of Company E, Twenty-seventh New York Volunteers, being disabled at the first battle of Bull Run. He was a member of the New York State Assembly from the Rochester district, in 1879, '80, '81, '82; was a member of the State Senate of New York in 1881, '82. Rochester, N. Y.; 1623 Thirtieth street, n. w.

Territories: Election of President and Vice President, etc.

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Genesee, Livingston, Orleans and Wyoming.
 Cong. Vote, 26,949.
 Sawyer, R., 11,611.
 Wadsworth, D., 10,022.
 Sparrow, Pro., 2,216.

A Saturnine looking gentleman is John Gilbert Sawyer, of Albion. But he is a very amiable and hard working member. He was born at Brandon, Vermont, in 1827; was educated at the common schools and at Middle Academy; studied law, was admitted to the bar, and has since practiced. He was a Justice of the Peace from 1852, to 1858; was District Attorney of Orleans County from 1863 to 1866; was Judge and Surrogate of Orleans County from 1868 to 1883.

Albion, N. Y.; 24 Grant Place.
 Invalid Pensions; Expenditures in the Navy Department.



J. G. SAWYER.

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.
 City of Buffalo, 1st, 2d, and 3d assembly districts of the county of Erie.
 Cong. Vote, 30,237.
 Farquhar, R., 16,785.
 Rogers, D., 13,452.

The printers in the United States are represented in Congress by John M. Farquhar, of Buffalo, who has been for thirty-three years a printer, editor, or publisher. He was President of the National Typographical Union two terms in 1860, '62, and enlisted in the Union Army as a private in the Eighty-ninth Illinois Infantry, when he was a compositor on the Chicago Evening Journal. He rose to the rank of major, and served as judge advocate and a inspector on the staffs of Generals William B. Frantz and Wood in the Fourth Army Corps. He participated in all the battles of the former. Twentieth (McCook's) and Fourth Army Corps, except the Missionary Ridge. He never took civil office, and is elected to Forty-ninth Congress. Mr. Farquhar is Scotchman, born at Ayr and lives at Buffalo, N. Y.; 16 Twelfth street, n. w.



J. M. FARQUHAR.

Merchant Marine and Fisheries; Expenditures in the Treasury Department.

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Niagara, 4th and 5th assembly districts of the county of Erie and 12th ward of Buffalo.
 Cong. Vote, 24,762.
 Weber, R., 12,215.
 Spaulding, D., 11,082.
 Smith, Pro., 1,465.



John B. Weber, was born in the city he in part represents and is 46 years old. For several years he was a wholesale grocer but is now a farmer. He enlisted as a private in the Fourth New York Volunteers in 1861 and reached the rank of colonel. He was Assistant Postmaster of Buffalo in 1871-'73; was

elected Sheriff of Erie County for 1874-'76. Col. Weber has a beautiful home near Buffalo, on a fine stock farm, which boasts one of the best herds of Ayrshire cows known in Western New York. He has five daughters, two of whom are at Wells College, where Mrs. Cleveland went to school.
 Buffalo, N. Y.; 721 Eleventh street, n. w.

Pacific Railroads.

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Allegany, Cattaraugus and Chautauque.
 Cong. Vote, 31,776.
 Ludlow, R., 16,966.
 Wood, D., 9,305.
 Huntington, Pro., 5,505.

William G. Ludlow is Walter L. Scott's successor. He was born in Scotland and in 1852, when twelve years old, came with his parents to this land of the free. During the late unpleasantness he served two years in the navy. In 1866 he was admitted to the bar and for six W. G. LUDLOW years he was district attorney for Cattaraugus County. He is a canny Scotchman, with an inimitable way of telling a story, which loses none of its flavor because of the slight accent that clings to his tongue. Most of his years relate to his own activities and experience, as a boy in the old country, as a sailor in the Union navy during the war and as a lawyer in Western New York.
 Buffalo, N. Y.; 509 Twelfth street, n. w.



W. G. LUDLOW.

NORTH CAROLINA. THE SENATORS.



Matt Ransom was one of the first "reconstructed" Senators. He was a Major General at Appomattox, and accepted slavery. The disapproving arbitrament of war "Be fore we wash," he was Attorney General of his state and a member of the legislature. The story is told that when he ran for

MAJOR W. RANSOM state and a member of the legislature the story is told that when he ran for

for desiring success. There were many suitors for the hand of Miss Exum, the belle of the Roanoke valley. The Senator was then a Whig, one of the true blues of the "Tar State." It was noised about that Miss Hattie would not accept his proffer of marriage if he were defeated. The Whigs and Democrats who recognized in him one of the most popular young men in the State vied with each other in giving him their support. When the returns were counted Ransom was elected by an almost unanimous vote, and the accomplished daughter of Roanoke became the wife of North Carolina's favorite son. In 1861 he was one of the Peace Commissioners from his State to the Montgomery Congress. In North Carolina Senator Ransom is a very popular man. He knows more men, women and children, it is said, in the Tar Heel State than any other North Carolinian living. He is always ready to make a speech when at home and as a honey-fugler he has no equal. Senator Ransom is a fine-looking man with coal black eyes and a strong face.

Weldon, N. C.; Metropolitan Hotel.

Private Land Claims, chairman; Commerce; Potomac River Front.



Zebulon B. Vance, of Combroon, Asheville, is a genuine son of Buncombe, born there in 1830. He is said to be of Irish descent, and kin to Andrew Jackson. John C. Calhoun met the boy, Zeb Vance, in the mountains of North Carolina in 1844,

and harangued him on the propriety of political ambition. After going to college in Tennessee, Vance was for a while clerk at the Warm Springs Hotel, a station that no doubt developed in him a certain inspired audacity that has won many battles for him in later life. He was the war Governor of the State, quarreled with some of the theoretical politicians, and was arrested at Statesville after the war. He spent several months in the Old Capitol prison contemporaneously with Capt. Witz, but fortunately with a different denouement. It took North Carolina a long while to elect Vance to the Senate. Although he received 95 votes in the legislature to 41 for the other fellow, Caleb Cushing was able to honey-fugle the Republican Senators into barring him out in spite of a majority report in his favor, written by Gen. Logan and having O. P. Morton's name appended to it. The legislature promptly elected Matt Ransom, whose disabilities had been removed, though both men stood equally guilty of being rebels. Zeb Vance is a good story-teller and he gets pretty much anything he wants on both sides of the Senate. The Senator has a son in the army.

Charlotte, N. C.; 1627 Mass. avenue, n. w.

Contingent Expenses of the Senate; District of Columbia; Finance; Privileges and Elections.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Beaufort, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrrell, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 24,125.

Latham, D., 13,490.

Barrett, Ind., 10,635.



L. C. LATHAM, C.; Metropolitan Private Land Claims; District of Columbia.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bertie, Craven, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Jones, Lenoir, Northampton, Vance, Warren, and Wilson.

Cong. Vote, 28,218.

Simmons, D., 15,158.

O'Hara, R., 13,060.

Simmons of New Berne, is thirty-four years old, a graduate of Trinity College, North Carolina, admitted to the bar in 1874. He never held office until elected to the Fiftyeth Congress.

New Berne, N. C.; Metropolitan Hotel.

Claims; Expenditures in the Treasury Department.



F. M. SIMMONS.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bladen, Cumberland, Duplin, Harnett, Moore, Onslow, Pender, Sampson and Wayne.

Cong. Vote, 22,801.

McClammy, D., 14,538.

Koonce, R., 8,166.

Seat, 100.



C. W. McCLAMMY.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Alamance, Chatham, Durham, Franklin, Johnston, Nash, Orange and Wake.

Cong. Vote, 30,334.

Nichols, Ind., 15,861.

Graham, D., 14,473.

John Nichols, an Independent candidate from the Raleigh district, votes and caucuses with the Republicans. He is an old printer and has been principal of a deaf and dumb asylum, President Garfield, unsolicited, appointed him postmaster of Raleigh in 1881 and President Cleveland removed him in 1885.



JOHN NICHOLS.

Latham is forty-eight years old; a University of North Carolina man, a graduate of Harvard Law School, a major in the Confederate Service, twice a member of the Legislature, a member of the Forty-seventh Congress, and again of the Fiftyeth.

Greenville, N. C.; Metropolitan Private Land Claims; District of Columbia.

In 1857 he removed to Beaufort, N. C., and became editor and proprietor of the Beaufort Journal, an independent newspaper, which he conducted for a year or more, until chosen superintendent of the State Printing Establishment, where he served his apprenticeship. He held that position for a number of years. In 1866 he became the senior member of a firm doing a book and job printing business in Raleigh. For years it was the leading establishment in that State. While connected with this firm, he became one of the editors of the Daily Telegram, an Independent Journal. He is of old Whig antecedents, was opposed to secession and after the war became a conservative Republican. He never actively engaged in party politics and made his first stump speech after becoming a candidate for Congress, in the fall of 1886. He has always been an earnest advocate of labor interests, was elected the first secretary of Raleigh Typographical Union, the first trade organization established in North Carolina, in 1885, early enlisted in the present labor movement and is now serving his third term as State Master Workman of the Knights of Labor of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C.; Ebbitt House.

Mines and Mining; Labor.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Caswell, Forsyth, Granville, Guilford, Person, Rockingham, Stokes and Surrey.

Cong. Vote, 23,666.

Brower, R., 13,282.

Reid, D., 11,702.

Winston, G. R., 1,164.

Winstead, 518.

John M. Brower comes from the picturesque mountains of the Blue Ridge, in the western end of his State. His district was for twelve years represented by Gov. Seales. It would have gone Democratic, doubtless, but for the misfortunes of Reid, its last representative. He got into serious difficulties, financial and otherwise, last session and had to resign his seat. Mr. Brower was an unsuccessful candidate for Congress in 1878. He is a protectionist, but is strongly in favor of the abolition of the internal revenue tax.

Mount Airy, N. C.; 1112 Tenth street, n. w.

War Claims; Expenditures in the State Department.

War Claims; Expenditures in the State Department.

War Claims; Expenditures in the State Department.

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J. M. BROWER.

Mount Airy, N. C.; 1112 Tenth street, n. w.

War Claims; Expenditures in the State Department.

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War Claims; Expenditures in the State Department.



A. ROWLAND.

Post Office and Post Roads; Election of President and Vice President, etc.

SEVENTH DISTRICT

Counties: Catawba, Davidson, Davie, Iredell, Montgomery, Randolph, Rowan, and Yadkin.

Cong. Vote, 11,965.
Henderson, D., 10,565
Walker, R., 1,401

"Johnnie"

Henderson is a University of North Carolina man, who left his books to fight in 1862. He has practiced law since the war, been in the legislature and was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress.

Salisbury, N. C.; Metropolitan Hotel.

And the following: Pensons.



U. S. HENDERSON

EIGHTH DISTRICT

Counties: Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Burke, Caldwell, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln, Watauga, and Wilkes.

Cong. Vote, 15,522.
Cowles, D., 9,997.
Green, R., 5,525.



W. H. COWLES.
Expenditures in the Department of Justice.

Mr. Cowles' father was a Whig, but he is one of the solid Democrats. He has a testimonial scar two inches long on his cranium, received in front of Petersburg at the close of the war. This is his second Congress.

W. H. Cowles is a lawyer, N. C.; 209 East Capitol St.

Parents: Expenditures in the Post Office Department; Expenditures in the Department of Justice.

NINTH DISTRICT

Counties: Buncombe, Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, McDowell, Macon, Madison, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Transylvania, and Vance.

Cong. Vote, 18,798.
Johnston, D., 11,754
Malone, R., 7,044.



J. D. JOHNSTON

Johnston is a University of North Carolina man, who left his books to fight in 1862. He has practiced law since the war, been in the legislature and was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress.

Mr. Johnston lives at Asheville, the home of Senator Vance. He studied at his State University and served through the war, receiving three wounds at Malvern hill, which still cause him to suffer. He has practiced law since 1866.

He represented the State legislature.

Asheville, N. C.; Columbia Hotel, N. Y.

Elections: Public Buildings and Grounds.

OHIO. THE SENATORS.

SIXTY-five winters have passed over John Sherman's head, and for forty years he has been a conspicuous figure in public life. His beginnings in life were humble and unimpressive, but a resolute ambition has carried him to every height but one to which he has aspired. His education was academic and private, and his mind turned naturally to the law. In his profession, Senator Sherman has made neither great fame nor riches, but as a statesman and wise speculator he has secured both. It is twenty-seven years since he entered the Senate, and before that he sat in four Congresses, his career in the lower branch winding up with the memorable struggle for the Speakership, in which he was worsted. He has the satisfaction of reflecting that his name is known wherever our flag floats, and the other fellow's has to be looked up in the books when anyone wants to mention him. Senator Sherman has been elected to the Senate five times. During the Hayes administration he was Secretary of the Treasury. In 1885-'87 he was President of the Senate, and the last presiding officer of that body to whom the succession to the Presidency might have fallen in case of the death of the President. Senator Sherman has been a formal candidate before three national conventions for the Presidential nomination, each time having a strong support in the south, where he is looked upon as the best friend of the black man. Between himself and his brother, "Old Tom," there exists an ideal affection. It is said the General could twice have been nominated for the Presidency if he had consented to take the prize, but as long as John wanted it, he declined.

Manfield, Ohio; 1319 K street, n. w. Foreign Relations; chairman; Constitutional of the Constitution; Expenditures of Public Money; Finance; Rules.

Henry B. Payne is a gentleman in whose career kindly circumstances have conspired again and again to make him rich, honored and happy. He came from Hamilton College, studied law with John C. Spencer, one of New York's foremost jurists, and after twelve years' practice in Ohio, by wise purchases of real estate, and judicious railroad and manufacturing investments, became one of the richest men in the State. To all this he added the large fortune of his wife, and later in life his son, Oliver Payne, discovered the modern Madden's lode, which again added wealth to wealth. Not quite forty years ago Mr. Payne was a State Senator. In 1861 he



JOHN SHERMAN

was a Democratic candidate for United States Senator, and in 1857 he ran for Governor, against Salmon P. Chase. He sat in the Democratic National Convention of 1856, and in the Charleston Convention of 1860. He drew up the platform. He was chairman of the Ohio delegation in the Baltimore Convention of 1872. In the Forty-fourth Congress he was chairman of the House committee on the electoral bill. His election to the Senate was the defeat of George H. Pendleton, the present Minister to Germany. Mr. Payne's only daughter is the wife of Secretary Whitney.

Cleveland, Ohio; 1122 Vermont avenue. Education and labor; Foreign Relations; Territories.

It speaks well for the Buckeye delegation in the House, that its leader is that dilutive Quaker, "Bald, bad Ben Butterworth." Like most of his colleagues, he was born in Ohio and received his education there. Mr. Butterworth is one of the leading men on the Republican side of the chamber. He is one of the finished speakers of the House and is scholarly and doctrinaire in his way of putting things. No man can be more true to a friend or his convictions or fight harder for either, than Ben Butterworth. He is a man of generous and liberal instincts and possesses qualities that men delight to admire.

Cincinnati, Ohio; Le Drob Park. Appropriations.

SECOND DISTRICT.

City of Cincinnati, part of Hamilton County, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 18th wards; townships of Anderson, Columbia, Spencer, Symmes and Sycamore, and Avondale and the Northeast, Saint Bernard and Bond Hill precincts of Mill Creek Township.

Cong. Vote, 32,219.
Brown, R., 17,009.
Shiels, D., 15,210.

Charles E. Brown, also of the Cincinnati delegation, is, like Mr. Butterworth a Quaker. He was born in the district he represents and educated at Miami University. He spent five years in Louisiana before the war serving as tutor and in his leisure reading law. He entered the army as a private and came out as a brevet brigadier Gen. Grant, in 1872, appointed him U. S. Pension Agent at Cincinnati and he held the place until Hayes was inaugurated. Gen. Brown is 54 years old and this is his second term in Congress.

Cincinnati, Ohio; 1120 New York ave. Expenditures in the Post Office Department; Election of President and Vice President, etc.

C. E. BROWN.

Expenditures in the Post Office Department; Election of President and Vice President, etc.

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Cleveland, Ohio; 1122 Vermont avenue. Education and labor; Foreign Relations; Territories.

THE MEMBERS.
FIRST DISTRICT.

City of Cincinnati, part of Hamilton County, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 18th wards; townships of Anderson, Columbia, Spencer, Symmes and Sycamore, and Avondale and the Northeast, Saint Bernard and Bond Hill precincts of Mill Creek Township.

Cong. Vote, 28,688.
Butterworth, R., 15,522.
Miller, D., 13,166.

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Cincinnati, Ohio; Le Drob Park. Appropriations.

SECOND DISTRICT.

City of Cincinnati, part of Hamilton County, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th and 25th wards; townships of Colerain, Crosby, Delhi, Greene, Harrison, Springfield and Whitewater, and Clifton, College Hill, Whittier Place and Western precincts of Mill Creek Township.

Cong. Vote, 32,219.
Brown, R., 17,009.
Shiels, D., 15,210.

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Cincinnati, Ohio; 1120 New York ave. Expenditures in the Post Office Department; Election of President and Vice President, etc.

C. E. BROWN.

Expenditures in the Post Office Department; Election of President and Vice President, etc.

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Expenditures in the Post Office Department; Election of President and Vice President, etc.

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Expenditures in the Post Office Department; Election of President and Vice President, etc.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Miami, Montgomery, and Probler.

Cong. Vote, 34,465.
Williams, R., 17,235.
Murray, D., 16,102.
Blackford, Pro., 1,128.

Ellen S. Williams was born in the Buckeye State. He was a student at Antioch College, read law at Dayton, and served in the Union Army throughout the war. At the surrender, he found himself stationed at Carthage, Tenn., there he made his home, becoming Attorney-General E. S. WILLIAMS for the Sixth Judicial District for the State, and in 1897 receiving an election now 53 years old and this is his first to the State Legislature. Mr. Williams is term in Congress.

Troy, Ohio; 220 North Capitol street.
Indiar Depredation Claims; Ventilation and Acoustics.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Allen, Anglaize, Darke, Mercer, and Shelby.

Cong. Vote, 28,648.
Yoder, D., 16,959.
Brotherton, D., 10,753.
Hickerner, Pro., 853.
Alexander, Labor, 83.

Yoder is the peculiar name of the gentleman from the Fourth district. It is a Swiss women ancient, rugged and pure as the Alps. There are no better-hearted or more thrifty people than the Swiss settlers in Ohio, and they furnished some of the bravest soldiers in the war. Mr. Yoder was born in Holmes County, S. S. YODER, Ohio, in 1841. He enlisted as a private in the One hundred and twenty-eighth Ohio Infantry, rose to the rank of Lieutenant, and served till the end of the war. Then he studied medicine, and practiced his profession for eighteen years. He was elected Mayor of Bluffton; served as a member of State Democratic Executive Committee; was elected Judge of the Probate Court of Allen County, Ohio, and served from February, 1882, till October, 1886, when he resigned, and was elected to the Fiftieth Congress.

Lima, Ohio; 24 Third street, n. e.
Military Affairs; Invalid Pensions.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Crawford, Hancock, Putnam, Seneca and Wyandot.

Cong. Vote, 23,618.
Seney, D., 16,966.
Harpster, R., 5,023.
Rock, Pro., 1,629.

Judge George Elbert Seney, of the Tiffin District, is one of the six Congressmen in the delegation who are not natives of Ohio. He was born in Pennsylvania, in 1832, but he remained a resident of the Keystone State only a short six months, when his parents moved to Ohio. He was admitted to the bar in Tiffin and has practiced there 35 years. He was an elector on the Buchanan and Breckinridge ticket, and the year following, was made Judge of the Third Judicial District. He held a quartermaster's position during the last two years of the war. This is his fifth year in Congress.

Judge Seney is a man of decided character and he wields an important influence in State and national politics. He has been a Democrat all his life.

Tiffin, Ohio; 1338 G street, n. w.
Judiciary; Militia; Eleventh Census.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Paulding, Van Wert, Williams, and Wood.

Cong. Vote, 39,020.
Boothman, R., 19,476.
Hill, D., 18,099.
Roscherough, Pro., 1,245.

M. M. Boothman is a self-made Ohio boy, who was brought up on a farm until the war called him away from his home. In a charge on the rebel works at Jonesborough, in 1861, he received a bad gunshot wound which cost him his left leg. He went home pretty well sick of the war, and hardly knew what M. M. BOOTHMAN to do for a livelihood. The quiet and rest made necessary by his wounds he turned to account by studying law. By alternate teaching, working and studying, for he was without the funds necessary to secure a good education, he finally secured his degree as a law graduate of Michigan University. He was elected Treasurer of Williams County in 1873, and held this office six years. He was practicing law when he was elected to the Fiftieth Congress.

Bryan, Ohio; 52 B street, n. e.
Revision of the Laws; Accounts.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Butler, Clermont, Greene, and Warren.

Cong. Vote, 31,586.
Campbell, D., 15,303.
Little, R., 15,301.
Chapman, Pro., 982.

James E. Campbell, of Hamilton, was born at Middletown, Ohio, in 1843. He served in the Navy during the war; was Prosecuting Attorney of Butler County, Ohio, from 1876 to 1880, and was elected to the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Congresses.

Hamilton, Ohio;
1011 Connecticut ave. J. E. CAMPBELL.
District of Columbia; Alcoholic Liquor Traffic, chairman.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Champaign, Clarke, Logan, Madison, and Pickaway.

Cong. Vote, 36,424.
Kennedy, R., 18,080.
McMillen, Lab. D., 16,692.
Morgan, Pro., 1,652.

The member from the eighth district, Mr. Kennedy, is a solid, well-read lawyer. He was born in Bellefontaine, Ohio, in 1840. At the first call for troops in 1861, he enlisted as a private in a company of three months' men. He was afterward transferred to staff duty, and appointed Assistant Adjutant-General of Volunteers with rank of Captain; served in the armies of West Virginia, Potomac, Cumberland, and Shenandoah, on the staffs of Generals Scammon, Gerard, Crook, and Hancock, holding the respective rank of Captain, Major, Lieutenant-Colonel, Colonel, and Brevet Brigadier. He was admitted to the bar after the war.

Bellefontaine, Ohio; 1101 K street, n. w.

Public Buildings and Grounds; Enrolled Bills.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Delaware, Hardin, Knox, Marion, Morrow, and Union.

Cong. Vote, 35,349.
Cooper, R., 17,659.
Levering, D., 15,790.
Elsom, Pro., 1,900.

William C. Cooper, of Mount Vernon, is an old stager. He was born at Mount Vernon, Ohio, in 1832. He has held a long list of offices; was Prosecuting Attorney January, 1859-'63; Mayor of the city of Mount Vernon 1862-'64; member of the General Assembly 1872-'74; Judge-Advocate-General of the State 1879-'84. This is his second term. Mount Vernon, Ohio; 1015 L street, n. w.
Elections.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Erie, Lucas, Ottawa, and Sandusky.

Cong. Vote, 32,772.
Romeis, R., 17,180.
Hurd, D., 15,592.

The Toledo District sends a man to Washington, who was once a baggage master. This decidedly American way of securing self-government has proved its wisdom, for the Honorable Jacob Romeis is a man of more than ordinary ability and character. He makes a good representative. In the Committee Room he is level-headed, reasonable, and industrious; on the floor he votes right up to the mark with his Republican colleagues, and enjoys their esteem. He is the man that beat Frank Hurd, the Free-Trade John the Baptist who came out of the Ohio wilderness to go up and down the country, educating the American working-man in the art of cutting his own throat. Mr. Romeis was born in Weissenbach, Bavaria; and in 1847 he came with his parents to Buffalo, N. Y. In 1879 he was elected Mayor of Toledo, and was twice re-elected. This is his second term in Congress.

Toledo, Ohio; Congressional Hotel.
District of Columbia; Expenditures in the Navy Department.
Bills.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Lawrence, Scioto and Vinton.

Cong. Vote, 31,690.
Thompson, R., 17,550.
Dungan, D., 13,202.
Witherspoon, Pro., 938.

The Keystone State gives another Congressman to Ohio, in the person of Albert Clifton Thompson, of the Portsmouth district. He received his education at Jefferson College, was admitted to the bar in 1861, served on the Probate and Common Pleas Bench twelve years, and before that was a soldier in the Union army until he had to be discharged for wounds received in battle. He entered Congress with the Forty-ninth and was re-elected.

Portsmouth, Ohio; 216 North Capital Street.

Invalid Pensions; Expenditures in the Department of Justice.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Brown, Clinton, Fayette, Highland, Pike and Ross.

Cong. Vote, 36,764.

Pugsley, R., 18,243.

Denver, D., 17,025.

Redkey, Pro., 1,551.

Scattering, 12.

The modest gentleman who represents the Third District is Jacob J. Pugsley. He is a Dutchess County New Yorker, about 40 years old. He was brought up in Ohio and graduated at Miami University. He has been a member of both branches of the Ohio Legislature. His business is the law. Hillsborough, Ohio, Abbott House, Agriculture.



J. J. PUGSLEY
Hillsborough, Ohio, Abbott House, Agriculture.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Fairfield, Franklin, Hocking and Perry.

Cong. Vote, 39,315.

Outwaite, D., 20,310.

Shepard, R., 17,730.

Bann, Pro., 1,275.

An Ohio member, who is considered as a marked and coming man, is Joseph H. Outwaite, of the Columbus district. He is a native of Cleveland, and began life as a high-school teacher at Zanesville. For three years he was a principal of a grammar school in Columbus.

While supporting himself by teaching, he studied law and for four years, until 1871, he practiced in Osceola, Mo. Returning to Columbus, he was elected and re-elected Prosecuting Attorney. Mr. Outwaite has undertaken, as chairman of the Pacific Railroads Committee, to solve the Government's problem how to make the Pacific roads pay their debts. His labors have not yet reached a conclusion, but his consistency will undoubtedly give him all the time he wants to work out the puzzle. Columbus, Ohio; The Hamilton. Elections; Pacific Railroads, chairman.



J. H. OUTWAITE

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Ashland, Huron, Lorain and Richmond.

Cong. Vote, 28,176.

Wickham, R., 13,835.

Erliston, D., 12,761.

Lambling, Pro., 1,576.

Judge Chas. P. Wickham, of the Norwalk district, illustrates what is coming to the American people as they cease to migrate from one part of the country to another and settle down into permanent and established modes of living. He was born, reared, educated and elected to Congress on the same quarter section in the old and prosperous town of Norwalk. In early life he was a printer, but his mind turned to the law naturally, and in 1848 he was admitted. He edited for a private in 1861 and remained in service until July, 1865, reaching the rank of



C. P. WICKHAM

Lieutenant Colonel. He was elected and re-elected prosecuting attorney after the war and finally elevated to the Common Pleas Bench in 1880, being re-elected in 1885, although the district was strongly Democratic. He had not seen service in Congress until last December.

Norwalk, Ohio; 123 C street, n. e. Cottage, weights and measures; Private Land Claims.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Athens, Meigs, Monroe, Morgan, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 30,439.

Grosvenor, R., 15,794.

Warner, D., 14,324.

Mills, Pro., 821.

Charles Henry Grosvenor, represents the Athens District. He is a connecticut man, born in the old town of Pomfret, where his ancestors were men of note. His grandfather, Col. Thomas Grosvenor, commanded the Second Connecticut Regiment in the Revolution, and his father, Major C. H. Grosvenor, Peter Grosvenor, served in a Connecticut Regiment in the war of 1812.

Athens, Ohio; 1308 F street, n. w. Rivers and Harbors.



SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Coshocton, Holmes, Licking, Muskingum, and Tuscarawas.

Cong. Vote, 37,866.

Wilkins, D., 20,258.

Downs, R., 16,241.

Scott, Pro., 1,321.

This is Judge Geddes' old district. Beriah Wilkins was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress to succeed the old Judge. Beriah is a popular member, convivial, genial and always around. He has an Ohio birth-right and is 42 years old. His business is banking. He was elected in 1879 to the Ohio Senate; was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee in 1882.

Crichville, Ohio; 1414 K street, n. w. Banking and Currency, chairman; Expenditures in the War Department.



B. WILKINS

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Belmont, Guernsey, Harrison, Jefferson, and Noble.

Cong. Vote, 33,581.

Taylor, R., 17,623.

Kennon, D., 14,010.

Monroe, Pro., 1,918.

J. D. Taylor is the successor of the late J. T. Updegraff. He is an Ohioan by birth, educated in the public schools and at Madison College. He taught school for a time and studied law at Cincinnati, being admitted to the bar in 1859 and graduated at the Cincinnati Law School in 1860. He served on military committees by the appointment of the governor from the opening of the war until June, 1863, when he entered the Army in the Fifty-eighth Ohio, from which he was soon detached and made Judge Advocate, and subsequently Judge Advocate of the District of Indiana. This position he held until



J. D. TAYLOR

the close of the war. He was twice brevetted for meritorious services in the discharge of his official duties; served two terms as Prosecuting Attorney of his county. Besides being a lawyer he edited the Guernsey Times, a Republican newspaper, from 1860 until 1870. He is connected with a number of manufacturing establishments, but has devoted his time mainly to the practice of law. He represented his State in the Philadelphia Loyalists Convention in 1866, and his district in the National Conventions of 1876 and 1880. He entered Congress with the Forty-seventh and came back to the Forty-eighth, but Uncle Adoniram Warner, (Old Silver Dollar Adoniram) beat him out of his seat in the Forty-ninth. It is said Uncle Adoniram had procured the gerrymandering of that district.

Cambridge, Ohio; Hamilton House. Education; Eleventh Census.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Carroll, Columbiana, Mahoning, and Stark.

Cong. Vote, 34,993.

McKinley, R., 18,776.

Phelps, D., 16,217.

The Canton district honors itself by honoring the little Napoleon of Protection, William McKinley. He made what is generally accepted as the best argument for the American system in the great debate of the Fifty-fifth Congress, and gave an object lesson with a suit of clothes bought for \$10 at the store of Leopold



W. McKinley, Morse, in Boston. This incident travelled farther than the speech itself, although a million copies of that have gone over the country. Mr. McKinley was born at Niles, in 1843. He enlisted in the United States Army in May, 1861, as a private soldier in the Twenty-third Ohio Volunteers, and was mustered out as Captain of the same regiment and Brevet Major in September, 1865. He was Prosecuting Attorney of Stark County, 1869-'71; and was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth Congresses, received the certificate of election to the latter, but late in the first session his opponent, Judge Wallace was seated. He was elected to the Forty-ninth, and re-elected to the Fiftieth.

The little Napoleon would have been nominated by his party at Chicago if he had consented. He fought like a tiger against receiving what most men would die nine times to win. He chose to be true, rather than President. The great historical painting of this half century should be John Sherman thanking William McKinley for his loyalty.

Canton, Ohio; Abbott House. Banking and Currency; Manufactures.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Ashtabula, Geauga, Lake, Portage and Trumbull.

Cong. Vote, 27,829.

Taylor, R., 17,707.

Hoyt, D., 7,831.

Holt, Pro., 2,291.

The old Garfield district, lying along the Lake Shore, east of Cleveland, has Ezra B. Taylor for its representative. He was born on a farm in Portage county in his district, the son of a farmer, and until twenty years old, he worked on the farm. His education was gained in the district



E. B. TAYLOR

schools, and the village academy. In his twentieth year he went to Cleveland to read law; two years later, he commenced practice in his native county. He was elected prosecuting attorney in 1854 and declined a unanimous re-nomination. He removed to Warren in 1861. He went on the Common Pleas Bench in 1877 to fill a vacancy caused by death and in due time was elected to succeed himself. He was nominated for the Forty-seventh Congress during the Presidential campaign of 1880 and when Gen. Garfield resigned his seat in the Forty-sixth Congress on being elected President, Judge Taylor was elected to fill the vacancy. In this way he was elected to the Forty-seventh Congress before he was elected to the Forty-sixth. He has been re-elected regularly ever since.

Cambridge, Ohio; Hamilton House.
Judiciary.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Summit, Wayne, Medina and a part of Cuyahoga.

Cong. Vote, 32,518.
Crouse, R., 15,777.
Dorsey, D. and L., 14,890.
Ashenhuls, Pro., 1,805.
Rogers, Grlk., 46.

George W. Crouse, of the Akron district, was born in Summit county, Ohio, in 1832. He was a farmer until twenty-two years of age and is now a manufacturer. He has been honored with no end of local minor offices. He was a sergeant in Company F, One hundred and sixty-fourth G. W. CROUSE, Regiment, Ohio Volunteers and served in the fortifications around Washington in 1864. He was elected to the Ohio State Senate in 1885 and served during the regular and adjourned sessions of the Sixty-seventh General Assembly until March 4, 1887, when he resigned, having been elected to the Fiftieth Congress.

Akron, Ohio; Riggs House.
Manufactures; War Claims.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

County.—Part of Cuyahoga.
Cong. Vote, 28,365.
Foran, D., 14,899.
Townsend, R., 13,466.



M. A. FORAN.
to have pointed out to them from the galleries. Mr. Foran was born on the banks of the Susquehanna, in 1884, and is, therefore, just 44 years old. He received his education in a Catholic College in Pennsylvania, taught school three years while the war was going on, and then to get a taste of fighting, enlisted as a private in the 4th Pennsylvania Cavalry. Mr. Foran is a decided champion of laboring men, for he is a cooper by trade, and it is said, a good one. Law is his profession, and he was prosecuting attorney for the city of

Cleveland for several years. He took his seat in Congress first with the Forty-eighth.

Cleveland, Ohio; 1112 M street, n. w.
Appropriations; Mines and Mining.

OREGON.

THE SENATORS.



JOSEPH N. DOLPH.
Indians crossing the Plains, and filled the position of Orderly Sergeant. He settled in Portland, Ore., in October, 1862, where he has since resided. President Lincoln appointed him District Attorney for Oregon, and he held the position until he resigned to take his seat in the State senate of which he was a member in 1866, '68, '72, and '74. At the time of his election to the Senate he had a large and lucrative law practice, and was actively engaged in various business enterprises. Portland, Oregon; 8 Lexington Place.
Coast Defenses, chairman; Commerce; Foreign Relations; Public Lands.



JOHN H. MITCHELL.
Senator Mitchell is a Pennsylvanian, 53 years old. He went to California in the Fifties and practiced law for a time in San Francisco. He removed to Portland, Oregon, in 1860. He was four years in the State Senate, half of that time as President of the body. He was a candidate for United States Senator in 1866, and was defeated in the party caucus by one vote. He was chosen Professor of Medical Jurisprudence in Willamette University, at Salem, Oregon, in 1867, and served in that position nearly four years. He was elected to the United States Senate and served from March 4, 1873, to March 3, 1879; and was again elected to the United States Senate in 1885. His term of service will expire March 3, 1891.

Portland, Oregon; Riggs House.
Transportation Routes to the Seaboard, chairman; Claims; Mines and Mining; Post-Offices and Post-Roads; Railroads.

THE STATE AT LARGE.

Cong. Vote, 54,954.
Herman, R., 26,918.
Butler, D., 25,283.
Miller, Pro., 2,753.

Oregon has put herself fairly in the Republican column. Where Mr. Herman had less than 1700 plurality, the Republican ticket in the last election rolled up 7000 majority. It is a wonderful district to represent this whole State of Oregon. Mr.



B. HERMANN.

Herman says nothing about it—for it is not the most important industry in his State—but Oregon fishermen catch more fish than all New England together. His State is extremely rich in minerals, has a magnificent lumber industry, raises the heaviest wheat known, and is a leading State in cattle raising. Mr. Herman is a Marylander, 45 years of age. Since 1866 he has been a lawyer in Oregon. He has been in the legislature and was deputy revenue collector and a land office receiver. He gets the largest salary paid any congressman, his mileage amounting to over \$1500.

Roseburg, Oregon; 734 Seventeenth Public Lands; Indian Depredation

PENNSYLVANIA.

THE SENATORS.

The Camerons, father and son, have filled a long space in Pennsylvania politics. Simon sat in the Senate a long ago as 1845, and remained there until he entered Mr. Lincoln's cabinet. On resigning the war portfolio, he went as minister JAS. DONALD CAMERON.

to Russia, but soon returned. In 1866 he again entered the Senate, was re-elected and resigned in favor of Don. Don Cameron is a Princeton man of the class of '52. He has made a large fortune as an owner of the Northern Central and Pennsylvania railroads. In various coal and iron manufacturing and land enterprises. In 1880 he was chairman of the Republican national committee. He has been twice re-elected to the Senate. In 1876 he was Gen. Grant's secretary of war.

Harrisburg, Pa.; 21 Lafayette Square.
Naval Affairs, chairman; Coast Defenses; Commerce; Military Affairs; Claims against Nicaragua; Five Civilized Tribes of Indians.



M. S. QUAY.

Matt Quay as he is familiarly called, is a Pennsylvanian 55 years old. He graduated from Jefferson College in 1852, and at once began to study law. He is quite the law to form a partnership

with an old college friend, and give magic lantern exhibitions, which succeeded until they came in competition with a religious revival and had to retire from business. He then went to Louisiana with his partner to start a weekly paper, but this enterprise fell through, and Quay drifted to Texas and taught school. The cholera drove him home to Pennsylvania, where he has since lived. He went into the army as Colonel of the 534th Pennsylvania Infantry. Typhoid fever disabled him and he went home. In 1864 he went to the legislature and was defeated for the speakership. He was Secretary of State in Gov. Hartranft's administration, until he resigned to become Recorder of Philadelphia. In 1885 he was elected State Treasurer by a large majority. Senator Quay lives in the house long occupied by his old political friend Governor Curtin.

Beaver, Pa.: 1518 K street, n. w.

Examining the Several Branches of the Civil Service, chairman; Claims; Manufactures; Pensions; Public Buildings and Grounds; Post-Offices and Post Roads.

THE MEMBERS. THE STATE AT LARGE.

Cong. Vote, 816,865.
Osborne, R., 415,946.
Stevenson, D., 367,551.
Palmer, Pro., 30,975.
Thompson, Grbk., 4,473.



EDWIN S. OSBORNE.

Pennsylvania has a member-at-large, making her full representation in the lower House, exactly 28, second only to that of New York. Mr. Edwin S. Osborne lives in the old and conservative town of Wilkesbarre. He had held no civil position before coming to Congress, but in the army he held the rank of Major general. His education was received at the University of Northern Pennsylvania and the National Law School of New York City, where he graduated in 1860. It takes a great many votes to elect a member at large in the State of Pennsylvania, and Gen. Osborne received 415,946 votes; his and that of his Democratic opponent, together amounting to over three quarters of a million.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.: 541 K street, n. w.
Patents; Election of President and Vice President; Election of Elections; Pacific Railroads, chairman.

FIRST DISTRICT.

City of Philadelphia, 1st, 2d, 7th, 20th, and 30th wards.
Cong. Vote, 30,041.
Bingham, R., 18,225.
Ryan, D., 11,826.



Gen. Bingham is as regular as the clock under the gilt eagle to appear in the House, take his seat and wrestle with his large correspondence. His attire is always faultlessly correct in color, fit, and texture, yet it is perfectly in harmony with a polished, self-poised man of the

world, who is able to converse charmingly of the last turn in stocks, the next development of party politics, the newest fashionable shade in gloves, the chloro-oscore of the last best picture in the Academy, or the necessary points in a good riding horse. Gen. Bingham made a good soldier, and was three times badly wounded. Andy Johnson appointed him postmaster of Philadelphia, and he resigned in 1872 to be elected clerk of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter sessions of the Peace at Philadelphia; and he was in 1885 re-elected to this manifold honor. Few Republican National Conventions since the war have missed him in the Pennsylvania delegation. This is his Fifth Congress.

Philadelphia, Pa.: 1708 H street, n. w.
Post-Office and Post Roads.

SECOND DISTRICT.

City of Philadelphia, 8th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 14th, and 20th wards, and that part of the 17th ward lying west of second street.
Cong. Vote, 25,838.
O'Neill, R., 15,480.
Beasley, D., 9,847.
Grimm, Pro., 511.

Philadelphia 18

famous for retaining in the House men who have once proved themselves worthy of election, and her five representatives can stand together and point to the longest continuous service rendered by any set of representatives. Her five members have CHAS. O'NEILL, been in Congress a full century as the following little table will show: Gen. Bingham, 9 years; Mr. O'Neill, 25 years; Judge Kelley, 27 years; Mr. Randall, 25 years; Mr. Harmer 17 years; Total, 104 years. Hon. Charles O'Neill, of the Philadelphia delegation, except for his absence from the Forty second Congress, has served continuously ever since 1863, when he entered with the Thirty eighth, making 23 years of service altogether. He was born in the friendly city in 1820, graduated at Dickinson College in 1840, and is a lawyer by profession. He was a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature for five years before coming to Congress. Mr. O'Neill is a bachelor, and is very popular among society ladies in Washington.

Philadelphia, Pa.: 1126 New York ave., n. w.
Commerce; Library.

THIRD DISTRICT.

City of Philadelphia, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 11th, 12th, and 16th wards.
Cong. Vote, 11,320.
Randall, D., 11,320.
No opposition.

There is reciprocal notion for the city of Philadelphia, and Samuel J. Randall is the fact that he has sat in the House for a full quarter of a century, during that time having wielded greater power than any one man in Congress since the death of Thad Stevens. Mr. Randall is one of the heroic figures of Congress, and one that all Americans visiting the



S. J. RANDALL.

Capitol ask to have shown them. His pale, earnest face, singularly symmetrical and severely classic in its features, with fiery, penetrating black eyes, and that iron jaw of which we have heard so much, easily draw the admiration of all, regardless of party ideals or prejudices. Mr. Randall was born in the city that sends him to Congress, got his schooling in her public schools, and began life as a grocer. When the war broke out he enlisted as a cavalryman and nowadays not one in forty of his constituents knows that he saw three months' service in the saddle, before he was elected to Congress. Like a Jupiter Tonans for the last decade, he has sat in his committee room, holding the thunder bolts of legislation, frightening and driving his party like sheep whither he would. Until his own cohorts rebelled against him and broke his power by amending the rules, not a dollar of appropriation was possible in any direction without Mr. Randall's sweet approval. Three times he was elected speaker, and in Philadelphia one always hears him spoken of as "The speaker." Mrs. Randall is the daughter of Aaron Ward, a New York congressman who enjoyed an intimate friendship with Andrew Jackson, a circumstance which may indirectly account for Mr. Randall's strong Jacksonian characteristics.

Philadelphia, Pa.: 120 C street, s. e.
Appropriations, chairman; Rules.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

City of Philadelphia, 15th, 21st, 24th, 25th, and 29th wards.
Cong. Vote, 39,273.
Kelley, R., 25,391.
Lavery, D., 13,882.

Easily first in honors, both on account of his ability and integrity, as well as his age and long period of service, is Judge William D. Kelley, Father of the House. His career is one that stimulates American pride and ambition and is a splendid monument to the old man as his shadow lengthens on the plain of life. He was born in the City of Friends, received there a common school education, learned the art of printing, and then the jeweler's trade. After working five years in Boston as a journeyman jeweler, he returned to the city of his birth to study law and devote himself to literary pursuits. He made fame for himself as a lawyer being twice elected as prosecuting attorney, and sitting for ten years as a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. In 1860 he sat in the Wigwam in Chicago when Abraham Lincoln was nominated, and to the day of Mr. Lincoln's death enjoyed his fullest confidence and warmest regard. It takes one third of the space allotted in the Congressional Directory to the biography of Judge Kelley, to enumerate the Congresses in which he has sat. This is his fifteenth. Judge Kelley's daughter Florence is a distinguished woman. After graduating from Cornell and taking a four years' course in the University at Zurich, she married a Russian physician with the meteorological name of Wisniewsky. She is as much interested in the labor problem as her father is in the tariff.



W. D. KELLEY.

Philadelphia, Pa.: 1406 G street, n. w.
Ways and Means.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

City of Philadelphia.—18th, 19th, 22nd, 23d, 25th and 31st, wards, and that part of the 17th ward lying east of Second street.

Cong. Vote, 39,899.
Harmer, R., 23,464.
Smith, D., 12,276.
Herwig, Labor, 4,159.

Gen. Harmer is one of the conservative hard-working members. He was born where he lives, in Germantown, the ancient appanage of Philadelphia. He has been in Congress since 1871. His business is railroading and mining and land operations. He has served in the Philadelphia council, and in 1860 was chosen recorder of the city.



A. C. HARMER.

Philadelphia, Pa.; 519 Sixth street, n. w.

Naval Affairs.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Chester and Delaware.

Cong. Vote, 27,336.
Darlington, R., 11,841.
Eberhart, Ind., R., 4,966.
Dickinson, D., 10,529.



Smedley Darlington is an amiable old gentleman who can always be seen reading the Philadelphia Press in his seat for precisely one hour before the House comes to order. He was born in Pocopson Township, Chester County, Pennsylvania, January 24, 1827. He was educated in the Friends' Central School, Philadelphia; and was a teacher in this school for several years. While teaching he made stenographic reports of sermons, lectures, and speeches for the morning dailies of Philadelphia. In 1851 he established a school for boys in Erldown, which he conducted for three years. He then changed the school to one for girls and presided over it for nine years. In 1862 he engaged extensively in organizing oil companies and in boring oil wells. He has resided in West Chester since 1864, during which time he has conducted an extensive business as broker. He was a candidate for the Liberal Republican nomination for Congress in 1872, but was defeated by Dr. Franklin Taylor, of Philadelphia.

West Chester, Pa.; 1800 Mass. avenue, n. w.

Indian Affairs.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Montgomery, and all that part of Bucks not included in the Tenth District.

Cong. Vote, 32,859.
Yardley, R., 17,079.
Latterliwalte, D., 14,944.
Holcomb, Pro., 836.

Mr. Yardley, of the Doylestown district, was born in Yardley, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, October 9, 1850. He was admitted to the bar at Doylestown in 1872, and has since practiced; was elected District Attorney in 1879, and was elected a Delegate to the Republican National Convention at Chicago in 1884.



R. M. YARDLEY.

Doylestown, Pa.; Eblitt House.
Revision of the Laws; Expenditures on Public Buildings.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

County.—Berks.

Cong. Vote, 23,141.
Ermentrout, D., 13,978.
Sitzel, R., 9,163.

Berks County and the city of Reading have an excellent representative in Daniel Ermentrout. He was born in Reading, in 1837, and has resided there since. He was educated in a great variety of schools, studied law and was admitted to practice in August, 1859. He was elected District Attorney for three years in 1862; was elected to the State Senate of Pennsylvania in 1873 for a term of three years, and re-elected in 1876 for four years. He was appointed in October, 1877, by Governor Hartranft, a member of the Pennsylvania Statutory Commission. He was several times chosen Delegate to various Democratic State Conventions, and was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention held at Cincinnati, in 1860. This is his fourth term.

Reading, Pa.; 215 East Capitol street.
Post-Office and Post Roads; Election of President and Vice-President, etc., chairman.



D. ERMENTROUT.

NINTH DISTRICT.

County.—Lancaster.

Cong. Vote, 27,732.
Hiestand, R., 18,683.
McGovern, D., 9,049.

Thad Stevens' old district has been well represented for two terms by John A. Hiestand, of Lancaster, who was born in East Donegal Township, Lancaster County, in 1824. He was reared on a farm; and attended Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg. He was admitted to the Lancaster bar in 1849; and was elected to the State House of Representatives of Pennsylvania as a Whig in 1852, 1853, and 1856. He purchased in 1858, an interest in the Lancaster Examiner newspaper and printing establishment, with which he has since been continuously connected, relinquishing the practice of law. He was nominated to the State Senate in 1860 by the Republican party and elected for a term of three years. He was a Lincoln and Johnson Elector in 1864. President Grant appointed him in 1871, Naval Officer at the Port of Philadelphia, and re-appointed him in 1875. Mr. Hiestand is a bachelor, according to the Lancaster precedent. This district has had James Buchanan, Thad Stevens and A. Herr Smith, to represent it—all famous cell mates. A curious method of nominating members is followed in Mr. Hiestand's district. A popular election is held in the spring to nominate. Mr. Hiestand was defeated for re-nomination.

Lancaster, Pa.; 1327 F street, n. w.
War Claims; Printing; Government Printing Office.



J. A. HIESTAND.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Lehigh and Northampton, and the townships of Bridgeton, Durham, East Rockhill, Haycock, Milford, Nockamixon, Richland, Springfield, Tinticum, and West Rockhill, and the boroughs of Quakertown and Sellersville, in the county of Bucks.

Cong. Vote, 22,069.
Sowden, D., 21,370.
Chase, R., 699.

W. H. Sowden, of Allentown, is famous now for having his public building bill vetoed by President Cleveland. He is a stout, low-set man, nicely dressed always and unmistakably descended from the ancient and well-to-do Pennsylvania German stock.

Allentown, Pa.; 945 K street n. w.
Public Buildings and Grounds; Militia; Accounts.



W. H. SOWDEN.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Carbon, Columbia, Montour, Monroe, Pike, and the townships of Nescopeck, Black Creek, Sugar Loaf, Butler, Hazle, Foster, Bear Creek, Bucks, Salem, Hollenbach, Huntington, Fairmount, and the boroughs of New Columbus, White Haven, Jeddo, and Hazleton, in Luzerne County, and the townships of Roaring Brook, Lehigh, Spring Brook, that part of the city of Scranton south of Roaring Brook Creek and east of Lackawanna River, and the boroughs of Dunmore and Gouldsborough, in Lackawanna County.

Cong. Vote, 19,114.
Buckalew, D., 78,337.
Lattig, R., 777.

Congressman Buckalew used to be a senator (1864—1870), and has been a Jeffersonian Democrat all his life. He is a native Pennsylvanian, 67 years old, and has practiced law since 1843. He has been in the legislature, and held various offices. In 1857 he was chairman of the State Committee. He was commissioner to exchange ratifications of a treaty with Paraguay in 1854, serving between sessions of the Legislature. As Commissioner he assisted to revise the penal code of his State. He was appointed Minister Resident of the United States at the Republic of Ecuador, which office he filled for three years. He was the Democratic candidate for Governor in 1872, being defeated. In 1876 he headed the Democratic State Electoral ticket. In 1872 he published a volume upon Proportional Representation, and in 1883 a work upon the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Blommsburgh Pa.; Eblitt House.
Judiciary; Education.



C. R. BUCKALEW.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—All those portions of Luzerne and Lackawanna Counties not included in the Eleventh District.

Cong. Vote, 29,365.
Lynch, D., 14,176.
Scranton, R., 93,526.
Knapp, Pro., 1,663.

John Lynch, of Wilkes Barre, was born in Providence, Rhode Island, in 1843. He received a public school and academic education. When a boy he worked on a farm and in the coal mines. Then he taught school and read law, being admitted to the bar in 1865, since which time he has been in active practice. This is his first term.



JOHN LYNCH.

Wilkes Barre, Pa.; 705 Tenth street, n. w.
 Mines and Mining; Invalid Pensions; Claims.

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.

County.—Schuylkill.
 Cong. Vote, 22,451.
 Brumm, R., 11,293.
 Shephard, D., 10,519.
 Cleaver, Pro., 669.

Mr. Brumm represents the subterranean district of Schuylkill County. Over half of his constituents live underground in the coal mines. He is in full sympathy with the laboring people, and especially the miners. He was born at Pottsville, in 1838, and received a common school education with the exception of one year at the Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. He served an apprenticeship at the trade of watchmaker; studied law two years and left his studies to enlist as a private under the first call of President Lincoln for three months' men.

Milnersville, Pa.; 24 Grant Place, n. w.
 Banking and Currency; Expenditures in the Interior Department.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Dauphin, Lebanon and Northumberland.
 Cong. Vote, 33,005.
 Bond, R., 17,116.
 McDevitt, D., 14,485.
 Nisbly, Pro., 1,401.



FRANKLIN BOND, of Milton, was born in Milton, in 1829; was educated in the common schools and at the old Milton Academy; taught a public school long enough to acquire means to attend the Law School at Easton, Pennsylvania, and then settled down to the practice of his profession in his native town, where he has resided ever since. He Bond's second term.

Milton, Pa.; 212 Fourth street, s. e.
 Labor; Accounts.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming.
 Cong. Vote, 25,607.
 Bondell, R., 16,113.
 Pickett, D., 10,433.
 Dodson, Pro., 2,041.

Frank C. Bondell of Tunkhannock was born in Pennsylvania. When 19 years old he left Wyoming Seminary to enlist as private in Company E, Fifty second Pennsylvania Volunteer, and served as quartermaster, captain of his regiment during the Peninsular campaign, under General McClellan. He is a C. C. HENSHILL member and leader. He was elected to the Forty second Congress in 1872 to represent the unexpired term of Hon. C. K. Meade. He served in the Forty fourth Congress.

Tunkhannock, Pa.; National Hotel.
 Manufactures; Indian Depredation Claims.



C. N. BRUMM.

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.
 Counties.—Cameron, Lycoming, McKean, Potter, Sullivan and Tioga.
 Cong. Vote, 31,435.
 McCormick, R., 17,395.
 Keenan, D., 12,567.
 Sterrett, Pro., 1,473.

Henry C. McCormick, of Williamsport, was born in Lycoming County, Pennsylvania, in 1854; was educated at Dickinson Seminary; studied law; was admitted to the bar in 1886, and has since practiced his profession. He never held any public office until he was elected to the Fiftyth Congress.

Williamsport, Pa.; The Portland.
 Railways and Canals; Militia.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.
 Counties.—Bedford, Blair, Cambria, and Somerset.

Cong. Vote, 33,304.
 Scull, R., 16,548.
 Tate, D., 15,649.
 Clark, Pro., 1,050.
 Luckling, 57.



EDWARD SCULL, of Pittsburgh, is a Pittsburgh man, born there when it was a small town. He was admitted to the bar in 1844; removed to Somerset in 1846 and practiced law until 1857, when he was elected Prothonotary and Clerk of the Court for a term of three years. On March 4, 1863, he was appointed Collector of Internal Revenue by President Lincoln. President Johnson removed him in 1866. He was appointed Assessor of Internal Revenue by President Grant in 1869, and was again appointed Collector in 1873, and served in that capacity until August, 1883, when the district was consolidated with another. He has published and edited the Somerset Herald since 1852.

and at Chicago in 1884.
 Somerset, Pa.; Ebbitt House.
 Levees and Improvements of the Mississippi River.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry, and Snyder.
 Cong. Vote, 31,390.
 Atkinson, R., 17,020.
 Jacobs, D., 13,773.
 Clark, Pro., 597.

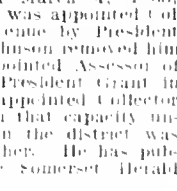
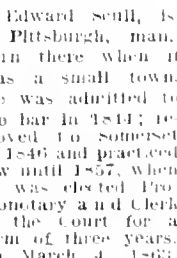
Dr. Louis E. Atkinson, of Millintown, is a native of charming Juniata County. He is a graduate of the Medical Department of the University of the City of New York March 1, 1861. In 1861 he entered the Medical Department, United States Army; served as Assistant Surgeon of the First Pennsylvania Reserve Cavalry, and I. I. VERINSON, Surgeon of the One hundred and eighty eighth Pennsylvania Infantry. He was disabled while in the Army, and being unable to practice medicine, studied law. He was admitted in 1870.

Millintown, Pa.; 740 Plymouth street, n. w.

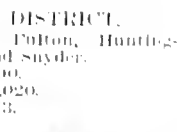
District of Columbia, Expenditures in the State Department.



H. C. MCCORMICK.



JOHN PATTEN.



JOHN PATTEN.



JOHN PATTEN.

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JOHN PATTEN.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.
 Counties.—Adams, Cumberland, and York.

Cong. Vote, 33,499.
 Maish, D., 18,174.
 Seltz, R., 14,228.
 Hench, Pro., 1,097.

Levi Maish, the member from York, was educated at common schools and subsequently at the York County Academy, working on a farm when not at his studies. He was apprenticed in 1854, to a machinist, and remained with him two years. When the war broke out he resorted to a company and became a colored. He was twice wounded. He is a lawyer.

York, Pa.; 1516 Thirty-first street, n. w.

Elections; Military Affairs.

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Millin, and Union.
 Cong. Vote, 33,949.
 Patton, R., 16,596.
 Hall, D., 16,413.
 Trumpheller, Pro., 794.
 Ryder, G. R., 172.
 Scattering, 4.

John Patton, of Crowsville, is the successor of Gov. Curtin. He is a native Pennsylvanian 65 years old. He was in business as a merchant and lumberman from 1844 till 1860. He was a Delegate to the National Whig Convention which met in Baltimore in 1852; and the Republican National Convention which met at Chicago in 1860. He was elected to the Thirty seventh Congress in 1860; and was a Presidential Elector in 1861.

Crowsville, Pa.; Willard's Hotel.
 Agriculture.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Payette, Greene, and Westmoreland.
 Cong. Vote, 34,046.
 McCullough, R., 15,381.
 Donnelly, D., 15,126.
 Rattery, D., 2,581.
 Hill, Pro., 953.
 Scattering, 5.

Welly McCullough, of Greensburg, has the seat once held by C. E. Boyle, chairman of the Pan Electric Investigation. He is a Princeton man of the class of 1870. During the war he was second clerk under Capt. W. B. Conter, Provost Marshal of the Twenty first District of Pennsylvania. W. McCullough, for two years. After leaving college he read law, and was admitted to the bar in 1872, since which time he has practiced his profession. He never held any office until he was elected to the Fiftyth Congress.

Greensburg, Pa.; Willard's Hotel.
 Mines and Mining; Claims.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

City of Pittsburgh, Eight boroughs and fourteen townships of Allegheny county, south of the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers.

Cong. Vote, 30,055.
 Dalzell, R., 16,031.
 Parkinson, D., 12,020.



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Brickell, Pro., 1,071.
Bld., Labor, 327.

The bright or-
dnamme of the Re-
publican side of the
House is John Dal-
zell, the sharp
young Pittsburgh
lawyer. He was born
in New York City,
in 1845, and re-
moved to Pittsburgh
in 1847. He gradu-
ated at Yale in the
class of '65. He
studied law and was
admitted to the bar JOHN DALZELL.
In February, 1867. At time of his election
he was, and for years he has been, the
Attorney for the Pennsylvania Railroad
Pittsburgh, Pa.; Arlington Hotel.
Pacific Railroads.



TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

County.—Allegheny.
Cong. Vote, 20,612.
Bayne, R., 12,133.
Alcom, D., 7,094.
Rabe, Pro., 1,385.

Col. Tom Bayne,
of Allegheny City,
was born where he
lives, in 1836. He
was educated at
Westminster College,
and entered the
Union army in July,
1862, as Colonel of
the One hundred
and thirty-sixth Reg-
iment of Pennsylvania
Volunteer Infan-
try, which he com-
manded during T. M. BAYNE.
its nine months' term of service, taking
part in the battles of Fredericksburg and
Chancellorsville. He resumed his law
studies, and was admitted in 1866. He
was elected District Attorney for Al-
legheny County in 1870, and held the office
until January 1, 1874. He was nomi-
nated by the Republican party for the
Forty-fourth Congress, and was defeated
by Alexander G. Cochrane, Democrat, and
Samuel A. Puyblanc, Independent Re-
publican. He was elected to the Forty-
fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh, Forty-
eighth, and Forty-ninth Congresses, and
was re-elected to the Fiftieth by an over-
whelming majority. Col. Bayne is some-
thing of a newspaper man besides being
a lawyer.



Bellevue, Pa.; 1629 Mass. ave., n. w.
Rivers and Harbors; Reform in the
Civil Service.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Beaver, Lawrence, and Wash-
ington.

Cong. Vote, 26,730.
Jackson, R., 14,787.
Baird, D., 10,347.
Irish, Pro., 1,465.
Allen, Grbk., 131.

Oscar L Jackson,
of New Castle, is a
Scotch-Irish Pennsylvan-
ian who served in
the Army from 1861
to 1865, entering as
Captain and receiv-
ing the promotions of
Major, Lieutenant-
Colonel and Colonel
by brevet. He was
in the campaigns in
Missouri, Tennessee,
and Mississippi, also
from Chattanooga to
Atlanta, the March to
the Sea, and through
the Carolinas, com-
manding his regiment
during the latter
part of the war. He was very severely
wounded at Corinth. He studied law after
the war, and was admitted in 1867, and
has practiced since; was District Attor-
ney, 1868-'71; was a member of the Com-
mission to codify laws and devise a plan
for the government of cities of Pennsyl-
vania, 1877-'78. He was elected to the



O. L. JACKSON.

Forty-ninth, and re-elected to the Fiftieth
Congress.

New Castle, Pa.; 613 Thirteenth street,
Public Lands.

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Armstrong, Clarion, Forest,
Indiana, and Jefferson.
Cong. Vote, 27,022.
Maffet, R., 14,322.
St. Clair, D., 12,700.

James Thompson
Maffet, of Clarion,
after leaving col-
lege, in 1859, went
to California, where
he began the study
of law. He returned
to Pennsylvania in
1870, completed his
law studies in 1872,
and was admitted to
the bar. In 1880 he
was a Republican
Presidential Elector.
In 1884 he had the
instructions of Clar-
ion County for Congress; at the Republi-
can Congressional conference, held at
Brookfield in July of that year, he was a
prominent candidate, but failed to receive
the nomination, principally because of his
inability to be present at the convention.
Clarion, Pa.; Arlington Hotel.
Expenditures in the Navy Department;



J. T. MAFFET.

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Butler, Crawford and Mer-
cer.

Cong. Vote, 31, 447.
Hall, D., 14,565.
Roberts, R., 14,034.
Cunningham, Pro., 2,288.
Hull, Grbk., 500.

Norman Hall, of
Sharon, was born at
the Muncy farms, Ly-
coming County, Penn-
sylvania, in 1829.
He graduated at
Dickinson College in
1847. His busi-
ness is the great
business of Pennsylvan-
ia—dealing in
iron.

Sharon, Pa.; 1331
G street, n. w.

Cohage, weights NORMAN HALL.
and Measures; Levees and Improve-
ments of the Mississippi River; Expendi-
tures in the Treasury Department.



TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Erie, Venango, and War-
ren.

Cong. Vote, 30,501.
Scott, D., 14,787.
Mackey, R., 13,574.
Andrews, Pro., 2, 140.

"Who are you?"
"I am Scott."
"What Scott?"
"Bill Scott."
"Bill Scott, of
Erie?"

"That's me."
"Well," said the
coon crawling out
of his hole, "you
needn't shoot; I'll
come down."

This is a mod-
ernized version of
an old story in W. L. SCOTT.

which one of Mr. Scott's kinsmen
figures. The Scott part holds good still.
Bill Scott is the Pennsylvania boxer of
Mr. Cleveland's administration. To his
skever is due the stiffness of the Presi-
dent's backbone on the tariff issue. Prob-
ably no man ever misrepresented so
many millions of people as Mr. Scott
does as the administration representative
from Pennsylvania. But it is his pleas-
ure, just as his fast horses and his \$1,400-
a-thousand cigars are. He was born in
Washington, and was once a page in the
House a case parallel to that of Sena-
tor Gorman, of Maryland. The two ate



W. L. SCOTT.

a big Delmonico dinner immediately
after both got into the same Congress.

Scott began as a clerk on a canal boat
at the age of twenty. He is now fifty-
eight and worth anywhere from \$15,000-
000 to \$20,000,000. He is a born
financier, an autocrat in business, and a
tyro at racing and politics. He is spare
in build, has thin, clear-cut features and
iron-gray hair and mustache. He gen-
erally dresses quite jauntily in light cut-
away suits and with little display of
jewelry. He is probably the worst
speaker in the House, putting his ideas
in a naive, schoolboy shape, and speaks
in a squeaky voice, anything but nice to
hear. Mrs. Cleveland sat through his
speech on the tariff, but took a rest up
in the country for a few weeks thereafter.

Erie, Pa.; 800 Seventeenth street, n. w.
Ways and means; Expenditures in the
Navy Department.

RHODE ISLAND.

THE SENATORS.

Nels on

W. Aldrich
was born
at Foster,
Rhode Is-
land, in
1841. He
received an
acade in the
education,
and is en-
gaged in
mercantile
pursuits. He
was a mem-
ber of the
Rhode
Island Gen-
eral As-
sembly in
1875-'76.



serving the NELSON W. ALDRICH.
latter year as Speaker of the House of
Representatives, and was elected to the
Forty-sixth Congress, re-elected to the
Forty-seventh and elected to the United
States Senate to succeed Gen. Burnside, in
1881. His second term will expire
March 3, 1893.

Providence, R. I.; 812 Connecticut
avenue.

Rules, chairman; Examine the Several
Branches of the Civil Service; Finance;
Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.

Senator Jona-
than Chace is a
son of the Bay
State, fifty-nine
years old. His
faith is that of
the Quakers and
has such a hold
on him that he
regards it a vi-
olation of the De-
calogue to let
himself be pho-
tographed. Nev-
ertheless the
graven image
herewith shown
is an excellent
likeness of the
senator as he



JONATHAN CHACE.
looked only a few years ago, and he has
changed very little in the interval. He
is a cotton-manufacturer, and a studious,
thoroughly informed gentleman. He sat
in the Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth
Congresses, was elected in 1885 to suc-
ceed the late Senator Anthony, and this
year he was re-elected.

Providence, R. I.; 1213 N street, n. w.

Civil Service and Retrenchment, chair-
man; District of Columbia; Patents;
Post-Offices and Post-Roads; Revolution-
ary claims; Woman Suffrage; To Exam-
ine into the condition of the Civil Service

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Cities and Towns.—Providence, Newport,
Barrington, Bristol, East Providence,
Jamestown, Little Compton, Middletown,

New Shoreham, Portsmouth, Tiverton, and Warren.

Howard, Pro., 736.
Cong. Vote, 6,632.
Spoonier, R., 3,517.
Lapham, D., 2,372.

Little Rhody has a pretty big representation in congress, a 11 things considered. The seat formerly occupied by Senator Aldrich, is now filled by Mr. Spoonier. He is a Brown University man, and was born in Providence. He served through the war, and began to practice law in 1865. He has been in the Legislature several terms and was twice elected speaker. This is his third Congress. Mr. Spoonier is 39 years old.

Providence, R. I.
Invalid Pensions; Reform in the Civil Service.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Towns.—Burritville, Charlestown, Coventry, Cranston, Cumberland, East Greenwich, Exeter, Foster, Gloucester, Hopkinton, Johnston, Lincoln, North Kingstown, North Providence, North Smithfield, Pawtucket, Richmond, Scituate, Smithfield, South Kingstown, Warwick, Westerly, West Greenwich, and Woonsocket.

Cong. Vote, 15,626.
Arnold, R., 8,006.
Bradley, D., 7,218.
Peabody, Pro., 292.

Warren O. Arnold was born at Coventry, Rhode Island, in 1839. He was engaged in mercantile pursuits from 1857 to 1864; from the latter date to 1866, he was engaged in cotton manufacturing. Since that time he has been engaged in the manufacture of woollens. He had never held political office until sent to Congress. He was elected alternate Delegate to the National Republican Convention of 1884.

Chapin, R. I.; Biggs House.
Patents; Expenditures in the War Department.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

THE SENATORS.

Senator Butler is a genuine South Carolinian by birth, breeding and force of circumstances. His grandfather was a brigadier in Pinckney's corps, in the Revolution, and as a member of the constitutional convention of 1787 signed the great document. He sat twelve years in Congress and is said to have been the only man to make way for John C. Calhoun. His son, the senator, also sat in the House in 1841. Senator Butler was born in his State in 1836, and was educated at South Caro-

lina College. He became a major general in the Confederate cavalry service, and lost a leg at Brandy Station. He entered the Senate in 1877.

Edgefield, S. C.; 1751 P street, n. w.
Five Civilized Tribes of Indians, chairman; Naval Affairs; Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress; Territories; Transportation Routes to the Seaboard; President's Message, Transmitting the Report of the Pacific Railway Commission.

Wade Hampton is the third of the name. His grandfather was a Revolutionary officer, a major general in the war of 1812, when he died. He owned 3,000 slaves, and was the richest man in the South. His son, Wade, was an aide to Gen. Jackson, at New Orleans. The present Senator was born in 1818. He was opposed to secession and made a speech against re-opening the slave trade that won the highest praise even from Horace Greeley, who said it was "a master piece of logic, directed by the noblest sentiments of the christian and patriot." He led the Hampton Legion in the Confederate service, became Lee's commander of cavalry with rank as Lieutenant General. He ran for governor in 1876 when the Hampton and Chamberlin governments both claimed to be elected. The latter withdrew and Hampton served. Senator Hampton is an enthusiastic huntsman and fisherman. In 1878 while out hunting he was thrown from a horse and received an injury which cost him a leg. He was elected to the Senate when not expected to live, in consequence of this accident. His second term expires in 1901.

Columbia, S. C.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Coast Defenses; Epidemic Diseases; Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service; Fisheries; Military Affairs.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—County of Charleston, except James Island, Folly Island, Morris Island and the island lying between them, the lower harbor of Charleston Harbor and the ocean coast line from and below high water mark; the towns of Mount Pleasant and Summerville and so much of the Parish of Saint James, Goose Creek, as lies between the western track of the South Carolina Railway and the Ashley River, in the county of Berkeley and below the county of Colleton; parts of the counties of Colleton and Orangeburg and the county of Lexington.

Cong. Vote, 3,317.
Dibbs, D., 3,315.
Scattering, 2.

Sumpter is in Mr. Dibbs's district. He was born in sound of his guns and he was educated there and in connection with he went to Wofford College where he graduated. He is fifty-one years old and three years ago he has practiced law except for the interval of 1864. He was engaged in another occupation. He

has sat in his State legislature and was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in 1880. He was elected to fill the term in the Forty-seventh Congress made vacant by the death of M. P. O'Connor, but O'Connor's title was successfully contested and Dibbs did not get in. He sat in the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Congresses.

Orangeburg, S. C.; Windsor.
Public Buildings and Grounds, chairman; Revision of the Laws.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Aiken, Barnwell, Edgefield, Hampton, and part of Colleton.
Cong. Vote, 5,235.
Tillman, D., 5,212.
Scattering, 23.

An Old School Democrat and a South Carolinian is George D. Tillman. He had the rare honor of serving as a private in the Confederate army all through the war. He was a candidate for the Forty-fifth Congress, but Bob Smalls, the colored hero of the



steamer Planter affair, beat him in a contest before the House. The committee report favored Tillman, but Smalls kept the seat through the neglect of the House to act. He managed to get into the Forty-sixth Congress, but in the Forty-seventh, Smalls again contested his title successfully. He has sat in the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Congresses.

Clark's Hill, S. C.; 412 Sixth street, n. w.

Military Affairs; Patents; Labor Troubles in Pennsylvania.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Abbeville, Anderson, Newberry, Oconee, and Pickens.
Cong. Vote, 4,409.
Cothran, D., 4,402.
Scattering, 7.

Judge Cothran represents the old John C. Calhoun district. He graduated from the University of Georgia, in 1852, and was admitted to the bar in 1854. He served through the war in the Confederate army, and was several times severely wounded. Since the war he practiced law at A. S. Cothran, Abbeville, until he went on the bench in 1881.

Judge Cothran has made a serviceable, hard working member and in view of Perry Belmont's retirement from Congress is talked of for chairman of Foreign Affairs in the next Congress.

Abbeville C. H., S. C.; Metropolitan Hotel.

Foreign Affairs; Election of President and Vice President, etc.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Fairfield, Greenville, Laurens, the county of Spartanburg except the townships of White Plains and Lime stone springs; the county of Union, except the townships of Cowdysville, and Draytonville; and the townships of Centre, Columbia, and Upper, in the county of Richland.



S. DIBBS.

Cong. Vote, 4,470.
Perry, D., 4,470.
No opposition.

Mr. Perry is a Harvard man of '59. He read law with his father at Greenville, and except during the war has been a practicing lawyer since. He has served in both branches of the South Carolina legislature, Greenville, S. C.; Metropolitan Hotel.



Indian Affairs; Private Land Claims; Eleventh Census.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Chester, Chesterfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, York, the townships of White Plains and Limestone Springs, in the county of Spartanburgh, and the townships of Gowdeysville and Draytonville, in the county of Union.

Cong. Vote, 4,701.
Hemphill, D., 4,696.
Scattering, 5.



J. J. HEMPHILL. legislation through the House with great despatch. He makes a decidedly acceptable chairman of the District Committee. Chester, S. C.; 1325 G street, n. w. Coinage, Weights, and Measures; District of Columbia, chairman.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clarendon, Darlington, Horry, Marion, Marlborough, and the townships of Lake Lees, Johnson, and Sumter, and the towns of Kingstou, in the county of Williamsburgh.

Cong. Vote, 4,469.
Dargan, D., 4,411.
Scattering, 58.



G. W. DARGAN. Darlington, S. C.; 603 F street, n. w. Banking and Currency; Reform in the Civil Service.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Beaufort, Georgetown, Sumter, and Berkeley (excepting the towns of Mount Pleasant and Summerville, and so much of the parish of Saint James, Goose Creek, as lies between the western track of the South Carolina Railway and the Ashley River below the county of Colleton); the lower township

of Richland County; the townships of Collins, Adams' Run, Glover, Fraser, Lowndes, and Blake, in the county of Colleton; the townships of Amelia, Goodby's, Lyons, Pine Grove, Poplar, Providence, and Vance's, in the county of Orangeburgh; the townships of Anderson, Hope, Indian, King's (excepting the town of Kingstree), Laws, Mingo, Penn, Ridge, Sutton's and Turkey, in the county of Williamsburgh, and that portion of Charleston county composed of James Island, Folly Island, Morris Island, and the island lying between them, the lower harbor of Charleston Harbor, and the ocean coast line from and below high-water mark.

Cong. Vote, 42,476.
Elliott, D., 6,493.
Smalls, R., 5,961.
Scattering, 22.

Mr. Elliott after twice trying, defeated Robt Smalls in the Beaufort district. He is a Harvard man and studied law at the University of Virginia. He was a Confederate soldier and has sat in the State legislature as well as the Democratic national convention of 1876.

Wm. ELLIOTT. Beaufort, S. C.; 1213 Q street, n. w. Naval Affairs; Territories.



TENNESSEE.

THE SENATORS.



ISHAM G. HARRIS. Harris was the war governor of Tennessee. In 1865 Parson Brownlow and the Union legislature put the price of \$5000 on his head, and he spent two years and a half in Mexico and England. It is 30 years since Gov. Harris studied law nights while conducting a general store in Mississippi, and began to practice law. He had been practicing ten years at Memphis when elected to the Senate in 1876. He was in the House two terms, 1849-1853, and declined a third nomination. Gov. Harris is 70 years old. He is the best parliamentarian on the Democratic side of the Chamber.

Memphis, Tenn.; 13 First street, n. e. Epidemic Diseases, chairman; District of Columbia; Finance; Interstate Commerce; Rules; Examine the Methods of Conducting Business in the Executive Departments.



W. M. BATE.

Gov. Bate began life as a steamboat clerk, was a soldier in the Mexican war, a member of the Tennessee legislature and for six years attorney-general of his State. He rose to be a major-general in the Confederate service and has been

governor of his State two terms.

Nashville, Tenn.; Elliott House. Agriculture and Forestry; Improvement of Mississippi River; Military Affairs; Mines and Mining.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Carter, Claiborne, Cocke, Grainger, Greene, Hamilton, Hancock, Hawkins, Johnson, Sullivan, Union, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 27,346.
Butler, R., 16,393.
White, D., 10,953.

Roderick Butler, of Tennessee, was a tailor's apprentice, a postmaster under Fillmore, a soldier of the Union, and repeatedly a delegate to National Conventions. Before he was twenty-one he was Major of the First Battalion of Tennessee Militia. For fourteen years he was in the legislature. In 1865 he was elected a district Judge. In 1867 he was elected to Congress and sat in the Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Congresses.



R. R. BUTLER. Mountain City, Tenn.; 503 Thirteenth street. Pensions; Revision of the Laws.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Anderson, Blount, Campbell, Jefferson, Knox, Loudon, Morgan, Roane, Scott, Sevier, and Union.

Cong. Vote, 23,617.
Houk, R., 15,857.
Heiskell, D., 7,750.



L. C. HOUK. Knoxville, Tenn.; 1729 F street, n. w. Elections.

Judge Houk has held the fort in the Knoxville, or old Parson Brownlow district, for seven terms. He is a patriot and has probably got more constituents into office than any other American of this epoch can boast. He served in the Union army, has been judge, lawyer, editor, and State legislator.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bedford, Bradley, Cumberland, Grundy, Hamilton, James, McMinn, Meigs, Monroe, Polk, Rhea, Sequeatchie, Van Buren, Warren and White.

Cong. Vote, 27,883.
Neal, D., 14,115.
Wilder, R., 13,768.



JOHN R. NEAL.

Mr. Neal is a native Tennessean, who graduated from Emory and Henry College, Virginia, in 1858. He served in the Confederate army and has been in both ends of the State legislature.

Rhea Springs, Tenn.; National Hotel. Mines and Mining; Public Buildings and Grounds.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Clay, De Kalb, Fentress, Jackson, Macon, Overton, Putnam, Smith, Sumner, Troup, and Wilcox.

Cong. Vote, 20,233.
McMillin, D., 12,441.
Turner, D., 7,792.



B. M. MILLIN.

Renton. McMillin is one of the hard hitters on the Democratic side. He is a Kentuckian by birth, educated at Kentucky University at Lexington. This is his fifth Congress.

Carthage, Tenn.; 519 Thirteenth st., n. w.

Ways and Means; Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bedford, Cannon, Coffee, Franklin, Lincoln, Marshall, Moore and Rutherford.

Cong. Vote, 19,956.
Richardson, D., 13,756.
Mathew, R., 6,210.



F. L. RICHARDSON. When the war began Mr. Richardson was in Franklin College, in the old State of Franklin, that curiosity of Government. He threw down his books and at eighteen became a soldier. After the war he studied law, and in 1867 began practice at Murfreesborough.

In 1871, elected to the legislature, he was elected speaker, at the age of twenty-eight. This is his second term.

Murfreesborough, Tenn.; National Hotel.

Pacific Railroads; Printing, chairman; Government Printing Office.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Cheatham, Davidson, Houston, Humphreys, Montgomery, Robertson, and Stewart.

Cong. Vote, 21,137.
Washington, D., 11,916.
Nye, R., 9,221.

Mr. Washington is a native Tennesseean, thirty-seven years old. He is a graduate of George Town College.

In the class of '73. He studied law with the first class at Vanderbilt. He practiced law from 1874 to 1877. He did not practice, and was father of the Hill. Tenn.

Public Land, Private Land Claims, Expediting, in the Interior Department.



SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Jackson, Giles, Hickman, Lincoln, Lenoir, Macon, Wayne, and Williamson.

Cong. Vote, 20,647.
Whithorne, D., 12,186.
Ellis, R., 8,461.



W. C. WHITHORNE, Justice, Columbia, Tenn.; Ebbitt House, Naval Affairs; Indian Depredation Claims, chairman.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Benton, Carroll, Chester, Decatur, Hardin, Henderson, Henry, Madison, McNairy, and Perry.

Cong. Vote, 24,121.
Enloe, D., 13,059.
Hawkins, R., 11,062.



B. V. ENLOE. While a student in Cumberland University, Mr. Enloe was elected to the legislature at the age of twenty-one. In 1872 he began to practice and in the same year sat in the Democratic National convention. Gov. Marks appointed him a commissioner to settle the State debt. He is a newspaper man.

Jackson, Tenn.; 601 E street, n. w. Post Office and Post Roads; Enrolled Bills.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Claret, Dyce, Gibson, Haywood, Lake, Lauderdale, Olin, and Weakley.

Cong. Vote, 21,206.
Glass, D., 11,272.
Nunn, R., 9,934.

At eighteen President T. Glass was a militia Colonel. He is now sixty-four years old. In 1847 he was admitted to the bar and the same year was elected to the legislature. He was a commissary Major in the Confederate army.

Ripley, Tenn.; Metropolitan Hotel, Agriculture, Taxes and Improvements of the Mississippi River.



P. T. GLASS.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Fayette, Hardeman, Shelby and Tipton.

Cong. Vote, 18,662.
Phelan, D., 11,979.
Taylor, R., 7,683.

"Old Jim Phelan" as they call the young man who represents the Memphis district, is a son of the famous Confederate soldier. He was educated at the Kentucky Military Institute at Lexington, Ky., and at the University of Virginia, where he took the degree of Ph. D. in 1878. He is a lawyer, and is the Memphis Avalanche.



JAMES PHELAN.

Memphis, Tenn.; 1610 Nineteenth street, n. w. Commerce; Reform in the Civil Service.

TEXAS.
THE SENATORS.

Senator Coke is a Virginian, fifty-nine years old. He is a William and Mary man who was admitted to the bar at twenty-one. He went to Texas in 1850 and fought with Texas troops in the Rebel lion, getting to be a captain. When his admiring fellow-citizens had made him a supreme judge, Gen. Sheridan removed him as "an impediment to reconstruction." Six years later he was elected Governor and then re-elected with a majority of 105,000. Sixty days after this great triumph he was chosen senator. He was re-elected in 1883.

Waco, Texas; 419 Sixth street, n. w. Revolutionary Claims, chairman; Commerce, Judiciary.

Judge Reagan was Jeff Davis' Postmaster-General and best adviser. He was with him to the last in '65, and between the two men, to this day the warmest affection exists. Reagan was born in Tennessee, and went to Texas in 1839, when the Republic was in the throes of independence and vibrating with the discussions between Mirabeau, Lamar and Sam Houston. Office has sought him all his life. He was a land surveyor under the Texan Republic, and has been legislator, district judge, member of Congress before the war, and Confederate cabinet minister, both as Postmaster-General and Secretary of the Treasury. For twelve years he sat in the House since the war.

Palmetto, Texas; 222 Third st., n. w. Coast Defenses, Interstate Commerce; Post Offices and Post Roads.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Angelina, Brazos, Chambers, Garces, Hardin, Harris, Jasper, Jefferson, Liberty, Madison, Montgomery, Newton, Orange, Polk, San Jacinto, Trinity, Tyler, Walker, and Waller.

Cong. Vote, 27,188.
Stewart, D., 16,814.
Johnson, R., 10,374.

Judge Stewart who is the tallest and largest man in Congress, resembling in a marked degree Long John Wentworth, of Chicago, is a Texas son, fifty-two years old. He is a lawyer and is serving his third term.

Houston, Texas; Metropolitan Hotel, Live Stock and Hay.



C. STEWART.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Anderson, Cherokee, Freestone, Henderson, Houston, Leon, Nacogdoches, Polk, Sabine, and San Augustine.

Cong. Vote, 5,236.

Martin, D., 5,146.

Scattering, 90

Major Martin is the best known Texan in Washington since the apogee of Thomas Porterhouse Ochiltree. He is Judge Reagan's successor and will be his own Major Martin is a characteristic Texan, though born in Alabama. He "fit" with Lee all through the war. Several times he has served in the Texas legislature. The Major's tariff speech can without the slightest hesitation be pronounced the most interesting of any made on his side of the House. The Major is 65 years old.



W. H. MARTIN.

Athens, Texas; 217 East Capitol st. Coinage, Weights, and Measures; Patents.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Camp, Gregg, Harrison, Hunt, Panola, Rains, Kusk, Shelby, Smith, Upshur, Van Zandt, and Wood.

Cong. Vote, 24,055.

Kilgore, D., 16,696.

Farmer, L., 7,359.

Mr. Kilgore is a native of Georgia, but with his parents became a resident of Texas soon after its annexation. He was admitted to the bar before the war. During the "unpleasantness" he was a Confederate officer and wound up his service at Fort Delaware. For two years he was President pro tem of the Texas Senate. This is his first term in Congress.



C. B. KILGORE.

Will's Point, Tex.; 415 Sixth st., n. w. Territories; Enrolled Bills.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bowie, Cass, Delta, Fannin, Franklin, Hopkins, Lamar, Marion, Morris, Red River, and Titus.

Cong. Vote, 21,935.

Culberson, D., 17,234.

Fleming, 4,701.



D. B. CULBERSON.

Mr. Culberson is also a Georgian. He studied law with Chief Justice Chilton, of Alabama, went to Texas in 1856, and was elected to the legislature in 1859. He became a colonel in the Confederate service. He has been in Congress twelve years and more.

Jefferson, Tex.; Metropolitan Hotel. Judiciary, chairman; Expenditures in the Treasury Department.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Archer, Baylor, Clay, Collin, Cook, Denton, Grayson, Montague, Rockwall, Wichita, Wilbarger, and Wise.

Cong. Vote, 27,518.

Hare, D., 11,683.

Pickett, D., 8,085.

Mack, D., 7,760.

Silas Hare is a character. Born in Ohio, he was brought up in Indiana. At twenty he shouldered a musket, and fought in the Mexican war. Then he studied law in Indiana, and after being admitted in 1850, he wrote G. T. T. on his office door. When the southern sympathizers got hold of New Mexico, Hare was made the Confederate Chief Justice, then in 1884.



SILAS HARE.

Sherman, Tex.; 340 C street, n. w. Indian Affairs; Indian Depredation Claims.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bosque, Dallas, Ellis, Hill, Johnson, Kaufman, and Tarrant.

Cong. Vote, 32,010.

Abbott, D., 19,185.

Kirby, Ind., 11,756.

Norton, R., 1,069.

Judge Abbott is an Alabamian forty-eight years old. He was admitted to the bar in 1881 when he came out of the "service," sat one term in the legislature and was a district judge. This is his first Congress.

Hill's b o r o u g h, Tex.; 305 C street, n. w.

Naval Affairs, Reform in the Civil Service.



J. O. ABBOTT.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Aransas, Bee, Brazoria, Calhoun, Cameron, Dimmitt, De Witt, Duval, Eufaula, Fort Bend, Frio, Galveston, Goliad, Hidalgo, Jackson, La Salle, Matagorda, Maverick, McMullen, Nueces, Refugio, San Patricio, Starr, Victoria, Webb, Wharton, Zapata, and Zavalla.

Cong. Vote, 49,804.

Crain, D., 18,511.

Haynes, R., 1,293.

Mr. Crain was educated at St. Francis Xavier's College, New York City. He is a lawyer and this is his second term in Congress.

Cuero, Texas; 125 B street, s. e. Pacific Railroads; Education; Election of President and Vice-President, etc.



W. H. CRAIN.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Atascosa, Austin, Caldwell, Colorado, Fayette, Gonzales, Guadalupe, Hayes, Karnes, Lavaca, Lee, Live Oak, and Wilson.

Cong. Vote, 26,732.

Moore, D., 24,820.

Hutchinson, R., 1,912.

Judge Moore is an adopted son of the Lone Star State, born in Alabama in 1835. He took the honors of his class at the State University of Mississippi, in 1855. Two years after he went to Texas. He served on his side through the war. From 1876 to 1885 he sat on the District bench. La Grange, Texas; 316 C street, n. w. Elections; Alcoholic Liquor Traffic.



L. W. MOORE.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bell, Burleson, Falls, Limestone, McLeunan, Milan, Navarro, and Washington.

Cong. Vote, 28,497.

Mills, D., 17,160.

Rankin, Pro., 11,337.

Longevity service and a consecutive position on Ways and Means put the important chairmanship of that committee at the organization of this Congress in the hands of Roger Q. Mills. Mr. Mills has struggled valiantly, and enjoys the satisfaction of having done his best for the people whom he represents. His dearest hope is to go into history as the author of the Mills' tariff. He is a quizzical looking man, somewhat frangible, but steady-going and hard working. He has been in Congress fifteen years.

Corsicana, Tex.; 1115 G street, n. w.

Ways and Means, chairman; Rules.



R. Q. MILLS.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Bandera, Bastrop, Bexar, Blanco, Burnet, Coleman, Comal, Concho, Crockett, Edwards, Gillespie, Kendall, Kerr, Kimball, Kinney, Lampasas, Llano, Mculloch, Mason, Medina, Menard, Runnels, San Saba, Travis, Uvalde, and Williamson.

Cong. Vote, 34,304.

Sayers, D., 26,809.

Newcomb, R., 7,492.

Mr. Sayers is a Mississippian. When ten years old he went with his father to Texas. He was educated at the Bastrop Military Institute and fought in the Confederate army from 1861 to '65. After that he taught school and read law. For three years he was chairman of the Democratic J. D. SAYERS.



the Democratic J. D. SAYERS.

state committee. In 1879-80 he was Lieutenant-Governor. This is his second term.

Bastrop, Tex.; 719 Eleventh st., n. w.
Appropriations; Private Land Claims.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Andrews, Armstrong, Boley, Borden, Briscoe, Brown, Brewster, Buchel, Callahan, Carson, Castro, Childress, Cochran, Colingsworth, Comanche, Correll, Cottle, Crosby, Crane, Dallam, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Dickens, Eastland, El Paso, Erath, Ector, Fisher, Floyd, Foley, Gaines, Garza, Gray, Greer, Glasscock, Hale, Hall, Hamilton, Hansford, Hardeeman, Hartley, Haskell, Hemphill, Hickox, Hood, Howard, Hutchinson, Jack, Jones, Jeff Davis, Kent, King, Knox, Lamb, Lipscomb, Lubbock, Lynn, Loving, Martin, Midland, Mitchell, Moore, Morley, Mills, Nolan, Ochiltree, Othman, Palo Pinto, Parker, Parmer, Pecos, Potter, Presidio, Randall, Reeves, Roberts, Scurry, Shackelford, Sherman, Somerville, Stephens, Stonewall, Swisher, Taylor, Terry, Tom Green, Throckmorton, Upson, Val Verde, Wheeler, Ward, Winkler, Yoakum, Donley and Young.

Cong. Vote, 29,634
Latham, D., 21,890.
Barnet, Ind., 7,744.



S. W. T. LATHAM. Among others, there is a Deaf Smith, a Jeff Davis, a Tom Ochiltree, a Philip Nolan, a Jack, a Tom Green and a Sam Randall County. Mr. Latham is a South Carolinian, forty-two years old. He entered the Confederate service when fifteen years old. He is a lawyer. This is his third term.

Weatherford, Tex.; 161 1/2 New York Ave., n. w.

Claims, chairman. Revision of the Laws.

VERMONT.

THE SENATORS.

A Norman baron translated from the Chateaufortian century, gaily modernized in manners, dress, speech and customs, and plucked down in the front row of seats on the public life of the Senate chamber, could not look unlike the noble Senator from Vermont. His bald crown and snow-white beard once, they say, a rich brown



G. L. EDMUNDS.
Vermont. His bald crown and snow-white beard once, they say, a rich brown

have challenged the soubriquet of "St. Jerome," but the strong eyes, wilful nose, and sturdy frame are those of the Norman, as the name is also. Senator Edmunds, is now 60 years old, he has spent twenty-two years in the Senate. He was appointed when Solomon Foote died, and his first speech was a eulogy on his predecessor. Mr. Edmunds has a record in the Senate that even his foes admire. He refused to vote to admit Colorado with a constitution recognizing white men only as citizens. He stood by Stanton, and did his best to oust Andy Johnson. He agreed with Charles Sumner in the San Domingo affair, but disapproved of the quarrel with President Grant. He successfully opposed seating Pinchbeck as Senator from Louisiana. He inaugurated the specie resumption movement. But greatest of all his achievements was, the Electoral Commission by which Mr. Hayes received a peaceable color of title to the Presidency.

Judge Edmunds is a pro forma statesman, and as Jacob Collamer used to say, he sometimes "hits the fly at risk of missing the barn door." He sat in the Vermont legislature several years, and is called Judge without having been one.

Burlington, Vt.; 2111 Massachusetts ave.

Foreign Relations; Judiciary, chairman; Private Land Claims.



JUSTIN S. MORRILL.
years. For twelve years he sat in the House and in 1867 he succeeded Judge Poland in the Senate. In personal appearance he resembles Charles Sumner. He sits in the front row on the Republican side of the Chamber and is a constant and attentive listener to everything that is going on. His life study has been the tariff, and he always commands the closest attention whenever he speaks upon that topic. He has made few speeches upon other subjects. When John Sherman left the Senate in 1877, to take the treasury portfolio in Hayes' cabinet, Mr. Morrill succeeded him as chairman of the committee on Finance, a committee corresponding in importance with that on Ways and Means in the House of Representatives. There is no man in public life to-day who has a more wonderful memory for facts, figures, faces, and names than Senator Morrill. Most of his speeches upon finance and the tariff are carefully prepared, and he generally reads them from the manuscript.

Stratford, Vt.; 1 Thomas Circle.

Finance, chairman; Additional Appropriations for the Library of Congress; Census; Public Buildings and Grounds; Revolutionary Claims.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Addison, Bennington, Caledonia, Franklin, Grand Isle, Lamoille and Rutland.

Cong. Vote, 21,551
Stewart, R., 15,632
Bingham, D., 5,455
Brown, Grbk., 158
Scattering, 100

Governor Stewart is now serving his third term in Congress. He lives in Middlebury, where he was born, and where he went through college.

He is a lawyer by profession, having been admitted in 1850. He was a member of the Vermont House of Representatives, was speaker of the House four years, was a member of the Senate two years and Governor of the State of Vermont two years, 1870-'72. Middlebury, Vt.; The Arlington.

Judiciary; Expenditures in the State Department; New Library.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Caledonia, Essex, Orange, Orleans, Washington, Windsor and Windham.

Vote, 26,922.
Grant, R., 18,685.
Polsom, D., 8,176.
Louis, Grbk., 50.
William W.

Grant, was born of American parents at Compton, Province of Quebec. He is a graduate of the Poughkeepsie Law School in the class of '57, and was admitted to the bar in December of the same year. He served as Lieutenant Colonel of the Fifteenth Vermont Volunteers and brigadier of the militia in the Saint Alban's raid. He was a member of the Vermont legislature for many years.

Barton, Vt.; 611 Thirteenth st., n. w.
Leaves and Improvements of the Mississippi River; District of Columbia.

VIRGINIA.

THE SENATORS.



Senator Riddleberger is the last relic of the Real Juster party of Virginia. He is one of the young senators, being but 44 years old, and notwithstanding peculiarities that would ruin a stronger and less talented man than he, his course at times in the Senate has demonstrated his unusual ability as an orator and his enjoyable readiness as a debater. He served in Lee's army and got to be a captain of cavalry. His profession is law, but he has edited numerous newspapers. In the Virginia legislature he fathered the bill to readjust the State debt. He caucuses with the Republicans but would like to vote with the Democrats. It is said, to depose Mr. Ingalls from the president's chair. His term expires in 1880 and John S. Barbour has been elected to succeed him.

Woodstock, Va.; 1107 G street, n. w.
Manufactures, chairman. District of Columbia; Naval Affairs; Potomac River Front.



J. W. STEWART.

He was speaker of the House four years, was a member of the Senate two years and Governor of the State of Vermont two years, 1870-'72.

Middlebury, Vt.; The Arlington.

Judiciary; Expenditures in the State Department; New Library.

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Woodstock, Va.; 1107 G street, n. w.
Manufactures, chairman. District of Columbia; Naval Affairs; Potomac River Front.

Senator Daniel succeeded Gen. Mahone. He was born at Lynchburg, Va., in 1843. He was a student when Virginia passed the ordinance of secession. He volunteered as a private in the cavalry.



JOHN W. DANIEL.

He was on the staff of Jubal Early, and at the battle of the Wilderness was shot from his horse, his thigh being crushed by the ball. After the war he took the law course in the University of Virginia. He has written two text books, one on "Negotiable Instruments," and the other on "Attachments," and commands a profitable practice.

Lynchburg, Va.; 1700 Nineteenth st., District of Columbia; Indian Affairs; Public Buildings and Grounds; Revision of the Laws; Investigate the Operations of the Civil Service.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Accomack, Northampton, Lancaster, Richmond, Northumberland, Westmoreland, Gloucester, Middlesex, Matthews, Essex, King and Queen, Caroline, Spottsylvania, and city of Fredericksburg.

Cong. Vote, 23,288.
Brown, R., 12,591.
Croxtan, D., 10,696.
Scattering, 1.



T. H. B. BROWNE

Mr. Browne was born at Accomack Court-House, in 1844. He was in the famous Chew's battery of the Stuart Artillery during the war, and "went with the rest" at Appomattox. He studied law at the University of Virginia, and has practiced since 1867.

Accomack
C. H. Va.; 715
Twelfth street, n. w.
Commerce.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Princess Anne, Norfolk, Nansemond, Isle of Wight, Southampton, Elizabeth City, Warwick, York, James City, Charles City, and Surry, and the cities of Norfolk, Williamsburgh, and Portsmouth.

Cong. Vote, 25,420.
Bowden, R., 15,427.
Parks, D., 9,993.

Mr. Bowden comes from quaint old Norfolk. He was born on sacred soil—at Williamsburgh, and is thirty-six years old. President Hayes made him collector of customs and President Cleveland relieved him.



G. E. BOWDEN.

Norfolk, Va.; 1226 Fourteenth street, n. w.

Claims; Expenditures in the Treasury Department.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Henrico, Goochland, Chesterfield, New Kent, Hanover, and King William, and the cities of Richmond and Manchester.

Cong. Vote, 26,550.
Wise, D., 14,001.
Waddill, R., 12,549.

George D. Wise is not the son of Gov. Wise. He is a good deal mixed up with John S. Wise, who divides with Gen. Mahone the leadership of Virginia Republicanism. He was in the Confederate army and is a lawyer. This is his fourth Congress. He is a graduate of Indiana University.

Richmond, Va.; 1323 G street, n. w.
Rivers and Harbors; Naval Affairs.



G. D. WISE.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Prince George, Sussex, Dinwiddie, Greensville, Brunswick, Mechlenburgh, Lunenburg, Nottoway, Amelia, Powhatan, and Prince Edward, and the city of Petersburg.

Cong. Vote, 20,941.
Gaines, R., 14,705.
Page, D., 6,233.



W. E. GAINES.

For three years he led the party in the Virginia Senate. He sat in the Republican convention of 1884.

Burkeville, Va.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Railways and Canals; War Claims.

Mr. Gaines, a tobacco merchant and bank president, represents the Petersburg district. He was a Confederate soldier and surrendered with Joe Johnston at Greensborough, N. C. He was a Conservative Democrat until 1879. He is now a Republican.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Pittsylvania, Franklin, Floyd, Henry, Patrick, Carroll, and Grayson, and the cities of Danville and North Danville.

Cong. Vote, 22,387.
Brown, Ind. R., 12,773.
Chabel, D., 9,614.

John R. Brown entered the Army of Northern Virginia when nineteen years old. He is now a tobacco manufacturer associated with his father. This is his first Congress.

Martinsville, Va.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Expenditures in the Interior Department; Indian Depredation Claims.



J. R. BROWN.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Botetourt, Roanoke, Montgomery, Bedford, Campbell, Charlotte,

Halifax and the city of Lynchburg and Roanoke City.

Cong. Vote, 18,490.
Hopkins, D. and L., 9,470.
Griffin, D., 9,020.

Mr. Hopkins sits for the Lynchburg district. He was born in Maryland and is 45 years old. He was elected to Congress by Democratic and Labor votes, but is, and always has been, a Democrat. He served in a Maryland regiment in the Confederate army.

Lynchburg, Va.; 13 Third street, n. e.

Expenditures in S. I. HOPKINS, the Department of Justice; Eleventh Census.



SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Albemarle, Clarke, Frederick, Green, Madison, Page, Rappahannock, Rockingham, Shenandoah, Warren, and the cities of Charlottesville and Winchester.

Cong. Vote, 22,396.
O'Ferrall, D., 11,580.
Roller, Ind. D., 10,816.



C. T. O'FERRALL.

at 25, was in command of all the Confederate cavalry in the Shenandoah Valley. He is a Virginian by birth and at fifteen years of age was appointed clerk of court to fill the vacancy caused by the death of his father. He studied law after the war and practiced at Harrisonburg. He has been in the legislature and was for a time county judge. In 1882 he was the Democratic nominee for Congress in the Seventh district and according to the returns he received 11,941 votes as against 12,146 votes for John Paul, the nominee of the Republican Readjuster-Coalition party. He contested upon the ground of fraud and illegal voting, and was seated by the Forty-eighth Congress, May 5, 1884. He was elected to the Forty-ninth and re-elected to the Fiftieth Harrisonburg, Va.; 812 Twelfth street, n. w.

Elections; Mines and Mining, chairman.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Alexandria, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Louisa, Orange, Prince William, and Stafford, and the city of Alexandria.

Cong. Vote, 17,110.
Lee, D., 9,836.
Elain, R., 7,274.

That Rany Lee, the son of Robert E. Lee, should be a member of Congress, speaks libelaries for the American capacity for self-government. Gen. Lee was born at historic Arlington; educated at Harvard; appointed to a Lieutenantcy in the army by Buchanan; accompanied Albert Sydney Johnston in the



W. H. F. LEE.

1863 he was captured and confined in Fort

Utah expedition; and was a Major General of cavalry under his illustrious father. In Lafayette, until exchanged in 1864. He is a farmer.

Burke's Station, Va.; Ebbitt House, District of Columbia; Expenditures in the State Department; Accounts, Luckling, 57.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Bland, Buchanan, Craig, Dickenson, Giles, Lee, Polaski, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, Wise, and Wythe.

Cong. Vote, 23,424.

Bowen, R., 13,497.

Henry, D., 9,927.



H. BOWEN.
Knob, Va.; Metropolitan Hotel.
Private Land Claims.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Alleghany, Amherst, Appomattox, Augusta, Bath, Buckingham, Cumberland, Fluvanna, Highland, Nelson, and Rockbridge, and the city of Staunton.

Cong. Vote, 21,296.

Yost, R., 12,975.

Burgardner, D., 11,321.



TAVOR YOST.
Expenditures on Public Buildings; Alcohol Liqueur Traffic.

WEST VIRGINIA.

THE SENATORS.

Senator

Kenna is the youngest member of the Senate being now in his fortieth year. He was born in Aug. 29th and was but seventeen years old when he laid down his Confederate musket in Louisiana at the close of the war. He worked his way back to West Virginia.



JOHN C. KENNA.

pending one winter doing chores on a farm in Missouri. When he got back in the Kanawha county he took a job and went into the coal mines at \$1.50 a day. He gradually got a

chance to study law and won a brilliant reputation as a pleader. He is fascinated by all sorts of sports and knows where to find the best deer hunting and bass fishing in the Allegheny Mountains. He is, moreover, an amateur photographer.

Charleston, W. Va.; 110 B street, n. e. Commerce; Expenditures of Public Money; Patents; Railroads.



CHARLES J. FAULKNER, children born of slave parents after July 1, 1810, should be free. Had this measure succeeded there would have been no greater name in the history of the anti-slavery struggle.

Senator Faulkner was born in Martinsburg, and is 48 years old. He was a private in the Confederate service, and has been a circuit judge in his state.

Martinsburg, W. Va.; 1309 Fourteenth street, n. w.

Claims; District of Columbia; Mines and Mining; Pensions; Indian Trades.

THE MEMBERS.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties, Berkeley, Brooke, Doddridge, Gilmer, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marshall, Ohio, Tyler and Wetzel.

Cong. Vote, 31,197.

Goff, R., 17,559.

Brannon, D., 16,732.

Peters, Pro., 206.

Goff is the one short word that sums up the best and most complete estimate of Nathan Goff, the Republican member from West Virginia. He was born in the Old Dominion, and stood true to the Union, when the war came. When Sumter was fired on he left Georgetown college to enlist, and at 18 he donned his country's blue. At 21 he was a major and NATHAN GOFF had seen a great deal of hard fighting in Libby Prison, Goff got hold of some law books and began to study. After the war he graduated from the New York University. In January, 1881, he was appointed Secretary of the Navy by President Hayes. In March, 1881, President Garfield appointed him District Attorney for West Virginia, which position he again resigned in 1882. He was the Republican candidate for congress in 1870. In the First West Virginia District, he also in the year 1874 and was the candidate for Governor in 1876 and was defeated.

Charlottesville, W. Va.; Ebbitt House Naval Affairs.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties, Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jefferson, Marion, Mineral, Morgan, Putnam, Pendleton,



Preston, Randolph, Taylor and Tucker.

Cong. Vote, 31,315.

Wilson, D., 17,112.

Pick, R., 17,022.

Sher, Pro., 157.



W. L. WILSON, passed, this circumstance is wholly ornamental so far as Prof. Wilson's district is concerned. He is, doubtless, the most learned representative of the most illiterate constituency in the United States. For several years after the war he was professor in Columbian College.

Charlestown, W. Va.; 1008 N. st., n. w. Ways and Means; Manufactures.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties, Boone, Clay, Fayette, Green, Ider, Kanawha, Logan, Mercer, Monroe, McDowell, Nicholas, Pocahontas, Raleigh, Summers, Upshur, Webster and Wyoming.

Cong. Vote, 29,464.

Snyder, D., 11,906.

Brown, R., 11,011.

Claypool, Pro., 547.

Charles P. HILL

Snyder, of Charlestown, was born in that place in 1874. He is a lawyer, and was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Kanawha County, in 1876, for a term of four years, and re-elected in 1880. He was a Delegate to the Democratic National Conventions in 1872 and 1880, and was elected to the Forty-eighth Congress as a D. P. SNYDER Democrat, at a special election held May 15, 1883, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Kenna, who was chosen to the Senate.

Charlestown, W. Va.; National Hotel Banking and Currency; Rivers and Harbors.



FOURTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Cabell, Calhoun, Jackson, Lincoln, Mason, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Putnam, Wayne, Wirt and Wood.

Cong. Vote, 32,679.

Hogg, D., 16,434.

Hutchinson, R., 15,687.

Smith, Pro., 558.

Mr. Hogg is a West Virginian, 37 years old. He began to practice law in 1875 and for four years thereafter was superintendent of schools in his county. In 1881 he was a Democratic elector. This is his first term.

Charlestown, W. Va.; 801 E. street, n. w.

Public Buildings and Grounds; Revision of the Laws.



C. E. HOGG.

WISCONSIN. THE SENATORS.



PHILETUS SAWYER was to buy his time of his father, paying for it \$100. His father was a farmer and blacksmith, and the son learned to make a plough or shoe a horse as well as his father. He preferred lumbering and in that pursuit in Wisconsin has built up large wealth. He sat in Congress from the Oshkosh district ten years and then declined re-election.

Oshkosh, Wis.; 1829 I street, n. w.
Post-Offices and Post-Roads, chairman;
Commerce; Pensions; Railroads.

JOHN C. SPOONER is one of the young men of the Senate. He is an Indian, forty-seven years old, and has spent most of his life as a hard-working and very successful lawyer. His father was one of the best lawyers in the West, and Senator Spooner inherits an almost coincident genius for the law. He was in the army as soon as he could graduate from the Wisconsin State University and rose to the rank of major. When Gen. Lucius Fairchild was governor of the Badger State, Senator Spooner was his private secretary.

Hudson, Wis.; 5 B street, n. w.
Claims, chairman; District of Columbia; Privileges and Elections; Public Buildings and Grounds; Potomac River Front; Investigate the Operations of the Civil Service.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Counties.—Jefferson, Kenosha, Racine, Rock, and Walworth.
Cong. Vote, 29,409.
Caswell, R., 15,739.
Doellittle, D., 13,166.
Durand, Pro., 2,404.



L. B. CASWELL, long experience in public life, as District Attorney, State Legislator and Congressman. He has

The leader of the Badger delegation in the House is Lucien Bonaparte Caswell. He has been in Wisconsin over fifty years, having gone there from Vermont when he was ten years old. He studied law with Matt Carpenter and was educated at Beloit College, Wisconsin. Caswell has had a

had a seat in the National Legislature for eleven years.

Fort Atkinson, Wis.; 806 Twelfth street, n. w.
Judiciary.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Counties.—Dodge, Fond du Lac, Washington, and Waukesha.
Cong. Vote, 27,578.
Guenther, R., 15,366.
Delaney, D., 11,138.
Ingersoll, Pro., 1,074.



R. GUENTHER is the itinerant member, is the lucky man of them all. He was born with a silver spoon in his mouth in Potsdam, Prussia, forty-three years ago, and has been successful ever since. He lives in Oshkosh, and represents General Bragg's second district. He studied pharmaceuticals in the Royal Pharmacy at Potsdam, and was keeping a drug store in 1876, when he first went into politics and was elected State Treasurer. He was re-elected and then sent to Congress where he has served seven years.

Oshkosh, Wis.; 946 New York ave.
Post-Offices, and Post-Roads.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Counties.—Dane, Grant, Green, Iowa, and La Fayette.
Cong. Vote, 33,170.
La Follette, R., 16,711.
Gallagher, D., 13,201.
Richmond, Pro., 3,258.

Robert M. La Follette, was born thirty-three years ago, in the town of Pelmore, Dane County, Wisconsin. His wife was born near by, and the log houses where each first saw the light are still standing. Mr. La Follette graduated at the University of Wisconsin in 1879, before that having won his R. M. LA FOLLETTE, tinctor to the successful orator in a contest to which the colleges of six Western States sent representatives. He was district-attorney two terms, and is on his second term in Congress. He has made some most effective speeches during his two terms.

Madison, Wis.; 810 Twelfth street, Indian Affairs.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

County.—Milwaukee.
Cong. Vote, 31,420.
Smith, Labor, 13,355.
Brown, R., 9,645.
Black, D., 8,233.
Trask, Pro., 187.



HENRY SMITH.

Henry Smith, of Milwaukee, is a sort of man without a country in this Fiftieth Congress. He was elected by the Knights of Labor, or as he calls them, the Labor party. Accordingly, Mr. Smith goes into neither Republican nor Democratic party caucuses, but treads the cold and narrow path between the two that just at present seems to lead nowhere in particular. Henry Smith is an amazingly good fellow.

Indian Affairs; Expenditures in the Interior Department.

Milwaukee, Wis.; 130 Maryland ave., Manufactures; Patents.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Brown, Calumet, Kewaunee, Manitowish, Ozaukee, and Sheboygan.
Cong. Vote, 25,881.
Hudd, D., 15,716.
Keuserman, R., 10,168.



T. R. HUDD. Tom Hudd is the familiar name of the Green Bay Congressman. In the Thirties he was born in Buffalo, New York, and he is slightly the senior of that other foremost Buffalo Democrat who writes pension vetoes at the White House, and goes out riding with Mrs. Cleveland every afternoon. Mr. Hudd has lived in Wisconsin since 1853.

Green Bay, Wis.; 1619 13th st. n. w.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Adams, Columbia, Green, Lake Marquette, Outagamie, Waushara and Winnebago.
Cong. Vote, 29,270.
Clark, R., 15,983.
Haben, D., 11,526.
Kanouse, Pro., 1,761.

Clark, of the populous manufacturing district including Oshkosh, Neenah and Menasha, is a prosperous paper manufacturer. He was elected to Congress against his will, and would be happy as a lark if he could resign with any sort of dignity and go back to the mills. He was born in New York in 1844, and is forty-four years old. Neenah, Wis.; 1216 G street, n. w.
Merchant Marine and Fisheries.



C. B. CLARK.

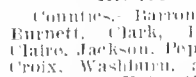
Counties.—Crawford, Juneau, La Crosse, Monroe, Richland, Sauk, and Vernon.
Cong. Vote, 30,812.
Thomas, R., 16,720.
Dickenson, D., 11,917.
Loomis, Pro., 2,175.

Thomas, the Prairie du Chien member, never gets on a street-car unless one of the horses is white. Mr. Thomas says this peculiar habit has a tendency to keep his hair cool. Like Senator Sawyer, he was born in Vermont. He is fifty-six years old, and since 1836 has lived in the Badger State. He has served in the army, climbed the political ladder, office over office, and is on his second term in Congress.

Prairie du Chien, Wis.; 513 A st., s. e.
War Claims; Private Land Claims.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Counties.—Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Clark, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Jackson, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Saint Croix, Washburn, and Trempealeau.
Cong. Vote, 17,582.
Haugen, R., 8,159.
Truax, Pro., 2,620.
Johnson, D., 6,803.



O. B. THOMAS.



N. P. HAUGEN.
River Falls, Wis.; 1121 First St. n. w.
Labor; Ventilation and Acoustics.

To hear his colleagues speak of him you would think Haugen, the Norsk member, was a Celt. They call him Haugan. He is six feet tall, and weighs 200 pounds. As there are 10,000 Norwegians in Mr. Haugen's district he is practically a life member. Mr. Haugen is a well educated and talented man. His district is mainly populated by pine barons.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Counties, Ashland, Chippewa, Iron, Florence, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Marinette, Oconto, Portage, Price, Sawyer, Shawano, Taylor, Waupaca, and Wood.
Cong. Vote, 40,281.
Stephenson, R., 22,518.
Ringle, D., 17,763.



I. STEPHENSON.
He is serving out his third term and is likely to be an inmate of the House as long as he will consent to be re-elected.
Marquette, Wis.; 1320 F. street, n. w.
Rivers and Harbors.

THE TERRITORIES.

ARIZONA.

Cong. Vote, 10,827.
Smith, D., 6,355.
Bean, R., 4,472.



M. A. SMITH.
When Mr. Marcus A. Smith came to Washington to take his seat in the Fifty-ninth Congress, there was a good deal of solicitude felt among Democratic members. His predecessor Mr. Bean was thoroughly civilized, but in Mr. Smith's case no such presumption had been established. There was no little trepidation when Mr. Smith's name was called at the choosing of seats. For Congressmen are a little particular about their neighbors, especially if they are supposed to wear cowboy hats and a brace of revolvers at their belt. Mr. Smith was a cheerful and reassuring disappointment. He is in fact a very hands-on and good natured young man, neither wearing a cowboy hat nor any weapons more formidable than a spit tooth pick. Mr. Smith was born near Cynthia, Kentucky, as recently as 1872. He taught school and graduated from Lexington Law School with first honors. He has practiced at Lexington, San Francisco and Tombstone. Mines and Mining, Private Land Claim.
Tombstone, Arizona; 717 Fourteenth street, n. w.

IDAHIO.

Cong. Vote, 101,811.
Gifford, R., 66,932.
Day, D., 37,879.



O. S. GIFFORD.
He served in the Union Army as private. The Judge is a genial companionable gentleman and a hard worker.
Canton, Dak.; 1103 G. street n. w.
Indian Affairs.

IDAHIO.

Cong. Vote, 15,258.
Dubois, R. and Anti-Mormon, 7,812.
Bailey, D., 7,446.



L. T. DUBOIS.
Commissioners of Illinois in 1875-76. In 1880 he went to Idaho Territory, and engaged in business. He was United States Marshal of the Territory from 1882, till 1886, and was elected to the Fifty-fifth Congress. Mr. Dubois was in the class of '72 at Yale, and is 37 years old.
Blackfoot, Idaho; 1230 Thirteenth st., Agriculture.

MONTANA.

Cong. Vote, 32,262.
Toole, D., 17,999.
Sanders, R., 14,272.

The vast territory of Montana with her boundless resources in mines, grazing and agricultural lands, is represented in the Fifty-fifth Congress, by Major Toole, a tall hand some Kentuckian 37 years old. He was educated at the Western Military Academy at New Castle, Kentucky. J. K. TOOLE.
of which Gen. Kirby Smith was principal.
Helena, Mont.; 1529 I. street, n. w.
Coinage, Weights, and Measures.

NEW MEXICO.

Cong. Vote, 28,582.
Joseph, D., 16,235.
Dwyer, R., 12,347.

A fine Castilian face and complexion mark the delegate from New Mexico to be something more and different from the average American. He was born at Taos, New Mexico, in 1840; received



A. JOSEPH.

Judge Gifford represents more population than any other man ever did in the Congress of the United States. Six hundred thousand people express their voice, if not their will through his presence in the House where he may be heard, but cannot vote.

his early education at Lux's Academy in Taos, and attended Bishop Lammy's school in Santa Fe, New Mexico, Ojo Caliente, N. Mex.; 1343 L. st. Territories.

UTAH.

Cong. Vote, 25,293.
Caine, Mormon, 22,483.
Feiry, Liberal, 2,810.



J. T. CAINE.
Mr. Caine is a native of the Isle of Man, emigrated to the United States in 1846. He lived in New York City and Saint Louis till 1862, when he crossed the plains and settled in Utah. In 1870, with two associates, he founded The Salt Lake Herald, and in politics he is a Democrat. He entered Congress in 1881. Mr. Caine is a tall light complexioned man of vigorous habit and decided character. He is an earnest and convincing speaker and wields a good deal of influence. Mr. Caine is 50 years old.
Salt Lake City, Utah; 11 Grant Place.
Post Office and Post Roads.

WASHINGTON.

Cong. Vote, 47,227.
Voorhees, D., 23,272.
Bradshaw, R., 21,080.
Newell, Pro., 2,875.



C. S. VOORHEES.
It is not often that father and son sit in the same Congress as Senator Voorhees of Indiana, and his son Charles, of Washington Territory, have in the Forty-ninth and Fifty-fifth Congresses. Young Voorhees set out in life thinking he was born for the stage. He attained Hamlet, and was with John McCullough's company until John told him he would never become a great actor, when he quit the stage, married and went to Washington Territory to be elected to Congress. Mr. Voorhees is a worker and a good speaker. He is a Georgetown College man of the class of 1873.

Coffax, Washington Territory; 1633 I. street, n. w.
Public Lands.

WYOMING.

Cong. Vote, 9,377.
Carey, R., 8,239.
Scatterling, 4,118.

A big man looking a good deal like President Garfield represents Wyoming Territory, on the floor of the House. It is Joseph M. Carey, a strong influential delegate. For a man who has no vote, Judge Carey accomplishes a great deal for his people. He is interested keenly in land and railroad legislation and J. M. CAREY.
looks out for his territory in these matters as ably as any man could.
Cheyenne, Wyo.; 1406 L. street, n. w.
Military Affairs.



